BL631-D

System Board
User's Manual

935-BL6311-000G
A10410953

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FCC and DOC Statement on Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio TV technician for help.

Notice:

1. The changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

2. Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with the emission limits.

Table of Contents

About this Manual..... 5
Warranty..... 5
Static Electricity Precaution..... 6
Safety Measures..... 6
About the Package..... 7
Before Using the System Board..... 7

Chapter 1 - Introduction..... 8
- Specifications..... 8
- Features..... 10

Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation..... 14
- System Board Layout 14
- System Memory..... 15
- CPU..... 19
- Jumper Settings..... 24
- Rear Panel I/O Ports..... 29
- I/O Connectors..... 39

Chapter 3 - BIOS Setup..... 59
- Award BIOS Setup Utility..... 59
- Updating the BIOS..... 100

Chapter 4 - Supported Softwares..... 102
- Drivers, Utilities and Software Applications..... 102
- Installation Notes..... 114

Appendix A - Watchdog Timer..... 115
Appendix B - System Error Messages..... 117
Appendix C - Troubleshooting..... 119

About this Manual

An electronic file of this manual is included in the CD. To view the user's manual in the CD, insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Main Board Utility CD) will appear. Click "User's Manual" on the main menu.

Warranty

1. Warranty does not cover damages or failures that arised from misuse of the product, inability to use the product, unauthorized replacement or alteration of components and product specifications.

2. The warranty is void if the product has been subjected to physical abuse, improper installation, modification, accidents or unauthorized repair of the product.

3. Unless otherwise instructed in this user's manual, the user may not, under any circumstances, attempt to perform service, adjustments or repairs on the product, whether in or out of warranty. It must be returned to the purchase point, factory or authorized service agency for all such work.

4. We will not be liable for any indirect, special, incidental or consequencial damages to the product that has been modified or altered.

Static Electricity Precautions

It is quite easy to inadvertently damage your PC, system board, components or devices even before installing them in your system unit. Static electrical discharge can damage computer components without causing any signs of physical damage. You must take extra care in handling them to ensure against electrostatic build-up.

1. To prevent electrostatic build-up, leave the system board in its anti-static bag until you are ready to install it.
2. Wear an antistatic wrist strap.
3. Do all preparation work on a static-free surface.
4. Hold the device only by its edges. Be careful not to touch any of the components, contacts or connections.
5. Avoid touching the pins or contacts on all modules and connectors. Hold modules or connectors by their ends.

Important:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your processor, disk drive and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

Safety Measures

To avoid damage to the system:

- Use the correct AC input voltage range.

To reduce the risk of electric shock:

- Unplug the power cord before removing the system chassis cover for installation or servicing. After installation or servicing, cover the system chassis before plugging the power cord.

Battery:

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

About the Package

The system board package contains the following items. If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your dealer or sales representative for assistance.

- ☑ The system board
- ☑ A user's manual
- ☑ One IDE cable
- ☑ Two USB port cables
- ☑ Two Serial ATA data cables
- ☑ Two Serial ATA power cables
- ☑ One bracket mounted with a COM port
- ☑ One "Main Board Utility" CD
- ☑ One I/O shield
- ☑ One QR (Quick Reference)

The system board and accessories in the package may not come similar to the information listed above. This may differ in accordance to the sales region or models in which it was sold. For more information about the standard package in your region, please contact your dealer or sales representative.

Before Using the System Board

Before using the system board, prepare basic system components.

If you are installing the system board in a new system, you will need at least the following internal components.

- A CPU
- Memory module
- Storage devices such as hard disk drive, CD-ROM, etc.

You will also need external system peripherals you intend to use which will normally include at least a keyboard, a mouse and a video display monitor.

Chapter 1 - Introduction

Specifications

Processor	• LGA 775 socket for: - Intel® Core™2 Quad / Intel® Core™2 Duo - Intel® Wolfdale 45nm processors • Supports Intel Enhanced Memory 64 Technology (EMT64T) • Supports Enhanced Intel SpeedStep Technology (EIST) • 1333*/1066/800MHz FSB *Available on CPUs that support 1333MHz FSB
Chipset	• Intel® chipset - Intel® Q35 Express chipset Intel® ICH9 I/O Controller Hub
System Memory	• Four 240-pin DDR2 DIMM sockets • Supports dual channel (128-bit wide) memory interface • Supports 667MHz and 800MHz DDR2 SDRAM • Supports maximum of 8GB system memory using 512Mbit or 1Gbit technology for x8 and x16 devices *ECC DDR2 DIMMs are not supported
BIOS	• Award BIOS • 8Mbit flash memory
Energy Efficient Design	• Supports ACPI specification and OS Directed Power Management • Supports ACPI STR (Suspend to RAM) function • Wake-On-Events include: - Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse - Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse - Wake-On-LAN - Wake-On-Ring - RTC timer to power-on the system • System power management supported • Microsoft®/Intel®APM 1.2 compliant • Soft Power supported - ACPI v1.0a specification • AC power failure recovery
Damage Free Intelligence	• Monitors CPU/system/AUX temperature and overheat alarm • Monitors CPU(V)/5V/1.5V/dimm(V)/12V/VBAT(V)/3.3V/V3.3sb(V) voltages and failure alarm • Monitors CPU/system/2nd fan speed and failure alarm • Read back capability that displays temperature, voltage and fan speed • Watchdog timer function
Audio	• Realtek ALC885 8-channel HD Audio Codec • High-performance DACs with 106dB dynamic range (A-Weight), ADCs with 101dB dynamic range (A-Weight)

Graphics	• Integrated Intel GMA3100 - Up to 384MB maximum video memory - 2048x1536 at 75 Hz maximum resolution - Supports DVI port through Serial Digital Video Out (SDVO) interface - Dual screen display through CRT and DVI-I (DVI-D signal only) ports
LAN	• Two Realtek RTL8111B PCI Express Gigabit controllers • Supports 10Mbps, 100Mbps and 1Gbps data transmission • IEEE 802.3 (10/100Mbps) and IEEE 802.3ab (1Gbps) compliant
Serial ATA	• Supports Serial ATA interfaces which are compliant with SATA 1.0 specification • Supports up to 4 SATA devices • SATA speed up to 3Gb/s
IDE	• JMicron JMB368 PCI Express to PATA host controller • Supports up to 2 UltraDMA 33/66/100Mbps IDE devices
Rear Panel I/O Ports	• 1 mini-DIN-6 PS/2 mouse port • 1 mini-DIN-6 PS/2 keyboard port • 1 DB-15 VGA port • 1 DVI-I port (DVI-D signal only) • 2 RJ45 LAN ports • 6 USB 2.0/1.1 ports • Center/subwoofer, rear R/L, side R/L, line-in, line-out (front R/L) and mic-in jacks
I/O Connectors	• 3 connectors for 6 additional external USB 2.0/1.1 ports • 2 connectors for 2 external serial ports • 1 DIO connector • 1 parallel connector • 1 front audio connector for line-out and mic-in jacks • 1 CD-in internal audio connector • 1 S/PDIF-in/out connector • 1 connector for IrDA interface • 4 Serial ATA connectors • 1 40-pin IDE connector • 1 floppy connector • 1 24-pin ATX power connector • 1 8-pin 12V power connector • 1 chassis open connector • 1 front panel connector • 3 fan connectors
Expansion Slots	• 1 PCI Express x16 slot • 2 PCI Express x1 slots • 3 PCI slots
Temperature	• 0°C to 60°C
Humidity	• 10% to 90%
PCB	• 4 layers, ATX form factor • 30.5cm (12") x 24.4cm (9.6")

Features

WATCHDOG TIMER The Watchdog Timer function allows your application to regularly "clear" the system at the set time interval. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

DDR2 DDR2 is a higher performance DDR technology whose data transfer rate delivers bandwidth of 4.3 GB per second and beyond. That is twice the speed of the conventional DDR without increasing its power consumption. DDR2 SDRAM modules work at 1.8V supply compared to 2.6V memory voltage for DDR modules. DDR2 also incorporates new innovations such as the On-Die Termination (ODT) as well as larger 4-bit prefetch against DDR which fetches 2 bits per clock cycle.

GRAPHICS The graphics flexibility of the built-in Intel GMA3100 delivers exceptional 3D graphics performance. It supports analog CRT and DVI-I interfaces.

DVI DVI (Digital Visual Interface) is a form of video interface technology made to maximize the quality of flat panel LCD monitors and modern video graphics cards. Data is transmitted using the TMDS (Transition Minimized Differential Signaling) protocol, providing a digital signal from the PC's graphics subsystem to the display.

7.1 + 2 CHANNEL AUDIO The onboard Realtek ALC885 is a High Definition audio codec and the 6 audio jacks at the rear I/O panel provides 8-channel audio output for advanced 7.1-channel super surround sound audio system. ALC885 also supports S/PDIF output, allowing digital connections with DVD systems or other audio/video multimedia.

S/PDIF S/PDIF is a standard audio file transfer format that transfers digital audio signals to a device without having to be converted first to an analog format. This prevents the quality of the audio signal from degrading whenever it is converted to analog. S/PDIF is usually found on digital audio equipment such as a DAT machine or audio processing device. The S/PDIF connector on the system board sends surround sound and 3D audio signal outputs to amplifiers and speakers and to digital recording devices like CD recorders.

IDE The JMicron JMB368 chip supports up to two UltraDMA 100Mbps IDE devices.

SERIAL ATA Serial ATA is a storage interface that is compliant with SATA 1.0 specification. With speed of up to 3Gbps, it improves hard drive performance faster than the standard parallel ATA whose data transfer rate is 100MB/s.

GIGABIT LAN The two Realtek PCI Express Gigabit LAN controllers support up to 1Gbps data transmission.

IRDA The system board is equipped with an IrDA connector for wireless connectivity between your computer and peripheral devices. The IRDA (Infrared Data Association) specification supports data transfers of 115K baud at a distance of 1 meter.

USB The system board supports USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 ports. USB 1.1 supports 12Mb/second bandwidth while USB 2.0 supports 480Mb/second bandwidth providing a marked improvement in device transfer speeds between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

PCI EXPRESS PCI Express is a high bandwidth I/O infrastructure that possesses the ability to scale speeds by forming multiple lanes. The system board currently supports the physical layer of x1 and x16 lane widths.

The x1 PCI Express lane supports transfer rate of 2.5 Gigabytes (250MBbps) per second. The PCI Express architecture also provides a high performance graphics infrastructure by enhancing the capability of a x16 PCI Express lane to provide 4 Gigabytes per second transfer rate.

WAKE-ON-RING This feature allows the system that is in the Suspend mode or Soft Power Off mode to wake-up/power-on to respond to calls coming from an external modem or respond to calls from a modem PCI card that uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal to remotely wake up the PC.

Important:
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

WAKE-ON-LAN This feature allows the network to remotely wake up a Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC. It is supported via the onboard LAN port or via a PCI LAN card that uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal. However, if your system is in the Suspend mode, you can power-on the system only through an IRQ or DMA interrupt.

Important:
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

WAKE-ON-PS/2 This function allows you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to power-on the system.

Important:
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

WAKE-ON-USB This function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state.

Important:
If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥1.5A. For 3 or more USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥2A.

RTC TIMER The RTC installed on the system board allows your system to automatically power-on on the set date and time.

ACPI STR The system board is designed to meet the ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface) specification. ACPI has energy saving features that enables PCs to implement Power Management and Plug-and-Play with operating systems that support OS Direct Power Management. Currently, only Windows® 2000/XP supports the ACPI function. ACPI when enabled in the Power Management Setup will allow you to use the Suspend to RAM function.

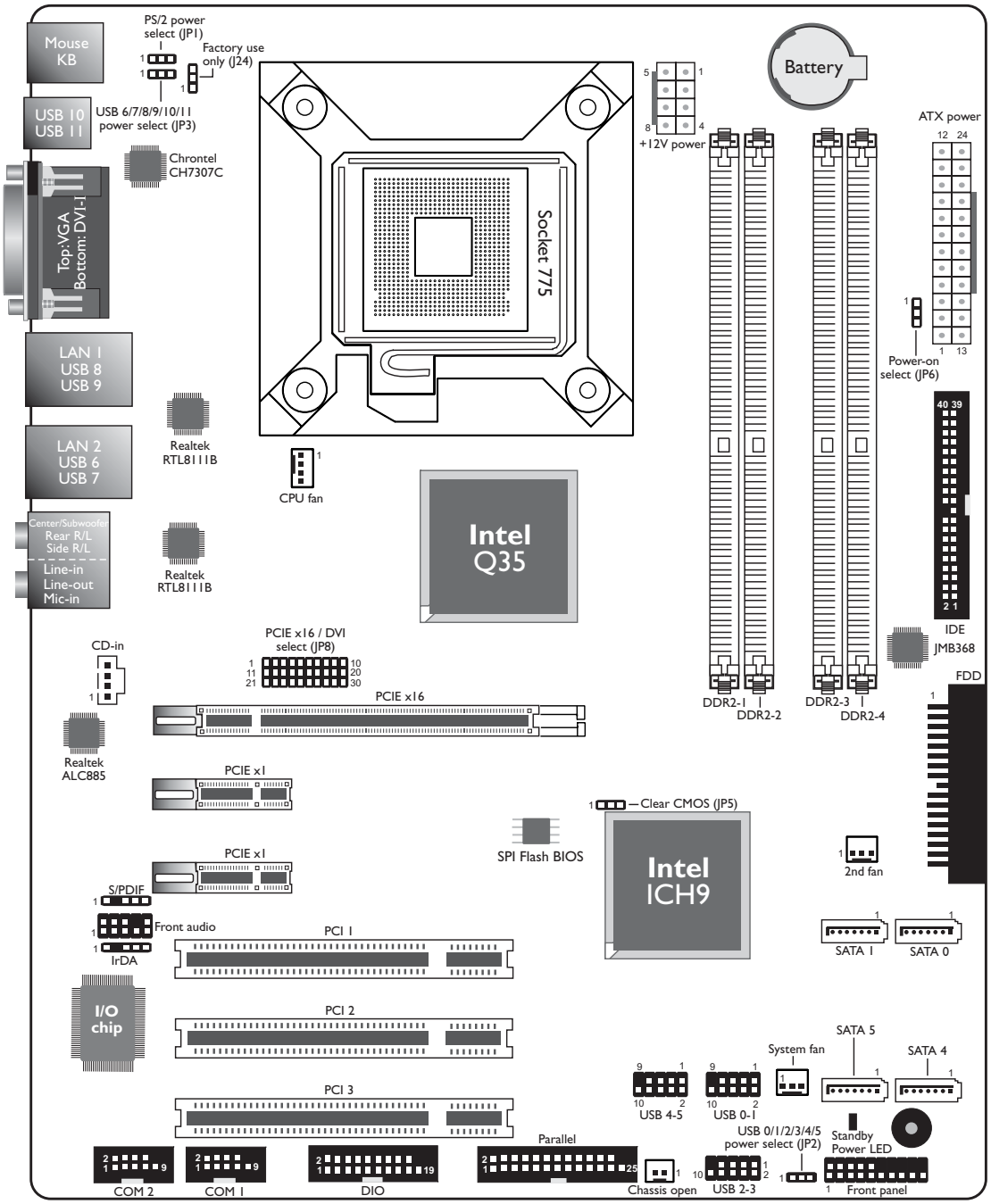
With the Suspend to RAM function enabled, you can power-off the system at once by pressing the power button or selecting "Standby" when you shut down Windows® 2000/XP without having to go through the sometimes tiresome process of closing files, applications and operating system. This is because the system is capable of storing all programs and data files during the entire operating session into RAM (Random Access Memory) when it powers-off. The operating session will resume exactly where you left off the next time you power-on the system.

Important:
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

POWER FAILURE RECOVERY When power returns after an AC power failure, you may choose to either power-on the system manually or let the system power-on automatically.

Chapter 2 - Hardware Installation

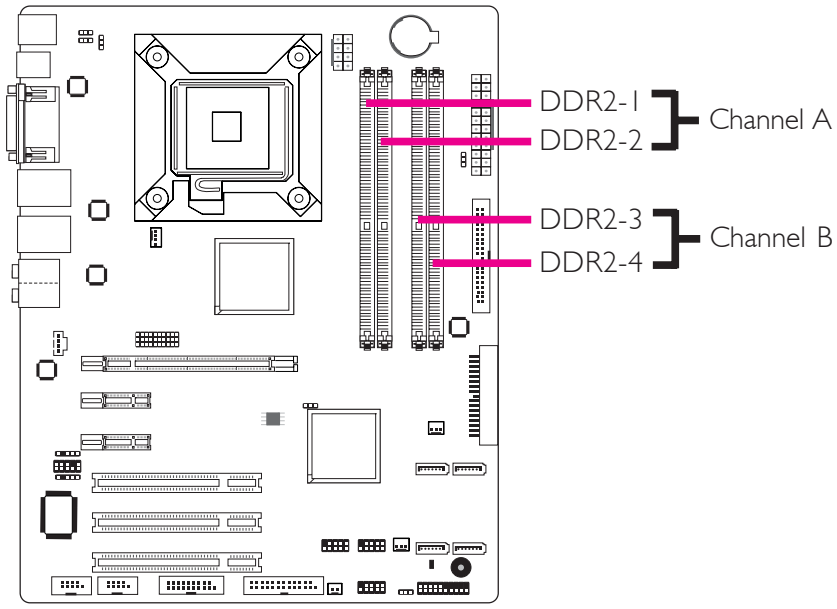
System Board Layout



Warning:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage your system board, processor, disk drives, add-in boards, and other components. Perform the upgrade instruction procedures described at an ESD workstation only. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the system chassis. If a wrist strap is unavailable, establish and maintain contact with the system chassis throughout any procedures requiring ESD protection.

System Memory



The system board supports 240-pin DDR2 DIMM sockets. The four DDR2 DIMM sockets on the system board are divided into 2 channels:

Channel A - DDR2-1 and DDR2-2
Channel B - DDR2-3 and DDR2-4

The system board supports the following memory interface.

Single Channel (SC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 64 bits (8B) from the memory channels.

Dual Channel (DC)

Data will be accessed in chunks of 128 bits from the memory channels. Dual channel provides better system performance because it doubles the data transfer rate.

Single Channel	• DIMMs are on the same channel. • DIMMs in a channel can be identical or completely different. However, we highly recommend using identical DIMMs. • Not all slots need to be populated.
Dual Channel	• DIMMs of the same memory configuration are on different channels.

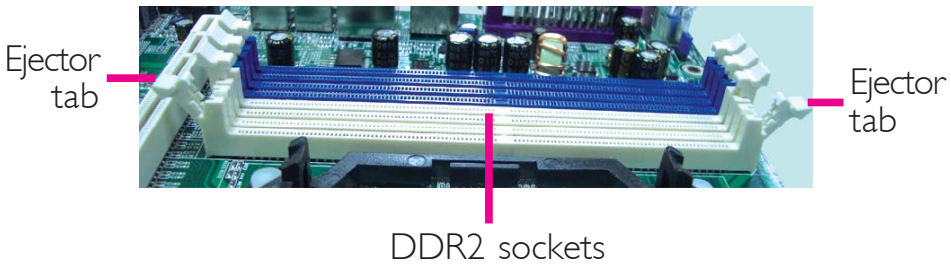
BIOS Setting

Configure the system memory in the Advanced Chipset Features submenu of the BIOS.

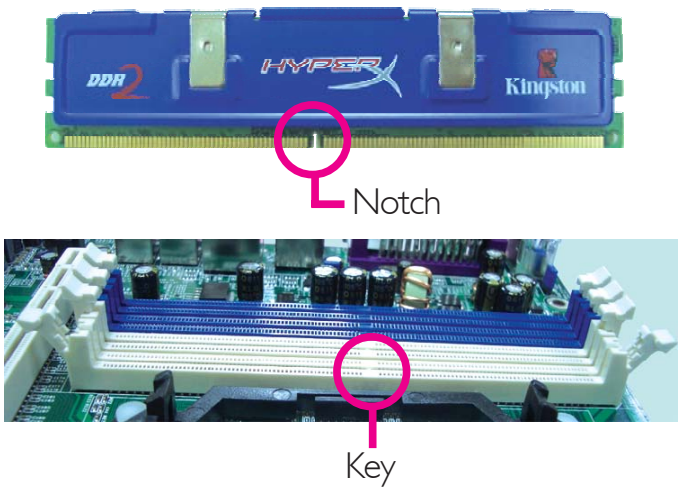
Installing a DIMM

Note:
The system board used in the following illustrations may not resemble the actual board. These illustrations are for reference only.

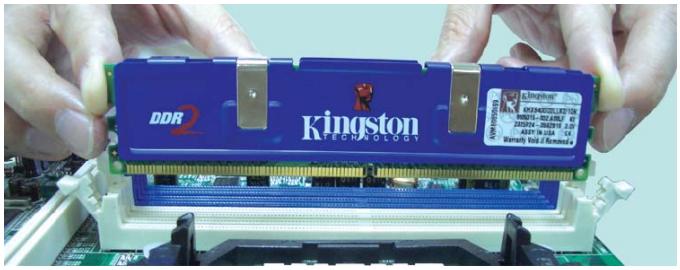
1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.
2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.
3. Locate the DDR2 socket on the system board.
4. Push the "ejector tabs" which are at the ends of the socket to the side.



5. Note how the module is keyed to the socket.



6. Grasping the module by its edges, position the module above the socket with the "notch" in the module aligned with the "key" on the socket. The keying mechanism ensures the module can be plugged into the socket in only one way.



7. Seat the module vertically, pressing it down firmly until it is completely seated in the socket.

8. The ejector tabs at the ends of the socket will automatically snap into the locked position to hold the module in place.

CPU

Overview

The system board is equipped with a surface mount LGA 775 socket. This socket is exclusively designed for installing a LGA 775 packaged Intel CPU.

Important:

1. Before you proceed, make sure (1) the LGA775 socket comes with a protective cap, (2) the cap is not damaged and (3) the socket's contact pins are not bent. If the cap is missing or the cap and/or contact pins are damaged, contact your dealer immediately.

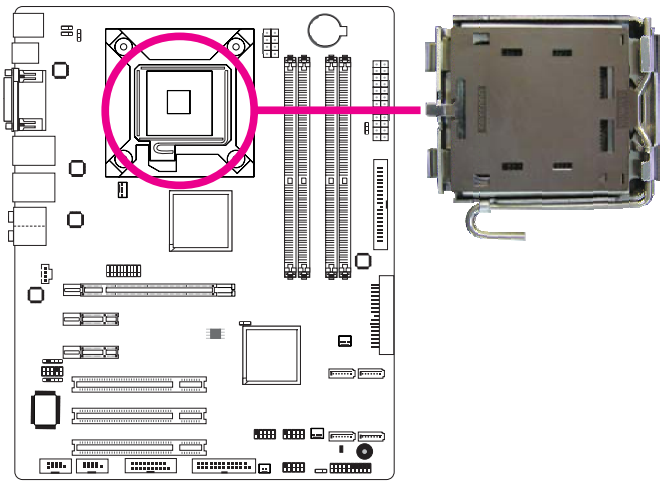
2. Make sure to keep the protective cap. RMA requests will be accepted and processed only if the LGA775 socket comes with the protective cap.

Installing the CPU

1. Make sure the PC and all other peripheral devices connected to it has been powered down.

2. Disconnect all power cords and cables.

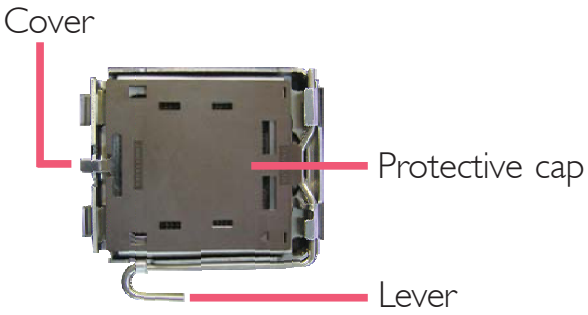
3. Locate the LGA 775 CPU socket on the system board.



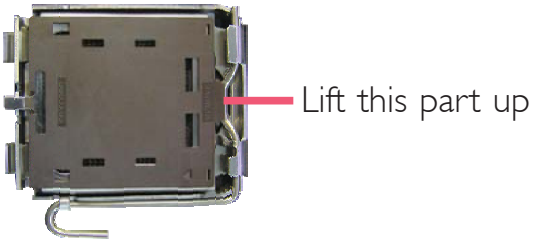
Important:

The CPU socket must not come in contact with anything other than the CPU. Avoid unnecessary exposure. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.

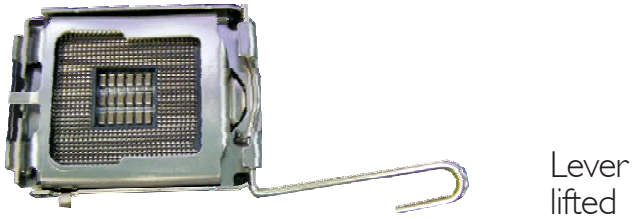
4. The CPU socket comes with a cover that is attached with a removable protective cap. The cap is used to protect the CPU socket against dust and harmful particles. Remove the protective cap only when you are about to install the CPU.



5. Lift the protective cap from the location pointed below to detach the cap from the cover.

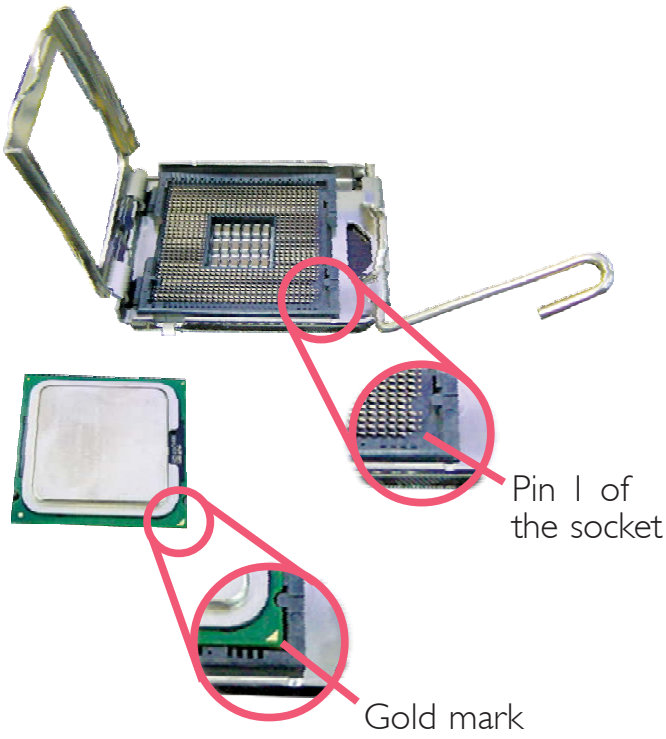


6. Unlock the socket by pushing the lever down, moving it away from the side tab of the socket, then lifting it up.



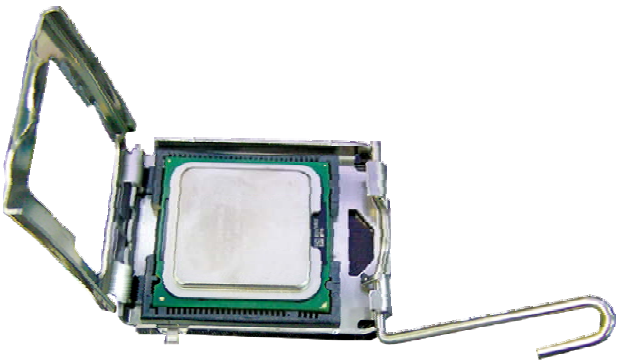
8. Position the CPU above the socket. The gold mark on the CPU must align with pin 1 of the CPU socket.

Important:
Handle the CPU by its edges and avoid touching the pins.

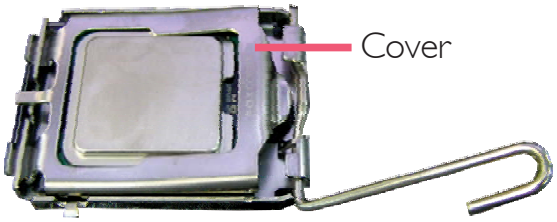


9. Insert the CPU into the socket until it is seated in place. The CPU will fit in only one orientation and can easily be inserted without exerting any force.

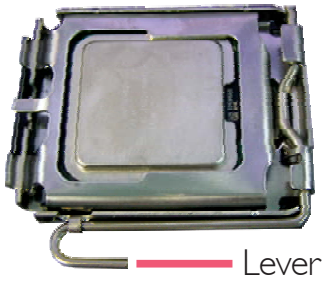
Important:
Do not force the CPU into the socket. Forcing the CPU into the socket may bend the pins and damage the CPU.



10. Once the CPU is in place, move the cover down.



11. Push the lever down to lock the socket. The lever should hook onto the side tab to indicate that the CPU is completely secured in the socket.



Installing the Fan and Heat Sink

The CPU must be kept cool by using a CPU fan with heat sink. Without sufficient air circulation across the CPU and heat sink, the CPU will overheat damaging both the CPU and system board.

Note:

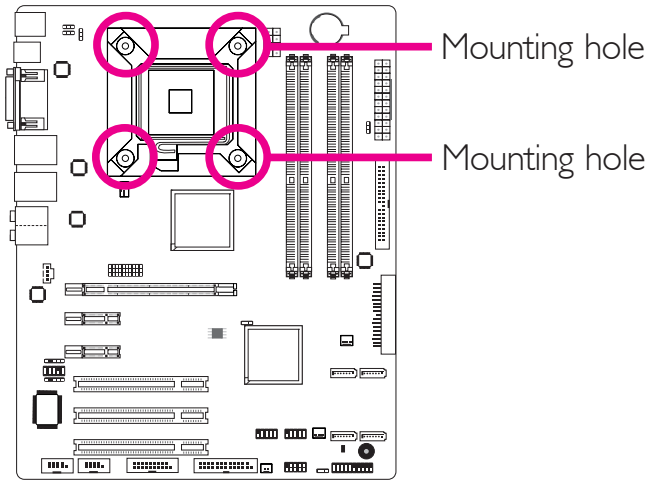
- *Use only certified fan and heat sink.*
- *The fan and heat sink package usually contains the fan and heat sink assembly, and an installation guide. If the installation procedure in the installation guide differs from the one in this section, please follow the installation guide in the package.*

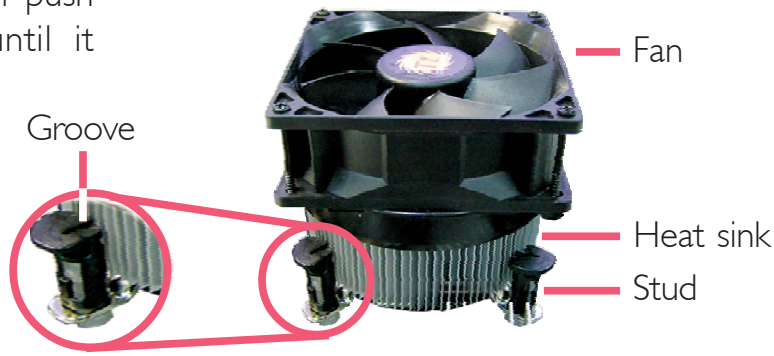
1. Before you install the fan / heat sink, you must apply a thermal paste onto the top of the CPU. The thermal paste is usually supplied when you purchase the CPU or fan heat sink assembly. Do not spread the paste all over the surface. When you later place the heat sink on top of the CPU, the compound will disperse evenly.

   Do not apply the paste if the fan / heat sink already has a patch of thermal paste on its underside. Peel the strip that covers the paste before you place the fan / heat sink on top of the CPU.

2. Place the heat sink on top of the CPU. The 4 studs around the heat sink which are used to secure the heat sink onto the system board must match the 4 mounting holes around the socket.

   Position each stud so that the groove faces the heat sink then push it down firmly until it clicks into place.



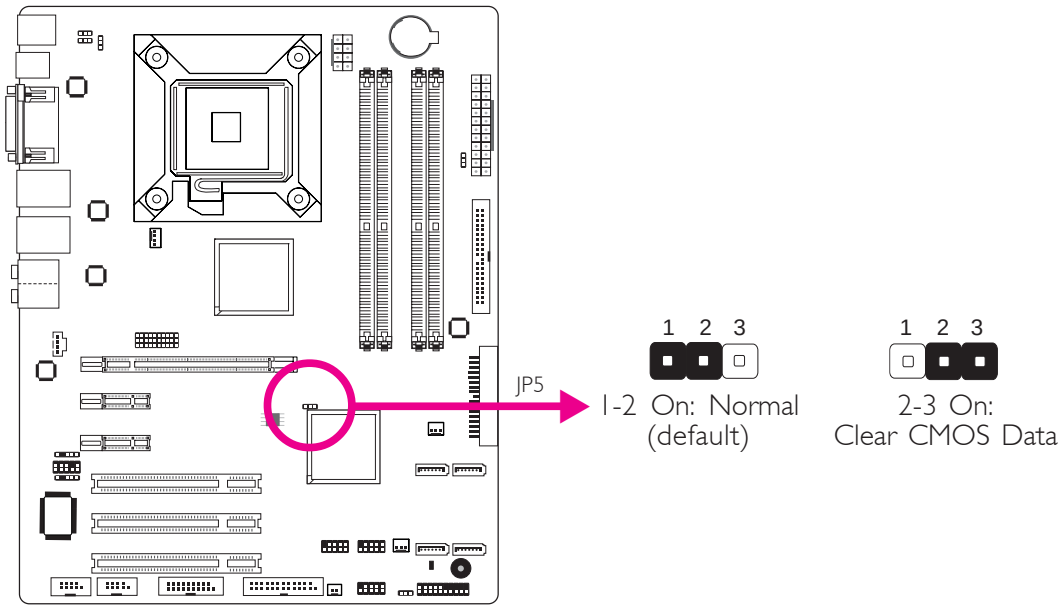


Note:
You will not be able to secure the fan and heat sink assembly in place if the groove is not facing the heat sink.

3. Connect the CPU fan's cable connector to the CPU fan connector on the system board.

Jumper Settings

Clear CMOS Data



If you encounter the following,

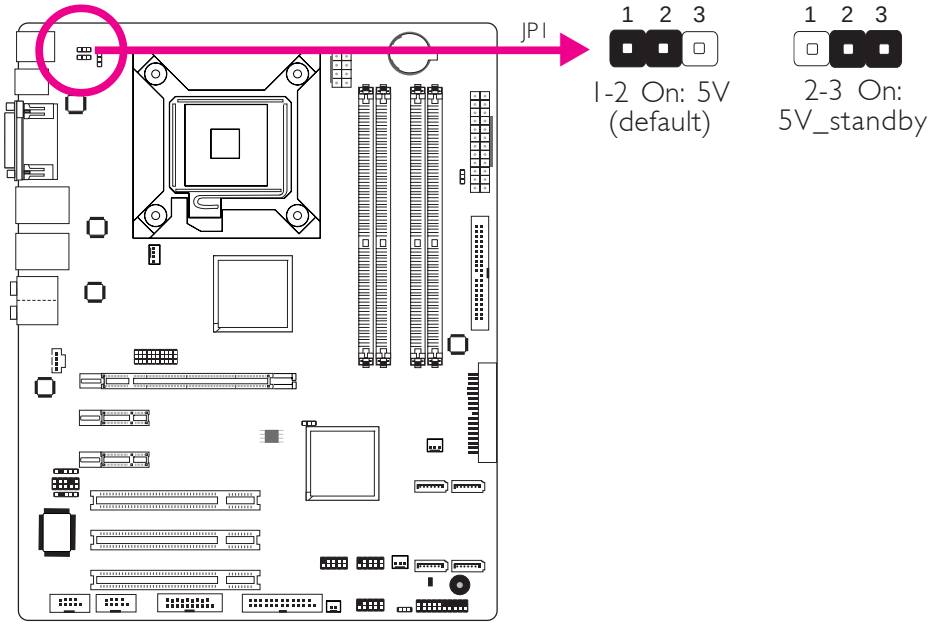
a) CMOS data becomes corrupted.
b) You forgot the supervisor or user password.

you can reconfigure the system with the default values stored in the ROM BIOS.

To load the default values stored in the ROM BIOS, please follow the steps below.

1. Power-off the system and unplug the power cord.
2. Set JP5 pins 2 and 3 to On. Wait for a few seconds and set JP5 back to its default setting, pins 1 and 2 On.
3. Now plug the power cord and power-on the system.

PS/2 Power Select



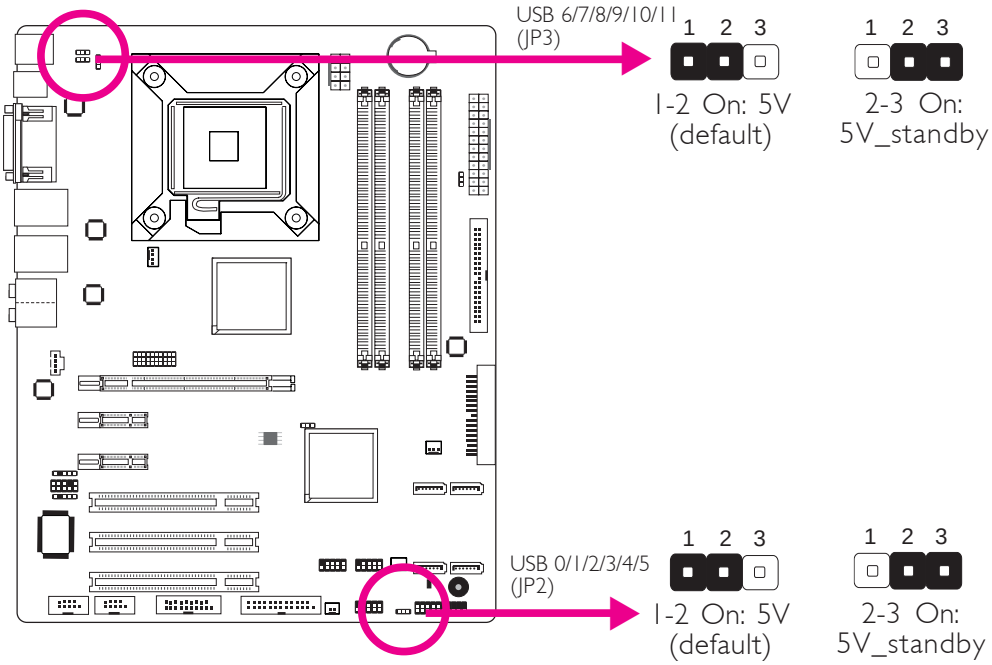
JP1 is used to select the power of the PS/2 keyboard/mouse port. Selecting 5V_standby will allow you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to wake up the system.

BIOS Setting

Configure the PS/2 keyboard/mouse wake up function in the Integrated Peripherals submenu ("Super IO Device" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Important:
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

USB Power Select



JP2 and JP3 are used to select the power of the USB ports. Selecting 5V_standby will allow you to use the USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up the system.

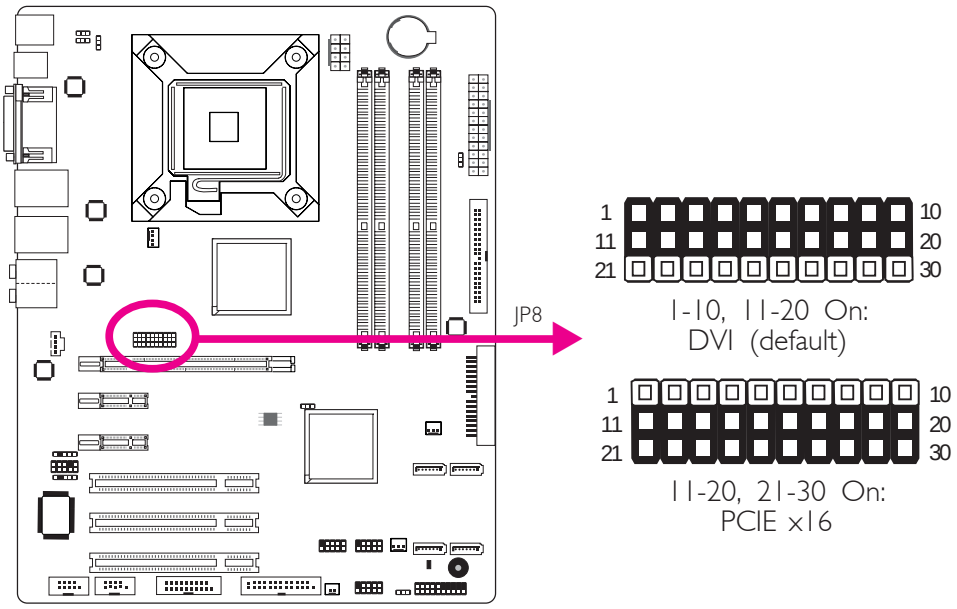
BIOS Setting

"USB KB Wake-Up From S3" in the Power Management Setup submenu of the BIOS must be set to Enabled. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Important:

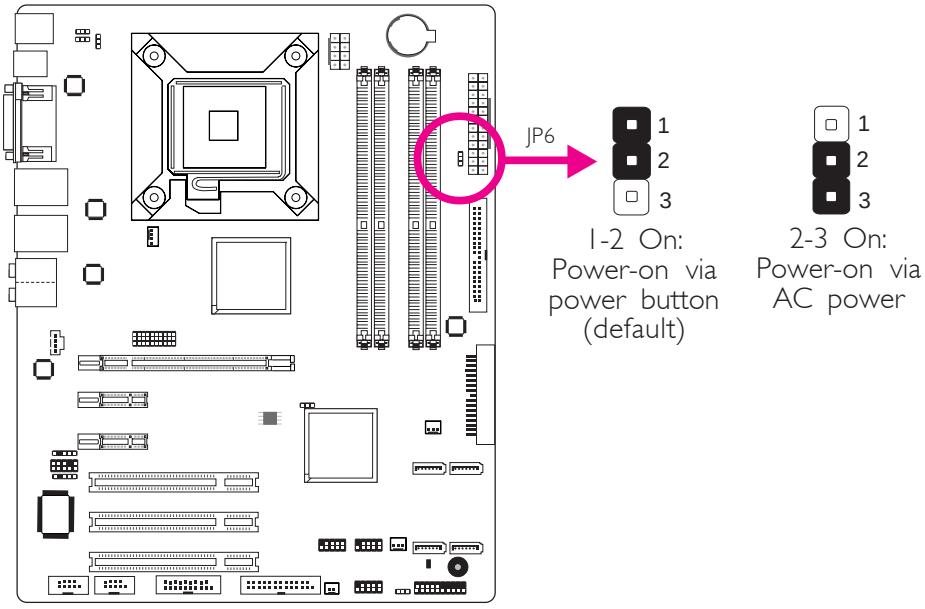
If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥1.5A. For 3 or more USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥2A.

PCIE x16 / DVI Select



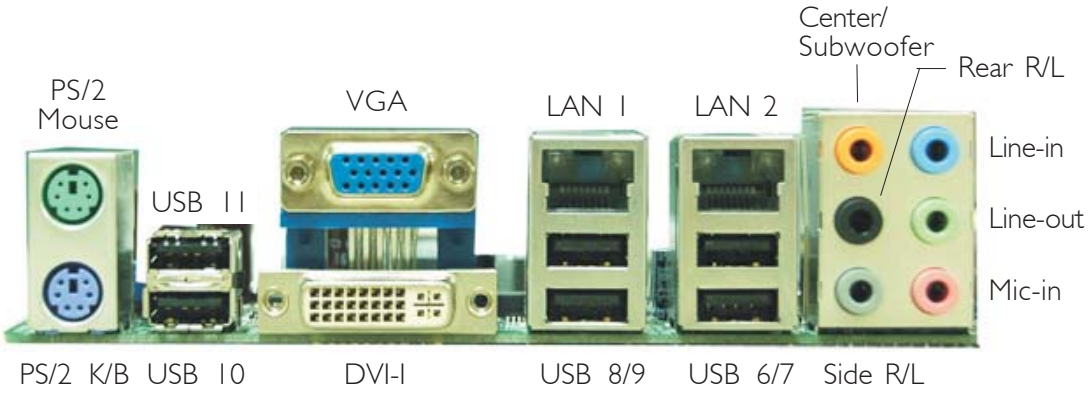
The system board allows connecting a device to either the DVI port at the rear panel or to the PCI Express x16 card. However, you cannot use devices connected to both the DVI port and PCI Express x16 card at the same time. Use JP8 to select between using PCIE x16 and DVI.

Power-on Select



JP6 is used to select the method of powering on the system. If you want the system to power-on whenever AC power comes in, set JP6 pins 2 and 3 to On. If you want to use the power button, set pins 1 and 2 to On.

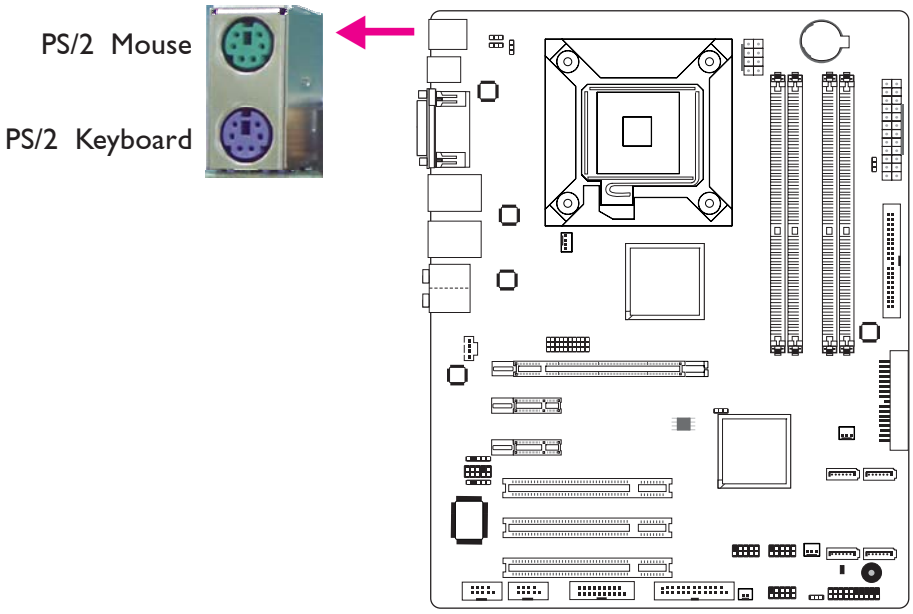
Rear Panel I/O Ports



The rear panel I/O ports consist of the following:

- PS/2 mouse port
- PS/2 keyboard port
- USB ports
- VGA port
- DVI-I port (DVI-D signal only)
- 2 LAN ports
- Center/Subwoofer port
- Rear R/L port
- Side R/L port
- Line-in jack
- Line-out jack
- Mic-in jack

PS/2 Mouse and PS/2 Keyboard Ports



These ports are used to connect a PS/2 mouse and a PS/2 keyboard. The PS/2 mouse port uses IRQ12. If a mouse is not connected to this port, the system will reserve IRQ12 for other expansion cards.

Warning:
Make sure to turn off your computer prior to connecting or disconnecting a mouse or keyboard. Failure to do so may damage the system board.

Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse

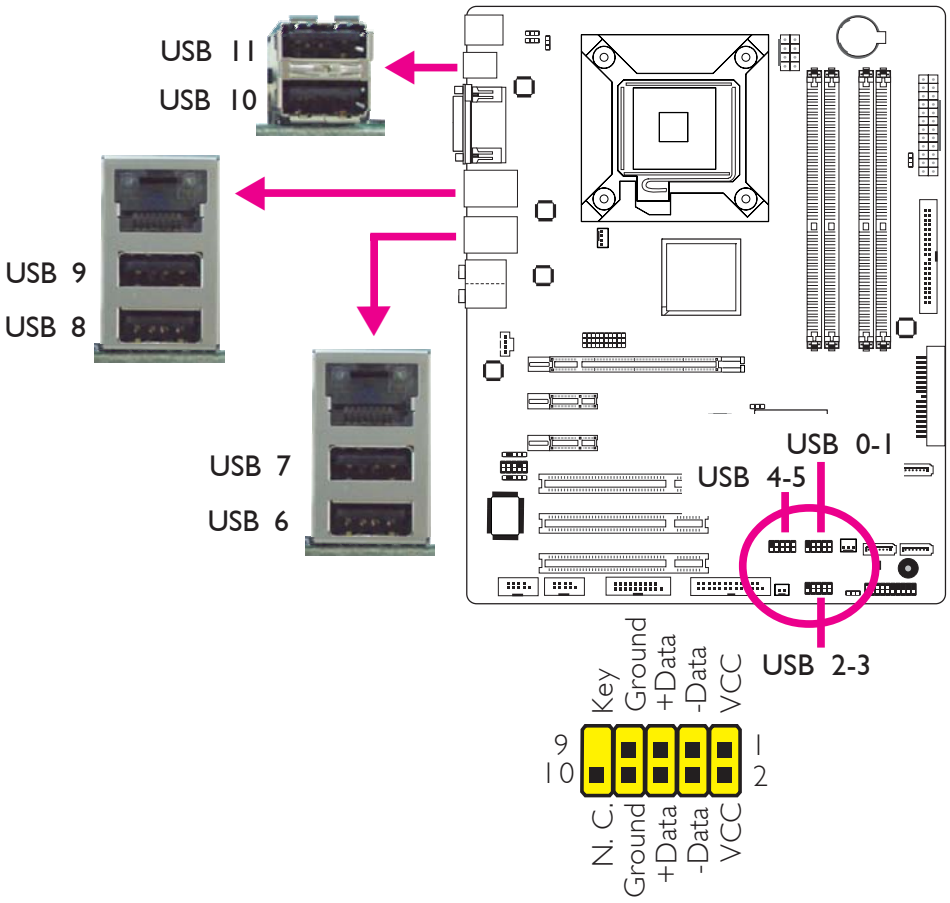
The Wake-On-PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to power-on the system. To use this function:

- **Jumper Setting:**
  JP1 must be set to "2-3 On: 5V_standby". Refer to "PS/2 Power Select" in this chapter for more information.

- **BIOS Setting:**
  Configure the PS/2 wake up function in the Integrated Peripherals submenu ("Super IO Device" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Important:
The 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥720mA.

Universal Serial Bus Connectors



The system board supports 12 USB 2.0/1.1 ports. USB allows data exchange between your computer and a wide range of simultaneously accessible external Plug and Play peripherals.

The USB 0-5 connectors allow you to connect 6 additional USB 2.0/1.1 ports. The USB ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the connectors that are attached to the USB port cables to these USB connectors.

BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard USB in the Integrated Peripherals submenu ("USB Device Setting" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

You may need to install the proper drivers in your operating system to use the USB device. Refer to your operating system's manual or documentation for more information.

Refer to chapter 4 for more information about installing the USB 2.0 drivers.

Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse

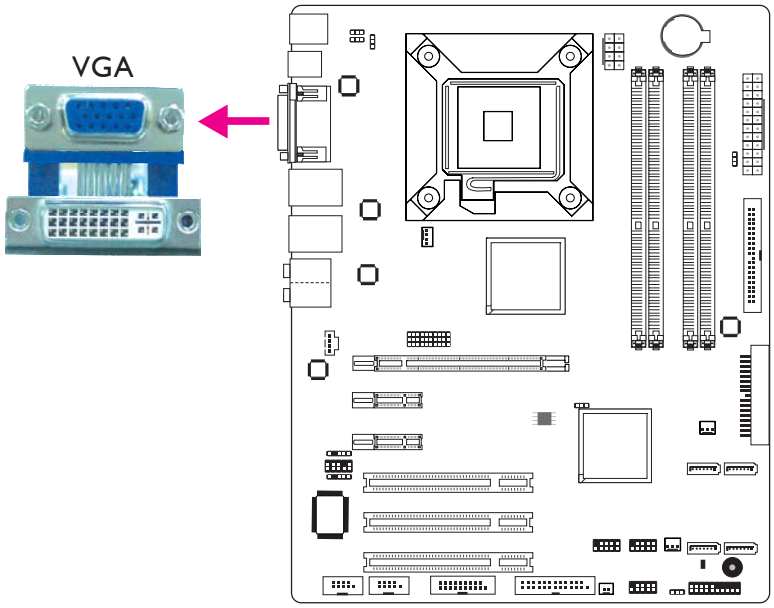
The Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system from the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. To use this function:

- **Jumper Setting:**
  JP2 and/or JP3 must be set to "2-3 On: 5V_standby". Refer to "USB Power Select" in this chapter for more information.

- **BIOS Setting:**
  "USB KB Wake-Up From S3" in the Power Management Setup submenu of the BIOS must be set to Enabled. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Important:
If you are using the Wake-On-USB Keyboard/Mouse function for 2 USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥1.5A. For 3 or more USB ports, the 5V_standby power source of your power supply must support ≥2A.

VGA Port



The VGA port is used for connecting a VGA monitor. Connect the monitor's 15-pin D-shell cable connector to the VGA port (Blue). After you plug the monitor's cable connector into the VGA port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

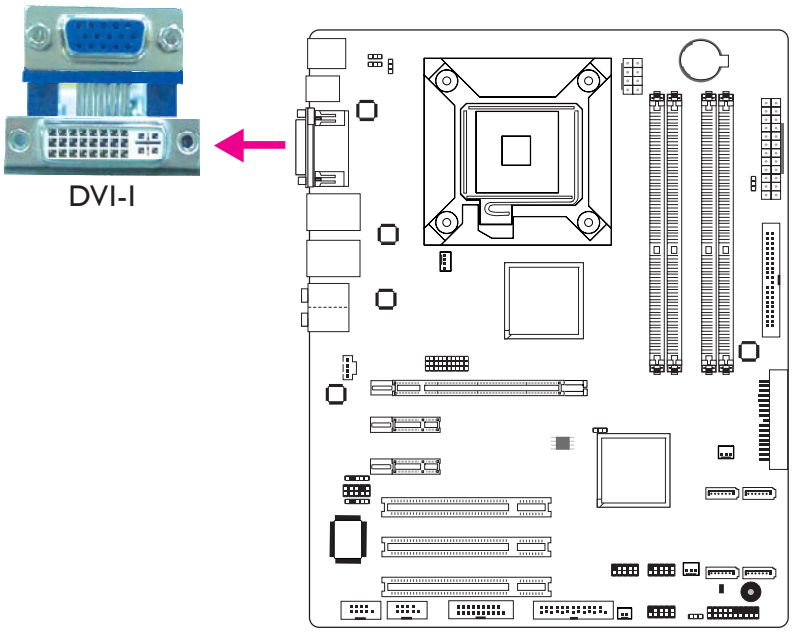
BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard VGA in the Advanced Chipset Features submenu of the BIOS.

Driver Installation

Install the graphics driver. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

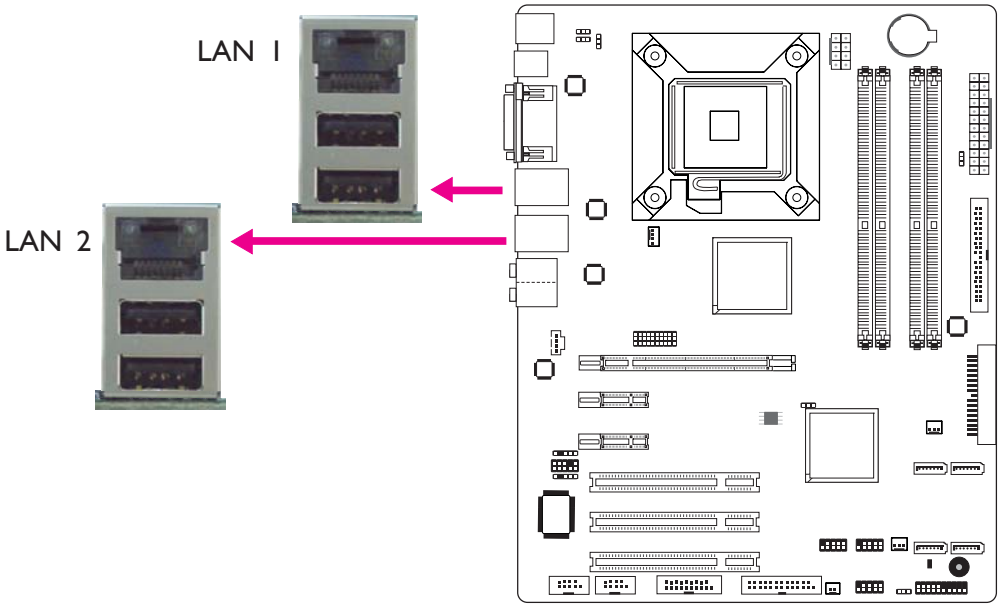
DVI-I Port



The DVI-I port is used to connect a digital LCD monitor or LCD TV. This port supports DVI-D signal only.

Connect the display device's cable connector to the DVI port on the board. After you plug the cable connector into the DVI port, gently tighten the cable screws to hold the connector in place.

RJ45 Fast-Ethernet Port



The two onboard RJ45 LAN ports allow the system board to connect to a local area network by means of a network hub.

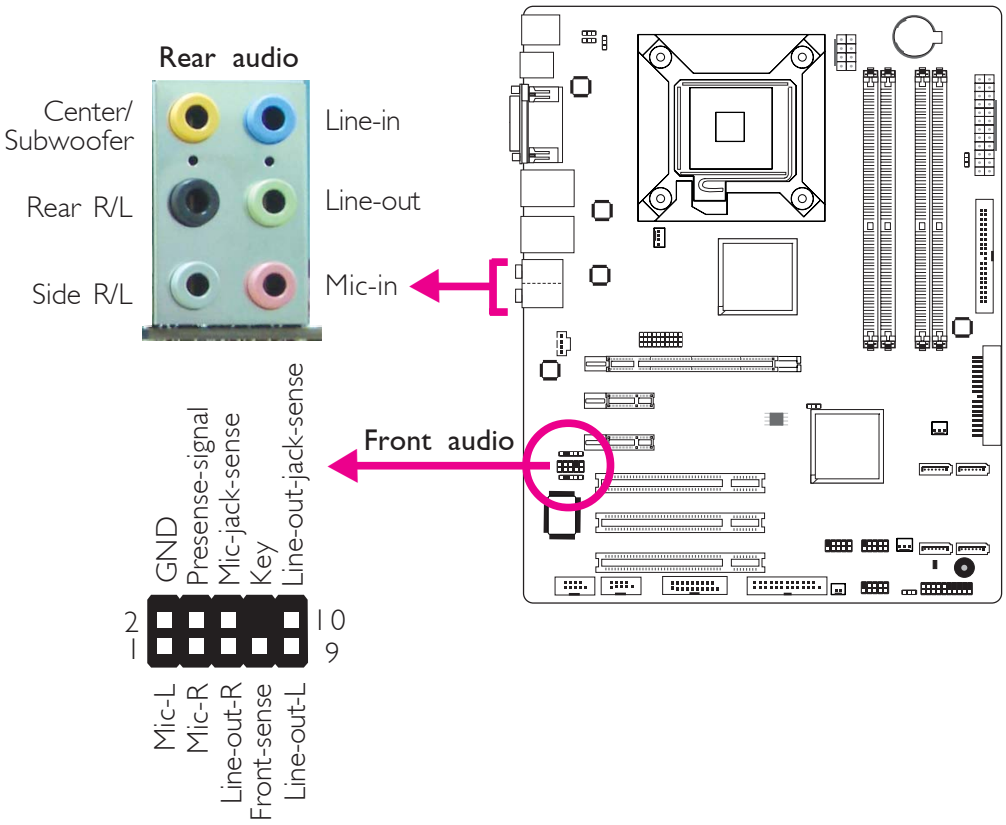
BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard LAN in the Advanced Chipset Features submenu ("PCI Express Root Port Func" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the LAN driver. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

Audio



Rear Panel Audio (CN5)

Center/Subwoofer Jack (Orange)
This jack is used to connect to the center and subwoofer speakers of the audio system.

Rear Right/Left Jack (Black)
This jack is used to connect to the rear right and rear left speakers of the audio system.

Side Right/Left Jack (Gray)
This jack is used to connect to the side left and side right speakers of the audio system.

Line-in (Light Blue)
This jack is used to connect any audio devices such as Hi-fi set, CD player, tape player, AM/FM radio tuner, synthesizer, etc.

Line-out - Front Right/Left Jack (Lime)
This jack is used to connect to the front right and front left speakers of the audio system.

Mic-in Jack (Pink)
This jack is used to connect an external microphone.

Front Audio

The front audio connector (J26) allows you to connect to the line-out and mic-in jacks that are at the front panel of your system.

BIOS Setting

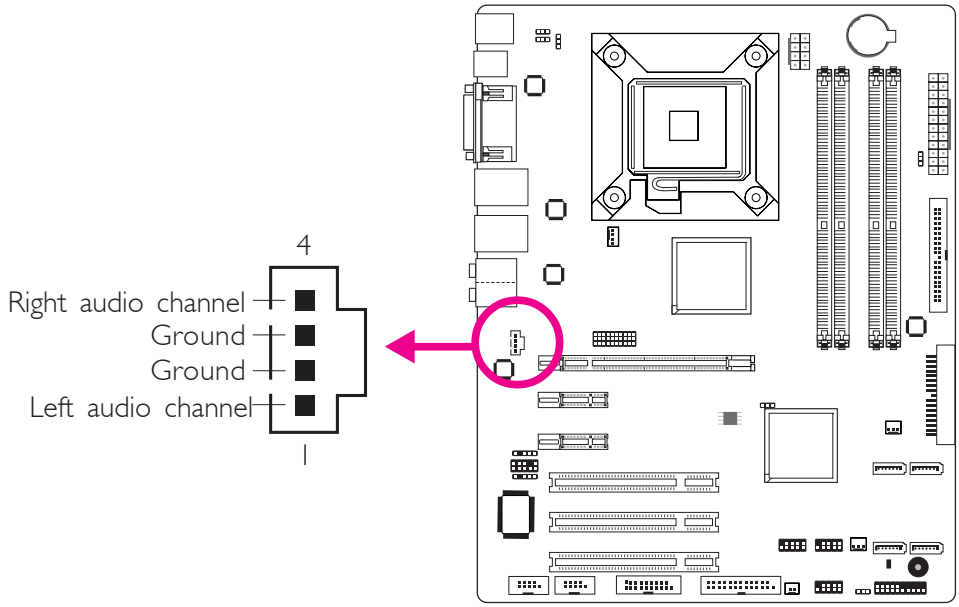
Configure the onboard audio in the Integrated Peripherals submenu ("Onboard Device" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

Install the audio driver. Refer to chapter 4 for more information.

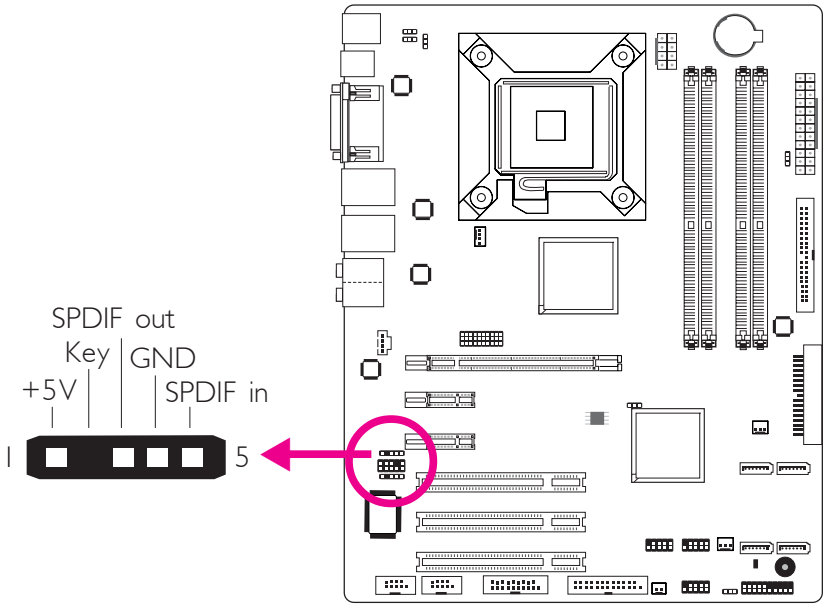
I/O Connectors

CD-in Internal Audio Connector



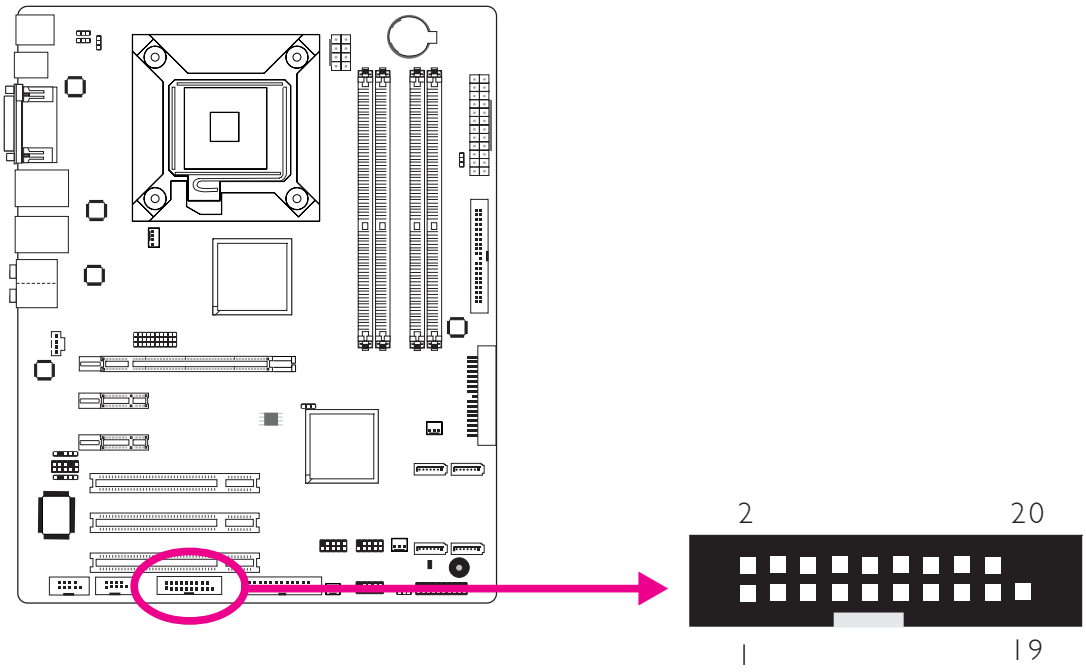
The CD-in connector is used to receive audio from a CD-ROM drive, TV tuner or MPEG card.

S/PDIF Connector



The S/PDIF connector is used to connect external S/PDIF ports. Your S/PDIF ports may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then connect the audio cable connector to this connector. Make sure pin 1 of the audio cable connector is aligned with pin 1 of this connector.

DIO Connector

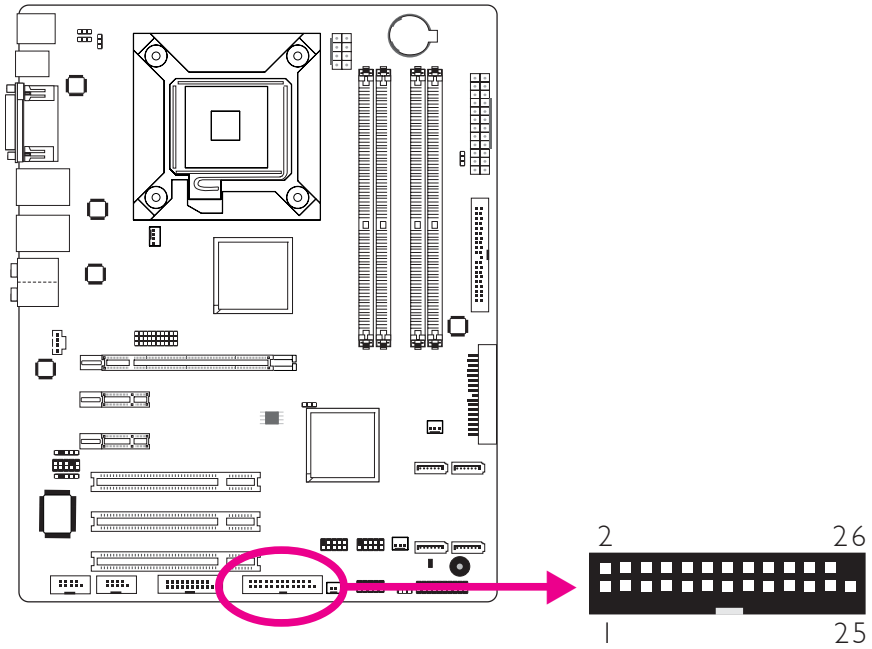


The DIO (Digital I/O) connector provides powering-on function to an external device that is connected to this connector.

Digital I/O Connector

Pins	Function	Pins	Function
1	GND	2	+12V
3	DIO7	4	+12V
5	DIO6	6	GND
7	DIO5	8	VCC
9	DIO4	10	VCC
11	DIO3	12	GND
13	DIO2	14	5VSB
15	DIO1	16	5VSB
17	DIO0	18	GND
19	GND		

Parallel Port



The 25-pin connector is for connecting an external parallel port. The parallel port connects your PC to a parallel printer. It supports SPP, ECP and EPP.

Setting	Function
SPP (Standard Parallel Port)	Allows normal speed operation but in one direction only.
ECP (Extended Capabilities Port)	Allows parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the SPP's data transfer rate.
EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port)	Allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed.

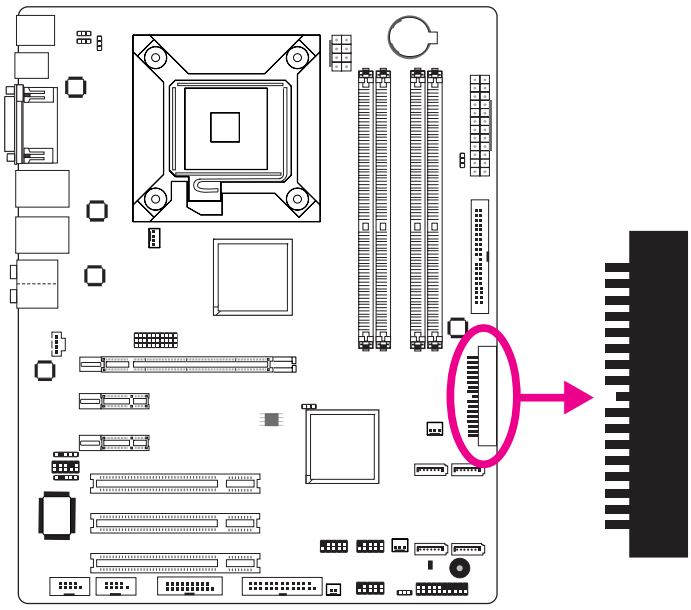
Connecting the Parallel Port Cable

Your parallel port may be mounted on a card-edge bracket. Install the card-edge bracket to an available slot at the rear of the system chassis then insert the cable to this connector. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of this connector.

BIOS Setting

Configure the parallel port in the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Floppy Disk Drive Connector



The 90° floppy disk drive connector supports a standard floppy disk drive. The floppy cable can be inserted into this connector only if pin 1 of the cable is aligned with pin 1 of this connector.

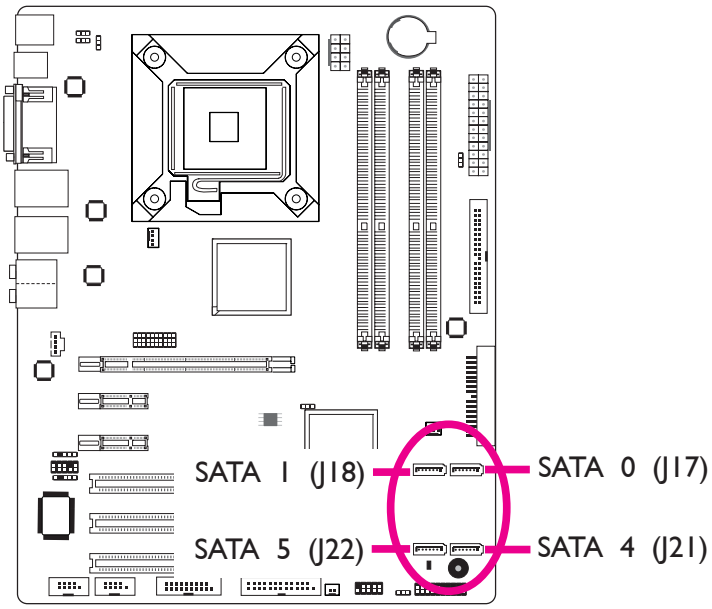
Connecting the Floppy Disk Drive Cable

Install one end of the floppy disk drive cable into the floppy connector on the system board and the other end-most connector to the floppy drive. The colored edge of the daisy chained ribbon cable should align with pin 1 of the floppy connector.

BIOS Setting

Enable or disable this function in the Integrated Peripherals submenu ("Super IO Device" field) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Serial ATA Connectors

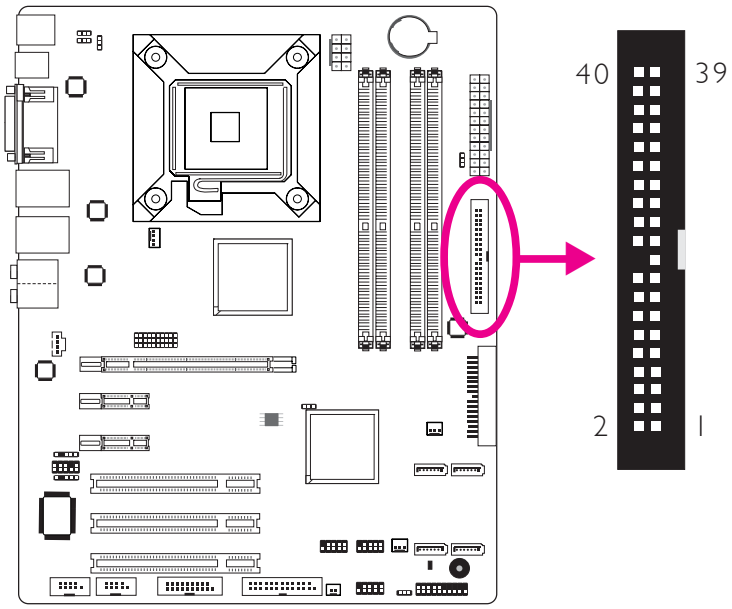


- Supports up to 4 SATA devices
- SATA speed up to 3Gb/s

Connecting Serial ATA Cables

Connect one end of the Serial ATA cable to a Serial ATA connector and the other end to your Serial ATA device.

IDE Disk Drive Connectors



The PCI IDE connector will interface two Enhanced IDE (Integrated Drive Electronics) disk drives. The IDE cable can be inserted into this connector only if pin 1 of the cable is aligned with pin 1 of the connector.

Connecting the IDE Disk Drive Cable

The IDE connector supports 2 devices, a Master and a Slave. Use an IDE ribbon cable to connect the drives to the system board. An IDE ribbon cable have 3 connectors on them, one that plugs into an IDE connector on the system board and the other 2 connects to IDE devices. The connector at the end of the cable is for the Master drive and the connector in the middle of the cable is for the Slave drive.

Install one end of the IDE cable into the IDE connector on the system board and the other connectors to the IDE devices.

Adding a Second IDE Disk Drive

When using two IDE drives, one must be set as the master and the other as the slave. Follow the instructions provided by the drive manufacturer for setting the jumpers and/or switches on the drives.

The system board supports Enhanced IDE or ATA-2, ATA/33, ATA/66 and ATA/100 hard drives. We recommend that you use hard drives from the same manufacturer. In a few cases, drives from two different manufacturers will not function properly when used together. The problem lies in the hard drives, not the system board.

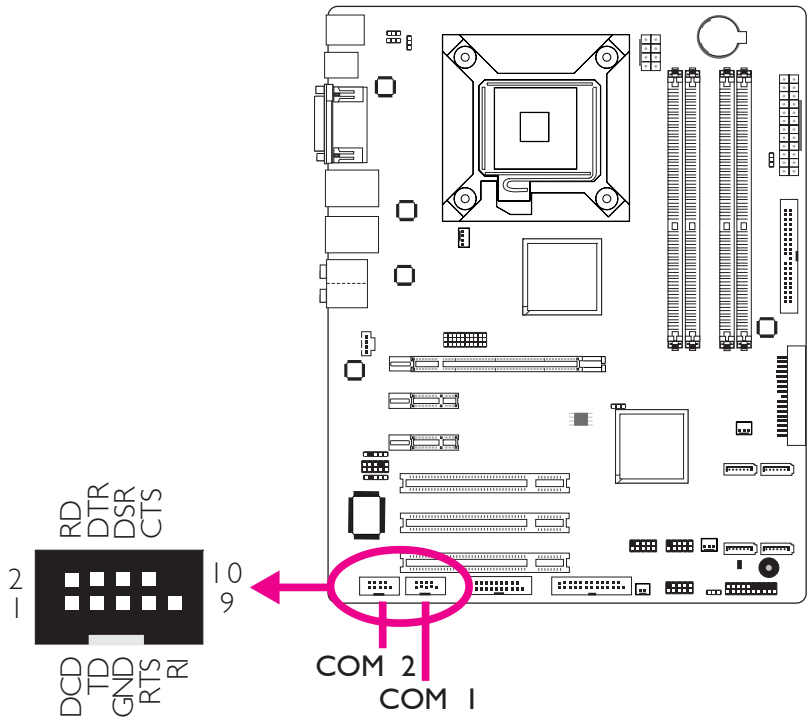
Important:

If you encountered problems while using an ATAPI CD-ROM drive that is set in Master mode, please set the CD-ROM drive to Slave mode. Some ATAPI CD-ROMs may not be recognized and cannot be used if incorrectly set in Master mode.

BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard IDE in the Integrated Peripherals submenu ("OnChip IDE Device" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Serial (COM) Port



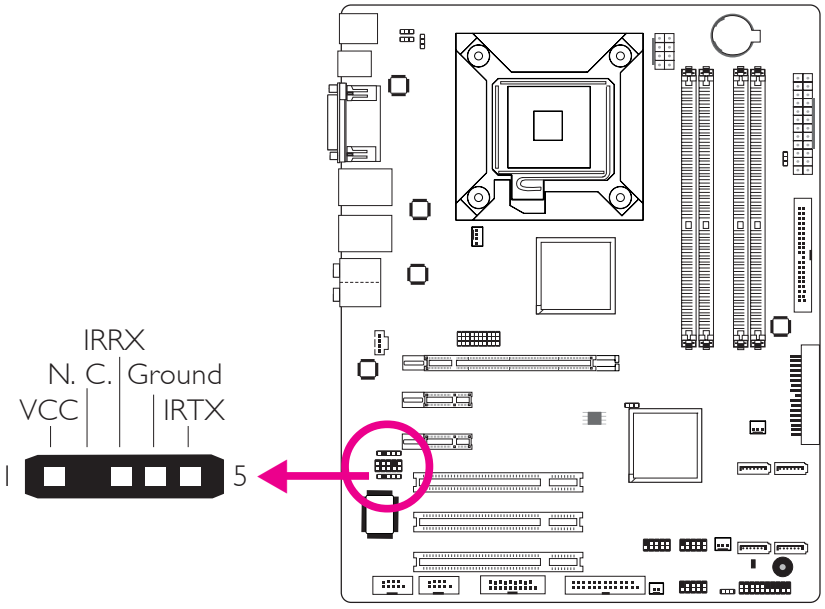
The two 9-pin connectors are for connecting external serial ports. The serial port cable is an optional item and must be purchased separately. Insert the connector that is attached to the serial port cable to COM 1 or COM 2 then install the serial port bracket to an available bracket slot at the rear of the system chassis. Make sure the colored stripe on the ribbon cable is aligned with pin 1 of COM 1 or COM 2.

The serial port is an RS-232 asynchronous communication port with 16C550A-compatible UARTs that can be used with modems, serial printers, remote display terminals, and other serial devices.

BIOS Setting

Configure the serial port in the Integrated Peripherals submenu ("Super IO Device" section) of the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

IrDA Connector



Connect the cable connector from your IrDA module to the IrDA connector on the system board.

Note:
The sequence of the pin functions on some IrDA cable may be reversed from the pin function defined on the system board. Make sure to connect the cable to the IrDA connector according to their pin functions.

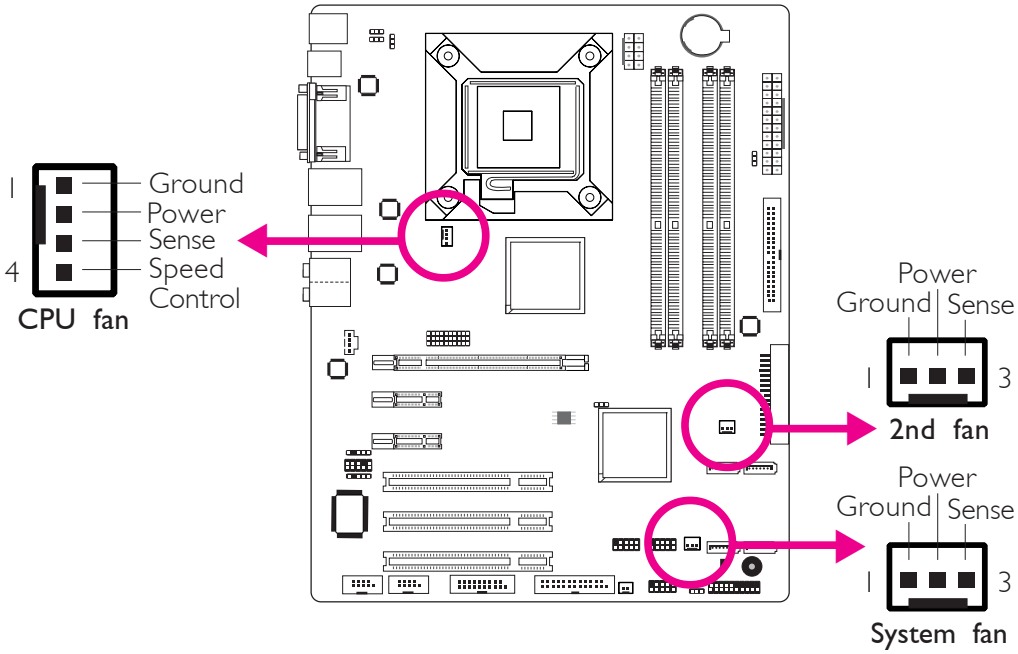
BIOS Setting

Configure the onboard IrDA functions in the BIOS. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Driver Installation

You may need to install the proper drivers in your operating system to use the IrDA function. Refer to your operating system's manual or documentation for more information.

Cooling Fan Connectors

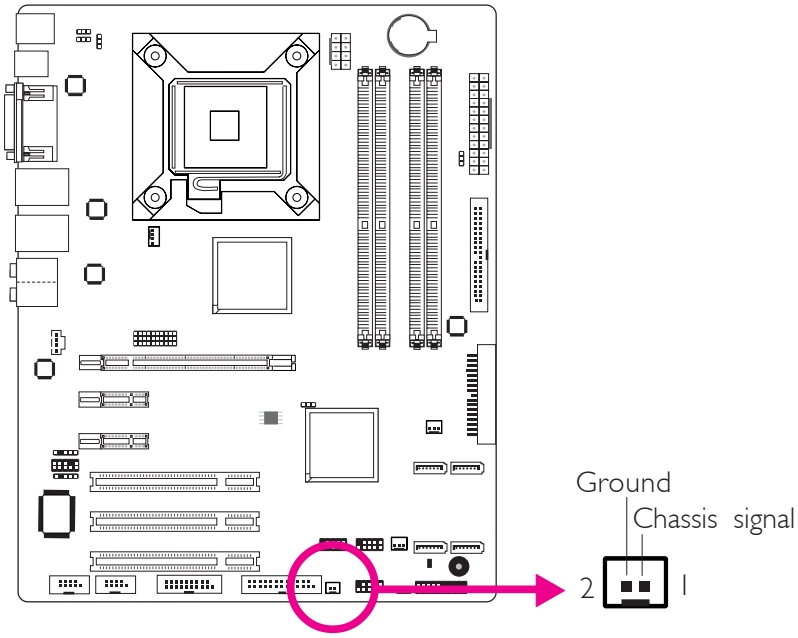


Connect the CPU fan's cable connector to the CPU fan connector on the system board. The 2nd fan and system fan connectors are used to connect additional cooling fans. The cooling fans will provide adequate airflow throughout the chassis to prevent overheating the CPU and system board components.

BIOS Setting

The "PC Health Status" submenu of the BIOS will display the current speed of the cooling fans. Refer to chapter 3 for more information.

Chassis Open Connector



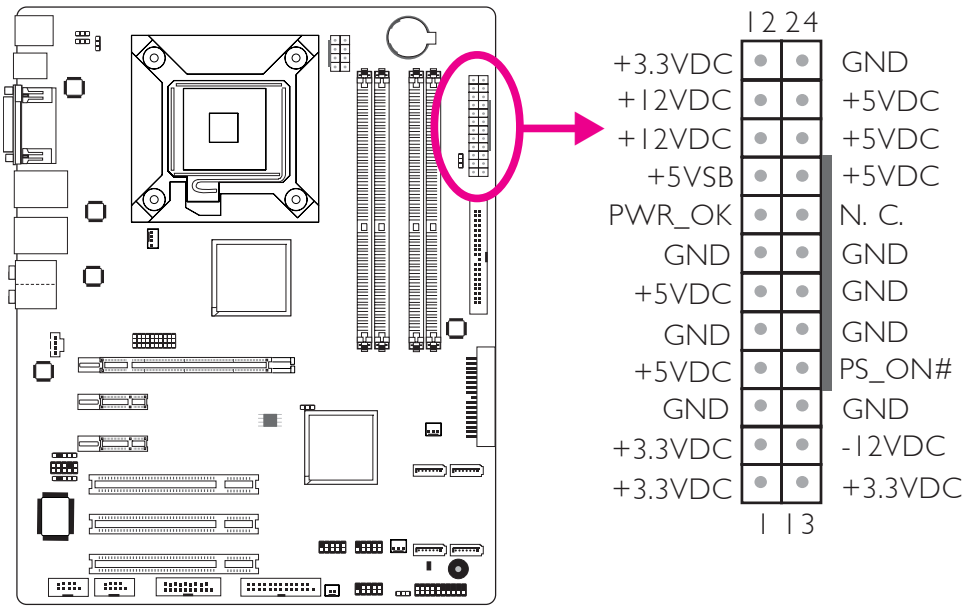
The system board supports the chassis intrusion detection function. Connect the chassis intrusion sensor cable from the chassis to the chassis open connector. Whenever a chassis component has been removed, the sensor sends signal to the connector alerting you of a chassis intrusion event.

Hardware Monitor for Windows

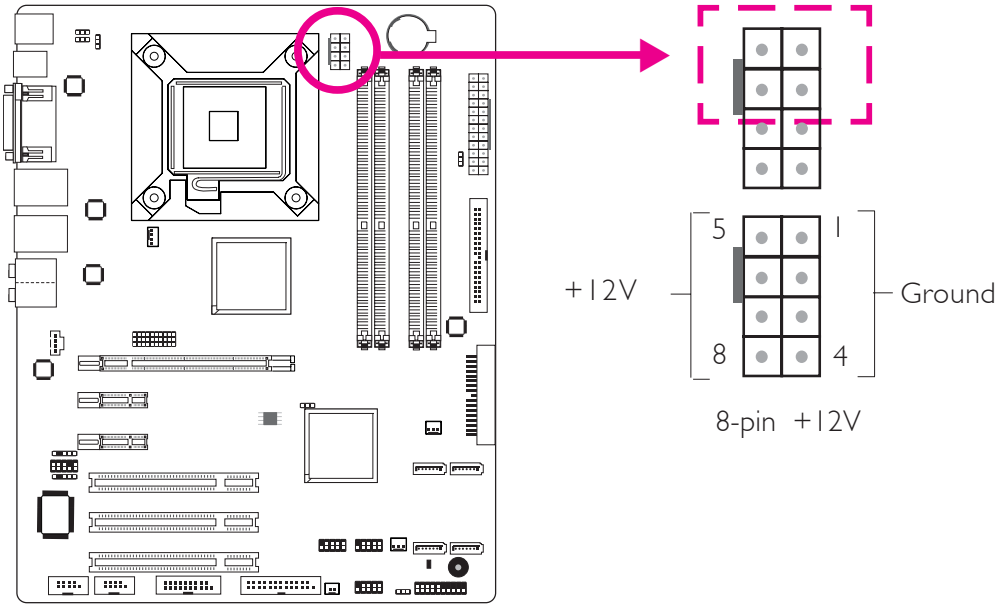
Install the "Hardware Doctor for Windows" utility. By default, the chassis intrusion detection function is disabled. When enabled, a warning message will appear when the chassis is open. The utility can also be configured so that a beeping alarm will sound when the chassis is open. Refer to the "Hardware Doctor for Windows" section in chapter 4 for more information.

Power Connectors

Use a power supply that complies with the ATX12V Power Supply Design Guide Version 1.1. An ATX12V power supply unit has a standard 24-pin ATX main power connector that must be inserted onto CN9.



Your power supply unit may come with an 8-pin or 4-pin +12V power connector. The +12V power enables the delivery of more +12VDC current to the processor's Voltage Regulator Module (VRM). If available, it is preferable to use the 8-pin power; otherwise connect a 4-pin power connector to CN10 as shown below.

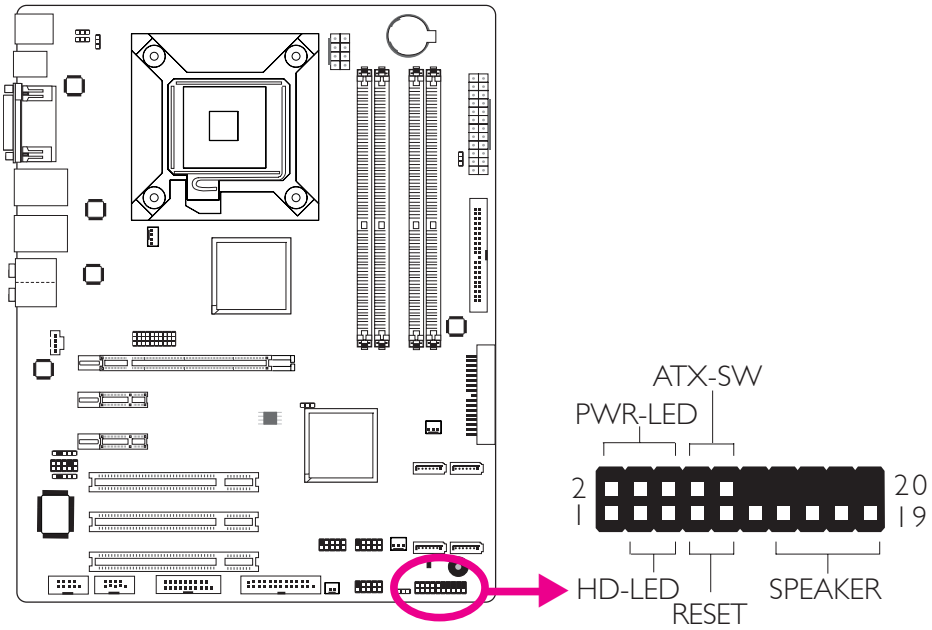


The system board requires a minimum of 300 Watt power supply to operate. Your system configuration (CPU power, amount of memory, add-in cards, peripherals, etc.) may exceed the minimum power requirement. To ensure that adequate power is provided, we strongly recommend that you use a minimum of 400 Watt (or greater) power supply.

Important:

Insufficient power supplied to the system may result in instability or the add-in boards and peripherals not functioning properly. Calculating the system's approximate power usage is important to ensure that the power supply meets the system's consumption requirements.

Front Panel Connectors



HD-LED: Primary/Secondary IDE LED and SATA HDD LED

This LED will light when the IDE and/or SATA hard drive is being accessed.

RESET: Reset Switch

This switch allows you to reboot without having to power off the system thus prolonging the life of the power supply or system.

SPEAKER: Speaker Connector

This connects to the speaker installed in the system chassis.

ATX-SW: ATX Power Switch

Depending on the setting in the BIOS setup, this switch is a "dual function power button" that will allow your system to enter the Soft-Off or Suspend mode. Refer to "Soft-Off By PWR-BTTN" in the Power Management Setup (Chapter 3).

PWR-LED: Power/Standby LED

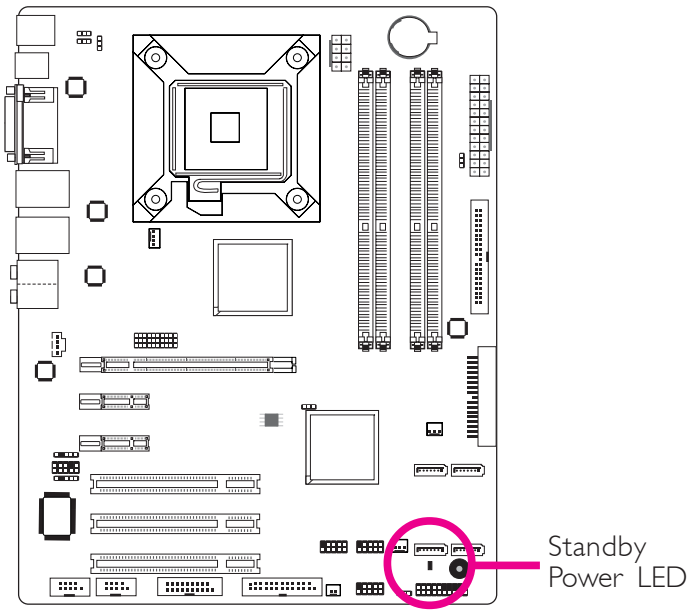
When the system's power is on, this LED will light. When the system is in the S1 (POS - Power On Suspend) or S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state, it will blink every second.

Note:

If a system did not boot-up and the Power/Standby LED did not light after it was powered-on, it may indicate that the CPU or memory module was not installed properly. Please make sure they are properly inserted into their corresponding socket.

	Pin	Pin Assignment
HD-LED (SATA/Primary/Secondary IDE LED)	3 5	HDD LED Power HDD
Reserved	14 16	N. C. N. C.
ATX-SW (ATX power switch)	8 10	PWRBT+ PWRBT-
Reserved	18 20	N. C. N. C.
RESET (Reset switch)	7 9	Ground H/W Reset
SPEAKER (Speaker connector)	13 15 17 19	Speaker Data N. C. Ground Speaker Power
PWR-LED (Power/Standby LED)	2 4 6	LED Power (+) LED Power (+) LED Power (-) or Standby Signal

LED

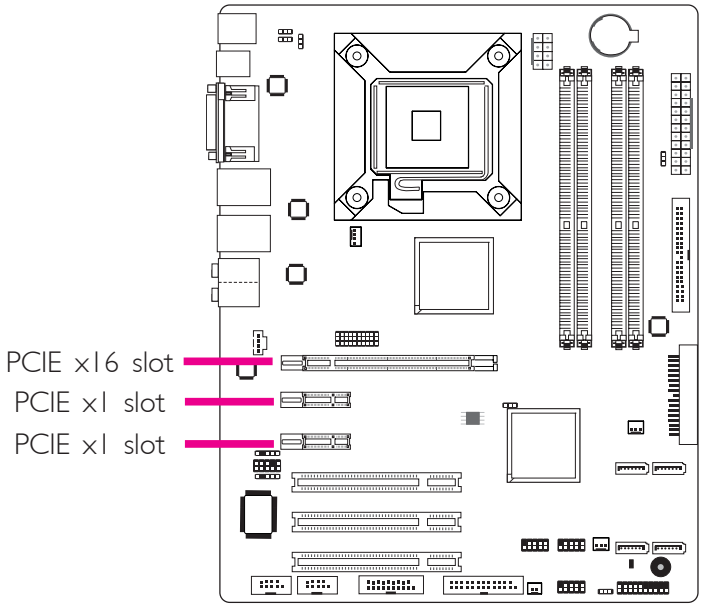


Standby Power LED

This LED will light when the system is in the standby mode.

Warning:
When the Standby Power LED lit red, it indicates that power is present on the PCI slots. Power-off the PC then unplug the power cord prior to installing any add-in cards. Failure to do so will cause severe damage to the motherboard and components.

PCI Express Slots



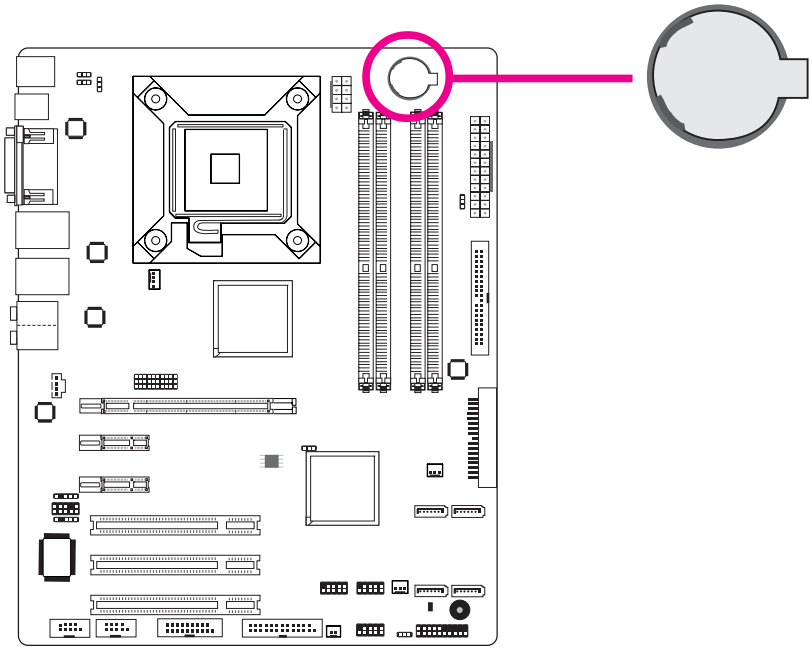
PCI Express x16

Install PCI Express x16 graphics card, that comply to the PCI Express specifications, into the PCI Express x16 slot. To install a graphics card into the x16 slot, align the graphics card above the slot then press it down firmly until it is completely seated in the slot. The retaining clip of the slot will automatically hold the graphics card in place.

PCI Express x1

Install PCI Express x1 cards such as network cards or other cards that comply to the PCI Express specifications into the PCI Express x1 slot.

Battery



The lithium ion battery powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. It is an auxiliary source of power when the main power is shut off.

Safety Measures

- Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommend by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to local ordinance.

Chapter 3 - BIOS Setup

Award BIOS Setup Utility

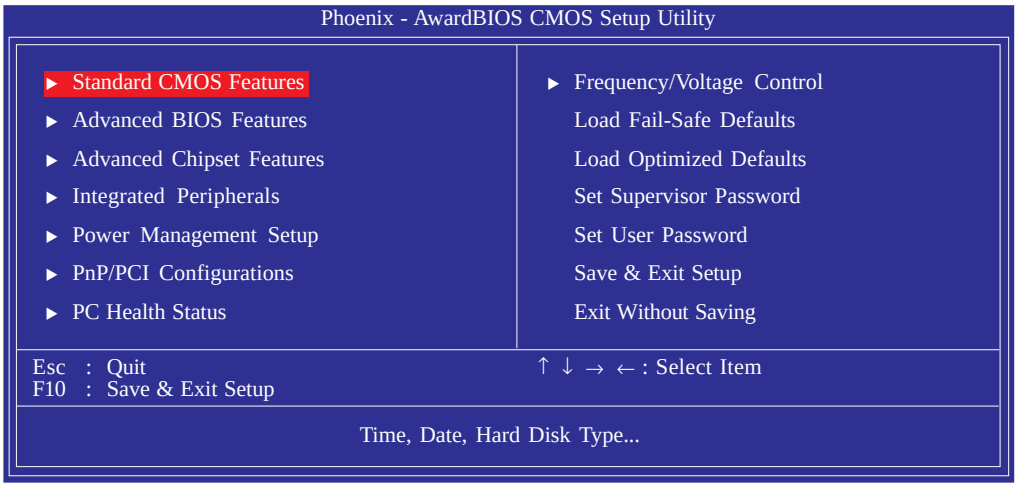
The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is a program that takes care of the basic level of communication between the processor and peripherals. In addition, the BIOS also contains codes for various advanced features found in this system board. This chapter explains the Setup Utility for the Award BIOS.

After you power up the system, the BIOS message appears on the screen and the memory count begins. After the memory test, the following message will appear on the screen:

Press DEL to enter setup

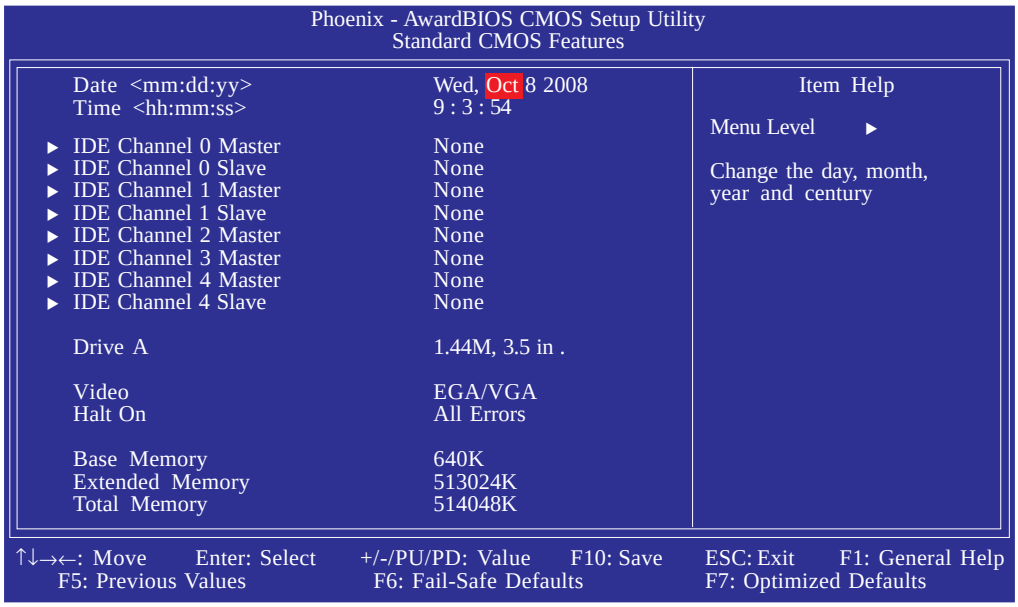
If the message disappears before you respond, restart the system or press the "Reset" button. You may also restart the system by pressing the <Ctrl> <Alt> and <Del> keys simultaneously.

When you press <Del>, the main menu screen will appear.



Standard CMOS Features

Use the arrow keys to highlight "Standard CMOS Features" then press <Enter>. A screen similar to the one below will appear.


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Standard CMOS Features
Date <mm:dd:yy> Wed, Oct 8 2008
Time <hh:mm:ss> 9 : 3 : 54
IDE Channel 0 Master None
IDE Channel 0 Slave None
IDE Channel 1 Master None
IDE Channel 1 Slave None
IDE Channel 2 Master None
IDE Channel 3 Master None
IDE Channel 4 Master None
IDE Channel 4 Slave None
Drive A 1.44M, 3.5 in .
Video EGA/VGA
Halt On All Errors
Base Memory 640K
Extended Memory 513024K
Total Memory 514048K
Item Help
Menu Level ▶
Change the day, month, year and century
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

Date

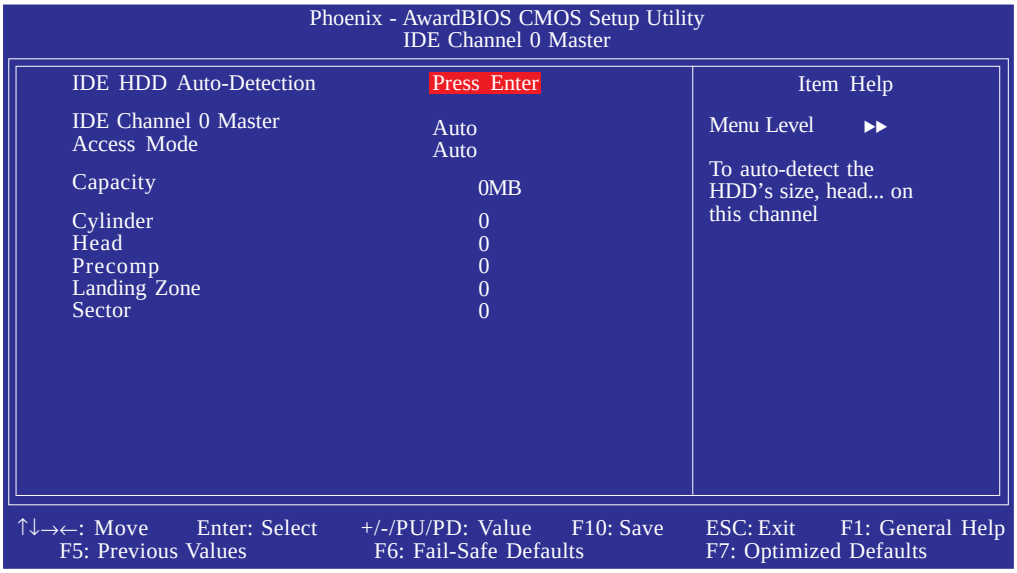
The date format is <day>, <month>, <date>, <year>. Day displays a day, from Sunday to Saturday. Month displays the month, from January to December. Date displays the date, from 1 to 31. Year displays the year, from 1999 to 2099.

Time

The time format is <hour>, <minute>, <second>. The time is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Hour displays hours from 00 to 23. Minute displays minutes from 00 to 59. Second displays seconds from 00 to 59.

IDE Channel 0 Master to IDE Channel 4 Slave

To configure the IDE drives, move the cursor to a field then press <Enter>. The following screen will appear.



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

IDE HDD Auto Detection

Detects the parameters of the drive. The parameters will automatically be shown on the screen.

IDE Channel 0 Master to IDE Channel 4 Slave

If you select "Auto", the BIOS will auto-detect the HDD & CD-ROM drive at the POST stage and show the IDE for the HDD & CD-ROM drive. If a hard disk has not been installed, select "None".

Access Mode

For hard drives larger than 528MB, you would typically select the LBA type. Certain operating systems require that you select CHS or Large. Please check your operating system's manual or Help desk on which one to select.

Capacity

Displays the approximate capacity of the disk drive. Usually the size is slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk checking program.

Cylinder

This field displays the number of cylinders.

Head

This field displays the number of read/write heads.

Precomp

This field displays the number of cylinders at which to change the write timing.

Landing Zone

This field displays the number of cylinders specified as the landing zone for the read/write heads.

Sector

This field displays the number sectors per track.

Drive A

This field identifies the type of floppy disk drive installed.

None	No floppy drive is installed
360K, 5.25 in.	5-1/4 in. standard drive; 360KB capacity
1.2M, 5.25 in.	5-1/4 in. AT-type high-density drive; 1.2MB capacity
720K, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 in. double-sided drive; 720KB capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 in. double-sided drive; 1.44MB capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in.	3-1/2 in. double-sided drive; 2.88MB capacity

Video

This field selects the type of video adapter used for the primary system monitor. Although secondary monitors are supported, you do not have to select the type. The default setting is EGA/VGA.

EGA/VGA Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For EGA, VGA, SVGA and PGA monitor adapters.

CGA 40 Color Graphics Adapter. Power up in 40-column mode.

CGA 80 Color Graphics Adapter. Power up in 80-column mode.

Mono Monochrome adapter. Includes high resolution monochrome adapters.

Halt On

This field determines whether the system will stop if an error is detected during power up. The default setting is All Errors.

No Errors The system boot will not stop for any errors detected.

All Errors The system boot will stop whenever the BIOS detects a non-fatal error.

All, But Keyboard The system boot will not stop for a keyboard error; it will stop for all other errors.

All, But Diskette The system boot will not stop for a disk error; it will stop for all other errors.

All, But Disk/Key The system boot will not stop for a disk or keyboard error; it will stop for all other errors.

Base Memory

Displays the amount of base (or conventional) memory installed in the system. The value of the base memory is typically 512K for systems with 512K memory installed on the motherboard or 640K for systems with 640K or more memory installed on the motherboard.

Extended Memory

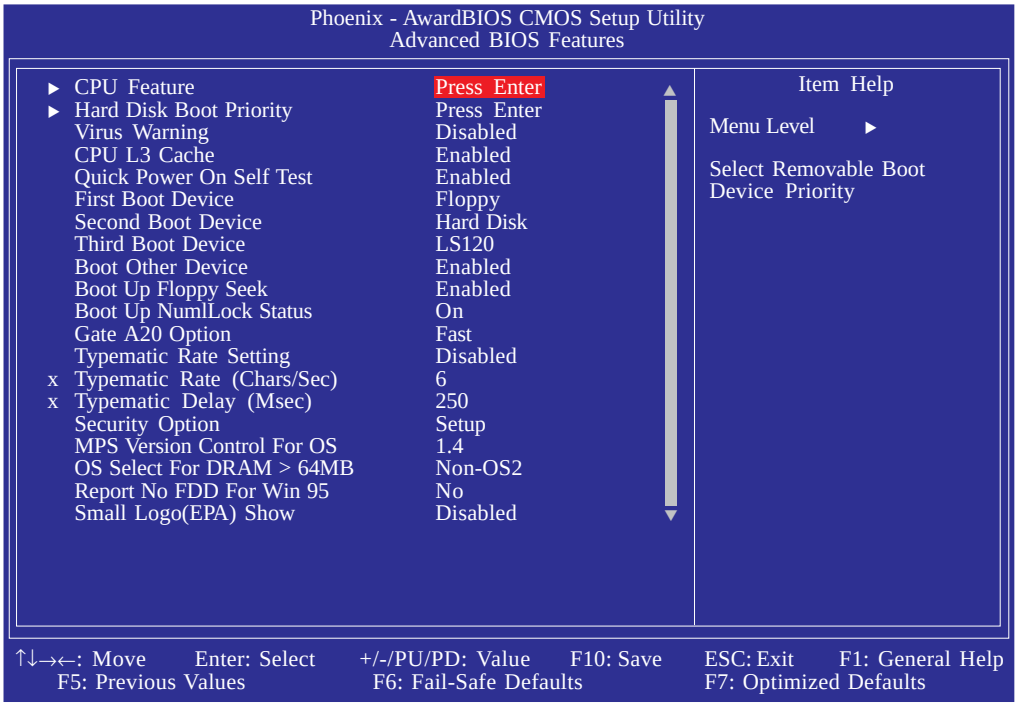
Displays the amount of extended memory detected during boot-up.

Total Memory

Displays the total memory available in the system.

Advanced BIOS Features

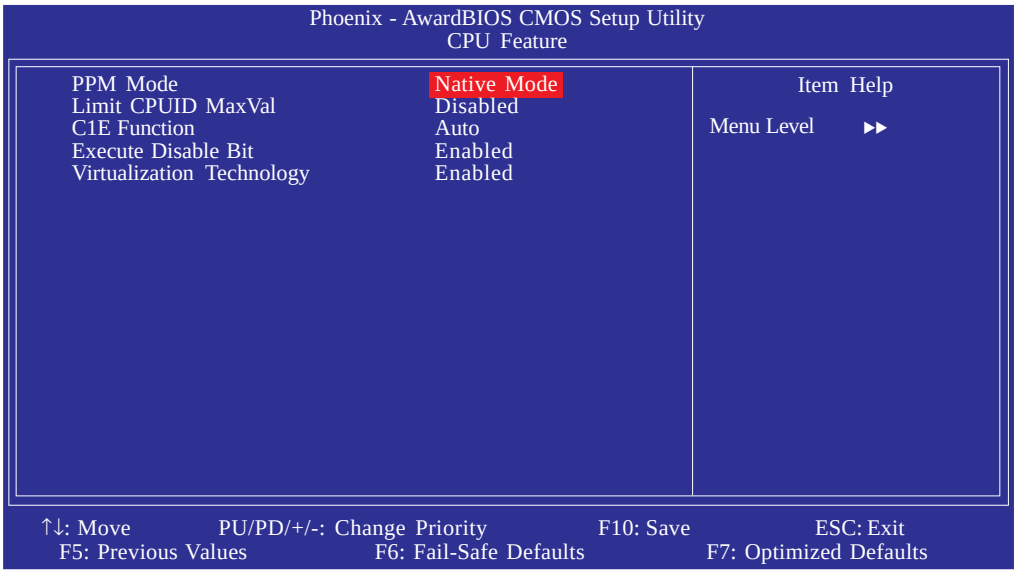
The Advanced BIOS Features allows you to configure your system for basic operation. Some entries are defaults required by the system board, while others, if enabled, will improve the performance of your system or let you set some features according to your preference.


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Advanced BIOS Features
▶ CPU Feature Press Enter
▶ Hard Disk Boot Priority Press Enter
Virus Warning Disabled
CPU L3 Cache Enabled
Quick Power On Self Test Enabled
First Boot Device Floppy
Second Boot Device Hard Disk
Third Boot Device LS120
Boot Other Device Enabled
Boot Up Floppy Seek Enabled
Boot Up NumlLock Status On
Gate A20 Option Fast
Typematic Rate Setting Disabled
x Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec) 6
x Typematic Delay (Msec) 250
Security Option Setup
MPS Version Control For OS 1.4
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB Non-OS2
Report No FDD For Win 95 No
Small Logo(EPA) Show Disabled
Item Help
Menu Level ▶
Select Removable Boot Device Priority
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

The screen above list all the fields available in the Advanced BIOS Features submenu, for ease of reference in this manual. In the actual CMOS setup, you have to use the scroll bar to view the fields. The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

CPU Feature

This field is used to configure the CPU that is installed on the system board. Move the cursor to this field then press <Enter>.



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

PPM Mode

The options are Native Mode and SMM mode.

Limit CPUID MaxVal

The CPUID instruction of some newer CPUs will return a value greater than 3. The default is Disabled because this problem does not exist in the Windows series operating systems. If you are using an operating system other than Windows, this problem may occur. To avoid this problem, enable this field to limit the return value to 3 or lesser than 3.

C1E Function

The options are Auto and Disabled.

Execute Disable Bit

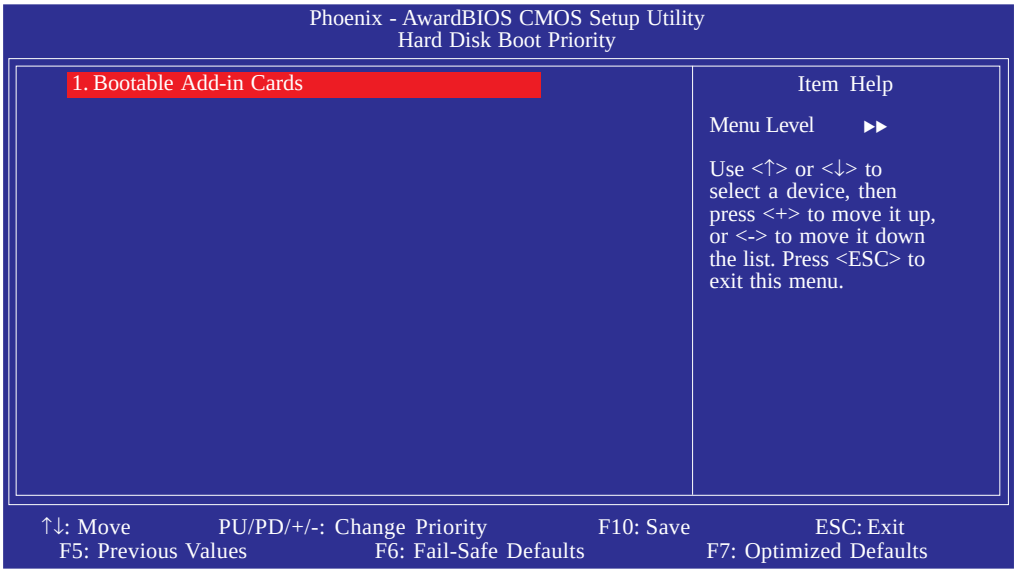
When this field is set to Disabled, it will force the XD feature flag to always return to 0.

Virtualization Technology

When this field is set to Enabled, the VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.

Hard Disk Boot Priority

This field is used to select the boot sequence of the hard drives. Move the cursor to this field then press <Enter>. Use the Up or Down arrow keys to select a device then press <+> to move it up or <-> to move it down the list.


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Hard Disk Boot Priority
1. Bootable Add-in Cards
Item Help
Menu Level ▸▸
Use <↑> or <↓> to select a device, then press <+> to move it up, or <-> to move it down the list. Press <ESC> to exit this menu.
↑↓: Move
PU/PD/+/-: Change Priority
F10: Save
ESC: Exit
F5: Previous Values
F6: Fail-Safe Defaults
F7: Optimized Defaults

The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

Virus Warning

This field protects the boot sector and partition table of your hard disk drive. When this field is enabled, the Award BIOS will monitor the boot sector and partition table of the hard disk drive. If an attempt is made to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive, the BIOS will halt the system and an error message will appear.

After seeing the error message, if necessary, you will be able to run an anti-virus program to locate and remove the problem before any damage is done.

Many disk diagnostic programs which attempt to access the boot sector table will cause the warning message to appear. If you are running such a program, we recommend that you first disable this field.

CPU L3 Cache

This field is used to enable or disable the CPU's L3 cache.

Quick Power On Self Test

This field speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the system. When Enabled, the BIOS will shorten or skip some check items during POST.

First Boot Device, Second Boot Device, Third Boot Device and Boot Other Device

Select the drive to boot first, second and third in the "First Boot Device" "Second Boot Device" and "Third Boot Device" fields respectively. The BIOS will boot the operating system according to the sequence of the drive selected. Set "Boot Other Device" to Enabled if you wish to boot from another device.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

When enabled, the BIOS will check whether the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. Note that the BIOS cannot distinguish between 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M drive types as they are all 80 tracks. When disabled, the BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360KB.

Boot Up NumLock Status

This allows you to determine the default state of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on wherein the function of the numeric keypad is the number keys. When set to Off, the function of the numeric keypad is the arrow keys.

Gate A20 Option

This entry allows you to select how gate A20 is handled. Gate A20 is a device used to address memory above 1 Mbyte. Initially, gate A20 was handled via the keyboard controller. Today, while keyboards still provide this support, it is more common, and much faster, for the system chipset to provide support for gate A20.

Typematic Rate Setting

Disabled Continually holding down a key on your keyboard will cause the BIOS to report that the key is down.

Enabled The BIOS will not only report that the key is down, but will first wait for a moment, and, if the key is still down, it will begin to report that the key has been depressed repeatedly. For example, you would use such a feature to accelerate cursor movements with the arrow keys. You can then select the typematic rate and typematic delay in the "Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)" and "Typematic Delay (Msec)" fields below.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

This field allows you to select the rate at which the keys are accelerated.

Typematic Delay (Msec)

This field allows you to select the delay between when the key was first depressed and when the acceleration begins.

Security Option

This field determines when the system will prompt for the password - everytime the system boots or only when you enter the BIOS setup. Set the password in the Set Supervisor/User Password submenu.

System The system will not boot and access to Setup will be denied unless the correct password is entered at the prompt.

Setup The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied unless the correct password is entered at the prompt.

MPS Version Control for OS

This field is used to select the MPS version used by the system.

OS Select for DRAM > 64MB

This field allows you to access the memory that is over 64MB in OS/2. The options are: Non-OS2 and OS2.

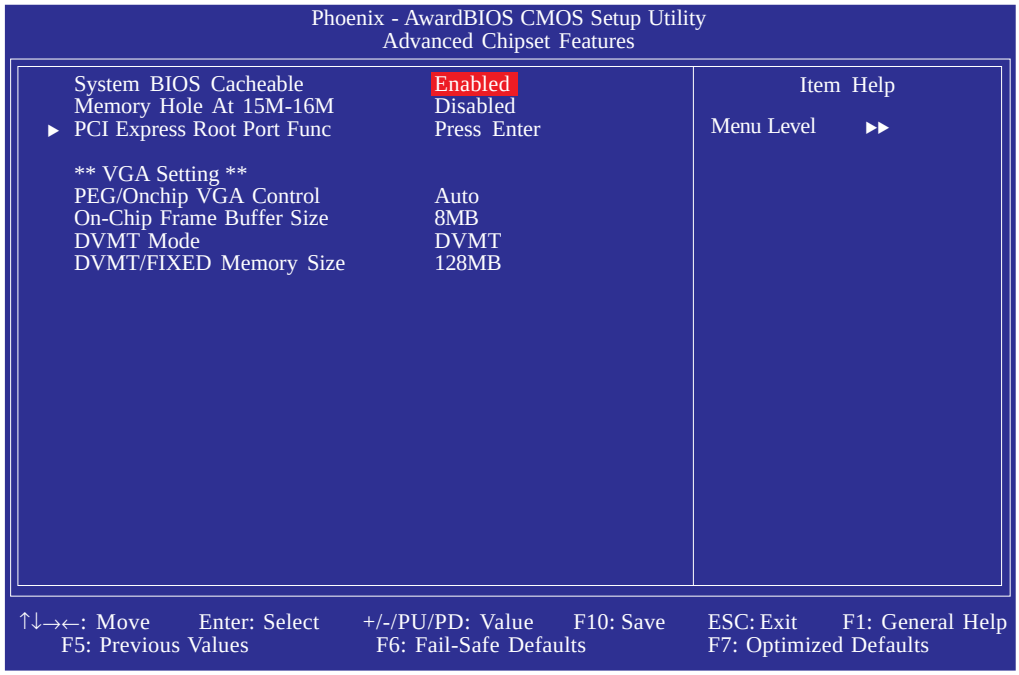
Report No FDD For WIN 95

The options are Yes and No.

Small Logo(EPA) Show

Enabled The EPA logo will appear during system boot-up.
Disabled The EPA logo will not appear during system boot-up.

Advanced Chipset Features



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

This section gives you functions to configure the system based on the specific features of the chipset. The chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources. These items should not be altered unless necessary. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered some incompatibility or that data was being lost while using your system.

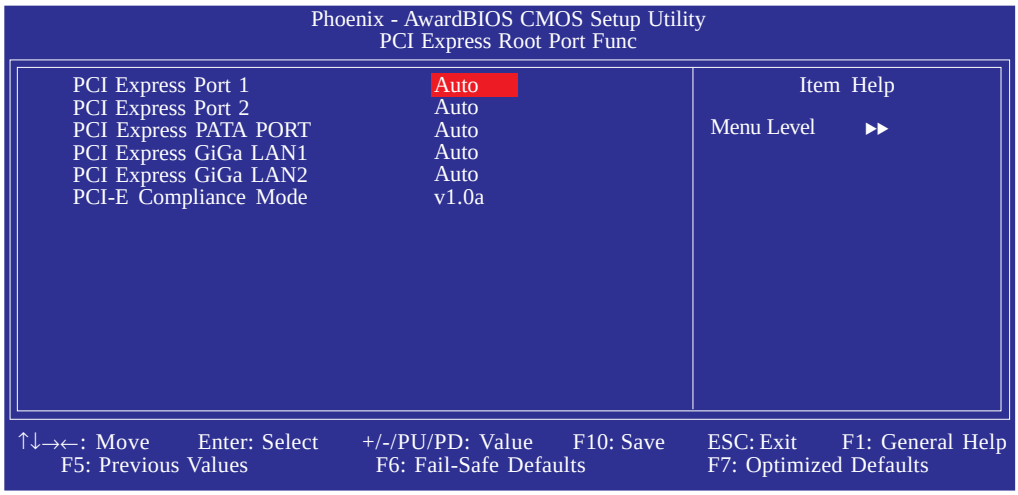
System BIOS Cacheable

When this field is enabled, accesses to the system BIOS ROM addressed at F0000H-FFFFFH are cached, provided that the cache controller is enabled. The larger the range of the Cache RAM, the higher the efficiency of the system.

Memory Hole At 15M-16M

In order to improve system performance, certain space in memory can be reserved for ISA cards. This memory must be mapped into the memory space below 16MB. When enabled, the CPU assumes the 15-16MB memory range is allocated to the hidden ISA address range instead of the actual system DRAM. When disabled, the CPU assumes the 15-16MB address range actually contains DRAM memory. If more than 16MB of system memory is installed, this field must be disabled to provide contiguous system memory.

PCI Express Root Port Func


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
PCI Express Root Port Func
PCI Express Port 1 Auto
PCI Express Port 2 Auto
PCI Express PATA PORT Auto
PCI Express GiGa LAN1 Auto
PCI Express GiGa LAN2 Auto
PCI-E Compliance Mode v1.0a
Item Help
Menu Level ▸▸
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

PCI Express Port 1 and PCI Express Port 2

The options are Auto, Enabled and Disabled.

PCI Express PATA Port

This field is used to configure the PCI Express PATA port function.

PCI Express GiGa LAN1 and PCI Express GiGa LAN2

These fields are used to configure the PCI Express LAN ports.

PCI-E Compliancy Mode

This field is used to select the mode for the PCI Express add-in card.

PEG/OnChip VGA Control

This field is used to select the graphics controller that will serve as the primary boot device. The options are Auto, Onchip VGA and PEG Port.

On-Chip Frame Buffer Size

This field is used to select the onboard VGA's frame buffer size that is shared from the system memory.

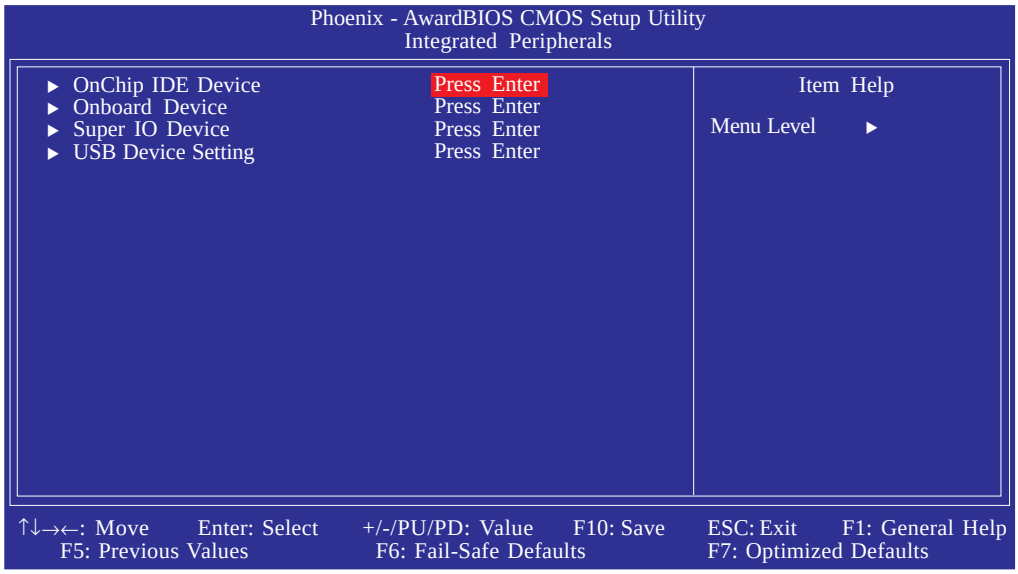
DVMT Mode

This field shows the current DVMT mode.

DVMT/Fixed Memory Size

This field is used to select the graphics memory size used by DVMT/ Fixed mode.

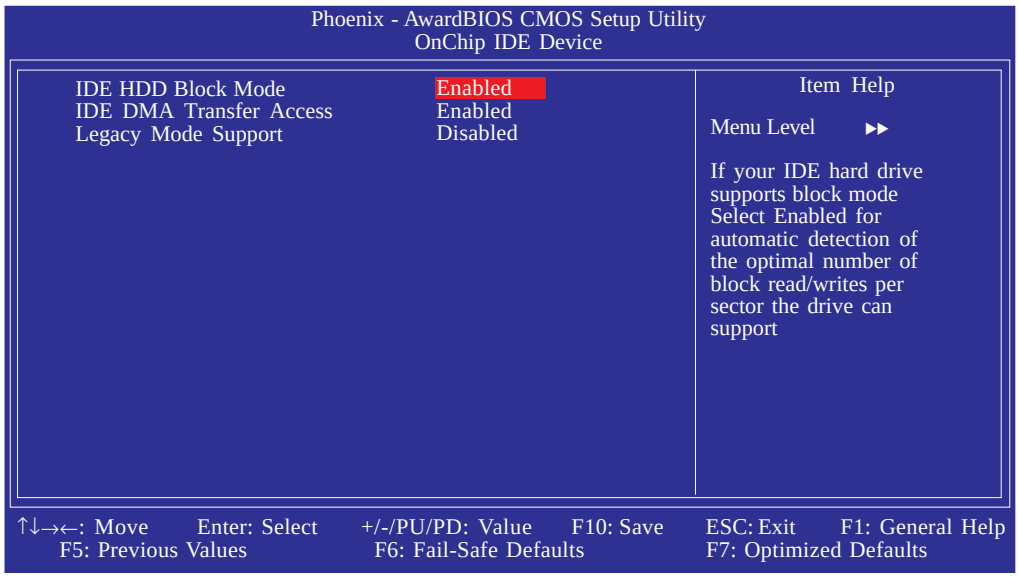
Integrated Peripherals



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

OnChip IDE Device

Move the cursor to this field and press <Enter>. The following screen will appear.



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

IDE HDD Block Mode

Enabled The IDE HDD uses the block mode. The system BIOS will check the hard disk drive for the maximum block size the system can transfer. The block size will depend on the type of hard disk drive.

Disabled The IDE HDD uses the standard mode.

IDE DMA Transfer Access

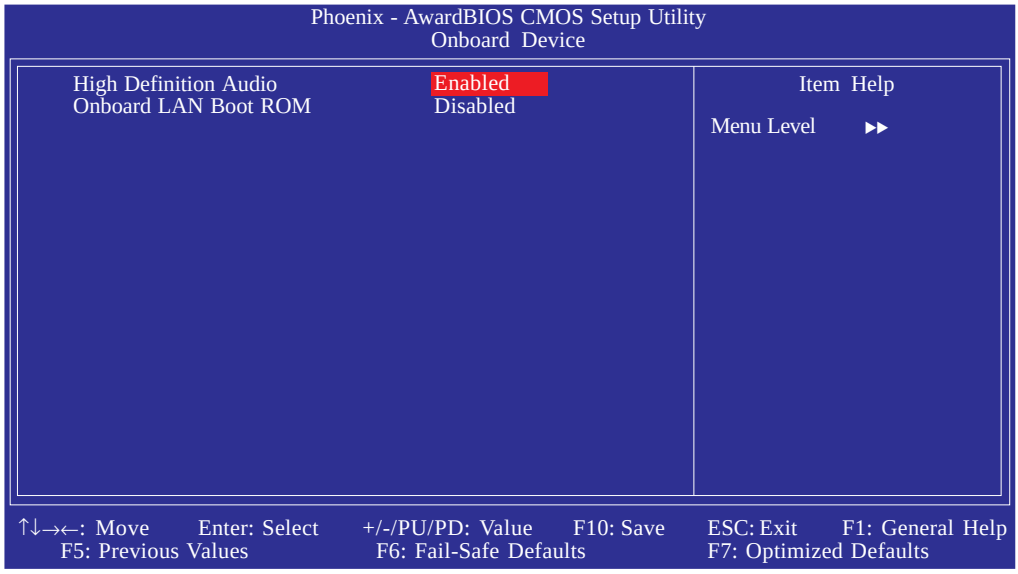
This field is used to enable or disable the DMA transfer function of an IDE hard drive.

Legacy Mode Support

The options are Enabled and Disabled.

Onboard Device

Move the cursor to this field and press <Enter>. The following screen will appear.



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

High Definition Audio

Enabled Select this option when using the onboard High Definition audio.

Disabled Select this option when using a PCI sound card.

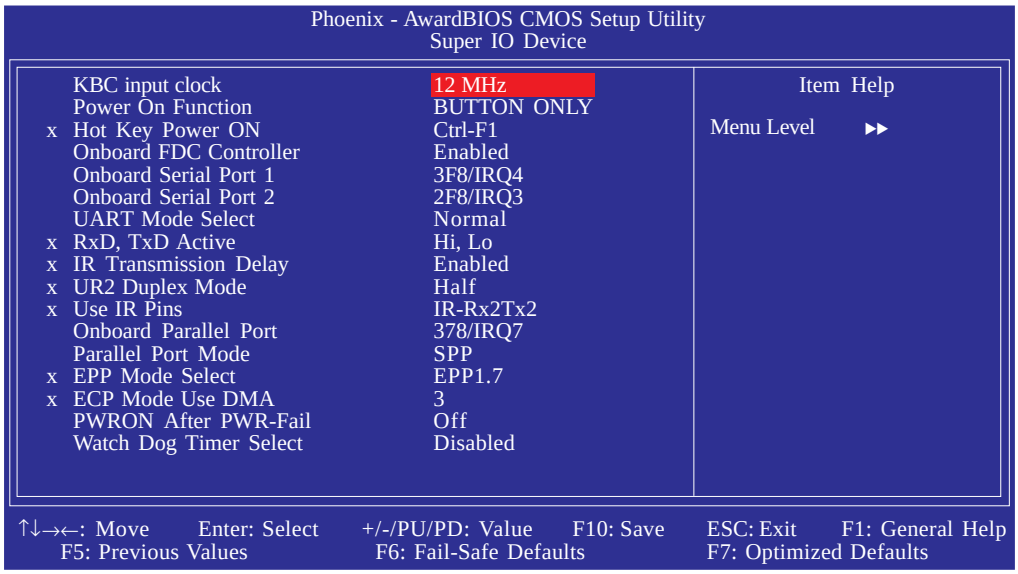
Onboard LAN Boot ROM

Enable this field if you wish to use the boot ROM (instead of a disk drive) to boot-up the system and access the local area network directly.

If you wish to change the boot ROM's settings, type the <Shift> and <F10> keys simultaneously when prompted during boot-up. Take note: you will be able to access the boot ROM's program (by typing <Shift> + <F10>) only when this field is enabled.

Super IO Device

Move the cursor to this field and press <Enter>. The following screen will appear.


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Super IO Device
KBC input clock 12 MHz
Power On Function BUTTON ONLY
x Hot Key Power ON Ctrl-F1
Onboard FDC Controller Enabled
Onboard Serial Port 1 3F8/IRQ4
Onboard Serial Port 2 2F8/IRQ3
UART Mode Select Normal
x RxD, TxD Active Hi, Lo
x IR Transmission Delay Enabled
x UR2 Duplex Mode Half
x Use IR Pins IR-Rx2Tx2
Onboard Parallel Port 378/IRQ7
Parallel Port Mode SPP
x EPP Mode Select EPP1.7
x ECP Mode Use DMA 3
PWRON After PWR-Fail Off
Watch Dog Timer Select Disabled
Item Help
Menu Level ▸▸
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

KBC Input Clock

This is used to select the input clock of your keyboard. The options are: 8MHz and 12MHz.

Power On Function

This field allows you to use the PS/2 keyboard or PS/2 mouse to power-on the system.

Keyboard 98	When this option is selected, press the "wake up" key of the Windows® 98 compatible keyboard to power-on the system.
Button only	Default setting. Uses the power button to power on the system.
Hot Key	When this option is selected, select the function key you would like to use to power-on the system in the "Hot Key Power On" field.
Mouse Left	When this option is selected, double-click the left button of the mouse to power-on the system.

Mouse Right When this option is selected, double-click the right button of the mouse to power-on the system.
Any Key Press any key to power-on the system.

Hot Key Power On

This field is used to select a function key that you would like to use to power-on the system.

Onboard FDC Controller

Enabled Enables the onboard floppy disk controller.
Disabled Disables the onboard floppy disk controller.

Onboard Serial Port 1 and Onboard Serial Port 2

Auto The system will automatically select an I/O address for the onboard serial port 1 and serial port 2.
3F8/IRQ4, 2F8/IRQ3, 3E8/IRQ4, 2E8/IRQ3 Allows you to manually select an I/O address for the onboard serial port 1 and serial port 2.
Disabled Disables the onboard serial port 1 and/or serial port 2.

UART Mode Select

This field is used to select the type of IrDA standard supported by your IrDA device. For better transmission of data, your IrDA peripheral device must be within a 30o angle and within a distance of 1 meter.

RxD, TxD Active

The options are Hi, Lo; Lo, Hi; Lo, Lo; and Hi, Hi.

IR Transmission Delay

If this field is Enabled, transmission of data will be slower. This is recommended when you encounter transmission problem with your device. The options are: Enabled and Disabled.

UR2 Duplex Mode

Half Data is completely transmitted before receiving data.
Full Transmits and receives data simultaneously.

Use IR Pins

The options are IR-Rx2Tx2 and RxD2TxD2.

Onboard Parallel Port

378/IRQ7, 3BC/IRQ7, 278/IRQ5 Selects the I/O address and IRQ for the onboard parallel port.
Disabled Disables the onboard parallel port.

Parallel Port Mode

The options are SPP, EPP, ECP and ECP+EPP. These apply to a standard specification and will depend on the type and speed of your device. Refer to your peripheral's manual for the best option.

SPP
Allows normal speed operation but in one direction only.

"ECP (Extended Capabilities Port)"
Allows parallel port to operate in bidirectional mode and at a speed faster than the normal mode's data transfer rate.

"EPP (Enhanced Parallel Port)"
Allows bidirectional parallel port operation at maximum speed.

EPP Mode Select

This field is used to select the EPP mode.

ECP Mode Use DMA

This field is used to select a DMA channel for the parallel port. The options are 1 and 3. Default setting: 3.

PWRON After PWR-Fail

Off When power returns after an AC power failure, the system's power is off. You must press the Power button to power-on the system.

On When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will automatically power-on.

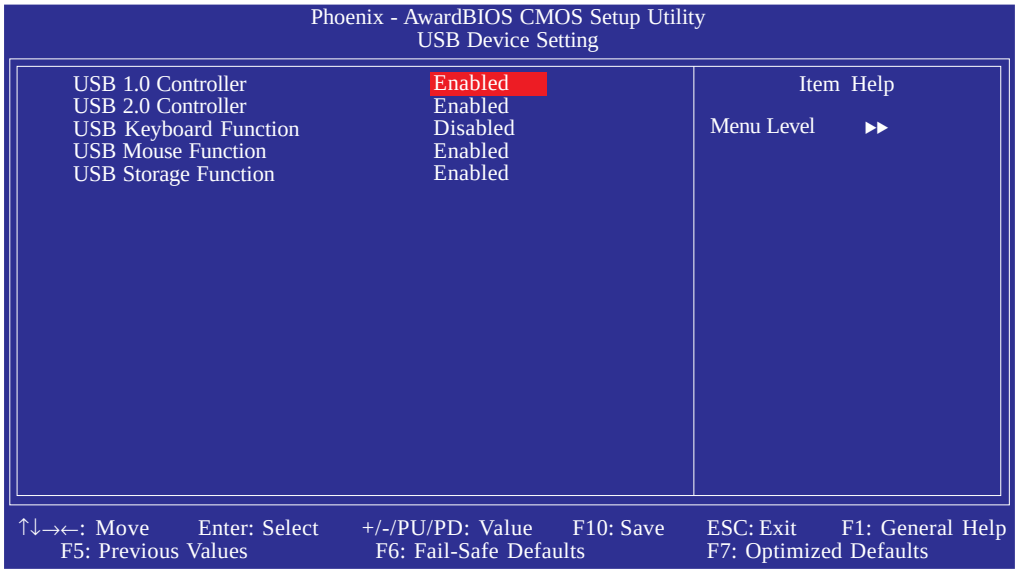
Former-Sts When power returns after an AC power failure, the system will return to the state where you left off before power failure occurs. If the system's power is off when AC power failure occurs, it will remain off when power returns. If the system's power is on when AC power failure occurs, the system will power-on when power returns.

Watch Dog Timer Select

This field is used to select the time interval of the Watchdog timer. If the system hangs or fails to function, it will reset at the set time interval so that your system will continue to operate.

USB Device Setting

Move the cursor to this field and press <Enter>. The following screen will appear.



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

USB 1.0 Controller

This field is used to enable or disable the Universal Host Controller Interface (USB 1.0).

USB 2.0 Controller

This field is used to enable or disable the Enhanced Host Controller Interface (USB 2.0).

USB Keyboard Function

Due to the limited space of the BIOS ROM, the support for legacy USB keyboard (in DOS mode) is by default set to Disabled. With more BIOS ROM space available, it will be able to support more advanced features as well as provide compatibility to a wide variety of peripheral devices.

If a PS/2 keyboard is not available and you need to use a USB keyboard to install Windows (installation is performed in DOS mode) or run any program under DOS, set this field to Enabled.

USB Mouse Function

Due to the limited space of the BIOS ROM, the support for legacy USB mouse (in DOS mode) is by default set to Disabled. With more BIOS ROM space available, it will be able to support more advanced features as well as provide compatibility to a wide variety of peripheral devices.

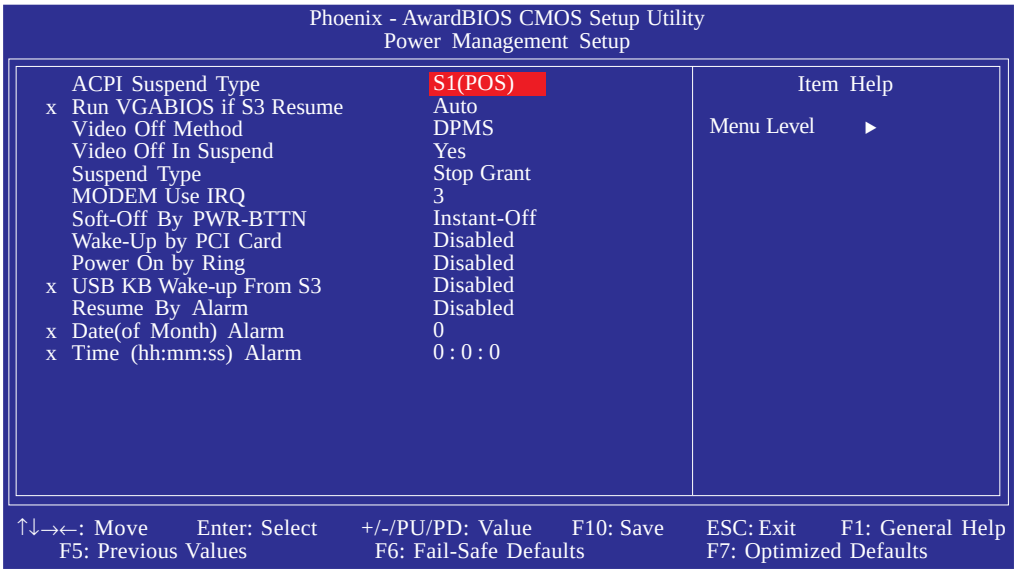
If a PS/2 mouse is not available and you need to use a USB mouse to install Windows (installation is performed in DOS mode) or run any program under DOS, set this field to Enabled.

USB Storage Function

This field is used to enable or disable the support for legacy USB mass storage.

Power Management Setup

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure your system to most effectively save energy.


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
Power Management Setup
ACPI Suspend Type S1(POS)
x Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume Auto
Video Off Method DPMS
Video Off In Suspend Yes
Suspend Type Stop Grant
MODEM Use IRQ 3
Soft-Off By PWR-BTTN Instant-Off
Wake-Up by PCI Card Disabled
Power On by Ring Disabled
x USB KB Wake-up From S3 Disabled
Resume By Alarm Disabled
x Date(of Month) Alarm 0
x Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm 0 : 0 : 0
Item Help
Menu Level ▶
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

ACPI Suspend Type

This field is used to select the type of Suspend mode.

S1(POS) Enables the Power On Suspend function.
S3(STR) Enables the Suspend to RAM function.

Run VGABIOS if S3 Resume

When this field is set to Auto, the system will initialize the VGA BIOS when it wakes up from the S3 state. This can be configured only if the "ACPI Suspend Type" field is set to "S3(STR)". When this feature is disabled, the system resume time is shortened but system will need an AGP driver to initialize the VGA card. Therefore, if the AGP driver of the card does not support the initialization feature, the display may work abnormally or not function after resuming from S3.

Video Off Method

This determines the manner in which the monitor is blanked.

V/H SYNC + Blank This will cause the system to turn off the vertical and horizontal synchronization ports and write blanks to the video buffer.

Blank Screen This only writes blanks to the video buffer.

DPMS Support Initializes display power management signaling. Select this if your video board supports it.

Video Off In Suspend

This field is used to activate the video off feature when the system enters the Suspend mode.

Suspend Type

The options are Stop Grant and PwrOn Suspend.

MODEM Use IRQ

This field is used to set an IRQ channel for the modem installed in your system.

Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

This field allows you to select the method of powering off your system.

Delay 4 Sec. Regardless of whether the Power Management function is enabled or disabled, if the power button is pushed and released in less than 4 sec, the system enters the Suspend mode. The purpose of this function is to prevent the system from powering off in case you accidentally "hit" or pushed the power button. Push and release again in less than 4 sec to restore. Pushing the power button for more than 4 seconds will power off the system.

Instant-Off Pressing and then releasing the power button at once will immediately power off your system.

Wake-Up By PCI Card

Enabled This field should be set to Enabled only if your PCI card such as LAN card or modem card uses the PCI PME (Power Management Event) signal to remotely wake up the system. Access to the LAN card or PCI card will cause the system to wake up. Refer to the card's documentation for more information.

Disabled The system will not wake up despite access to the PCI card.

Power On By Ring

When this field is set to Enabled, the system will power-on to respond to calls coming from a modem. Refer to "Wake-On-Ring Connector" in chapter 2 for more information.

USB KB Wake-Up From S3

This field, when enabled, allows you to use a USB keyboard or USB mouse to wake up a system that is in the S3 (STR - Suspend To RAM) state. This can be configured only if the "ACPI Suspend Type" field is set to "S3(STR)".

Resume By Alarm

Enabled When Enabled, you can set the date and time you would like the Soft Power Down (Soft-Off) PC to power-on in the "Date (of Month) Alarm" and "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" fields. However, if the system is being accessed by incoming calls or the network (Resume On Ring/LAN) prior to the date and time set in these fields, the system will give priority to the incoming calls or network.

Disabled Disables the automatic power-on function. (default)

Date (of Month) Alarm

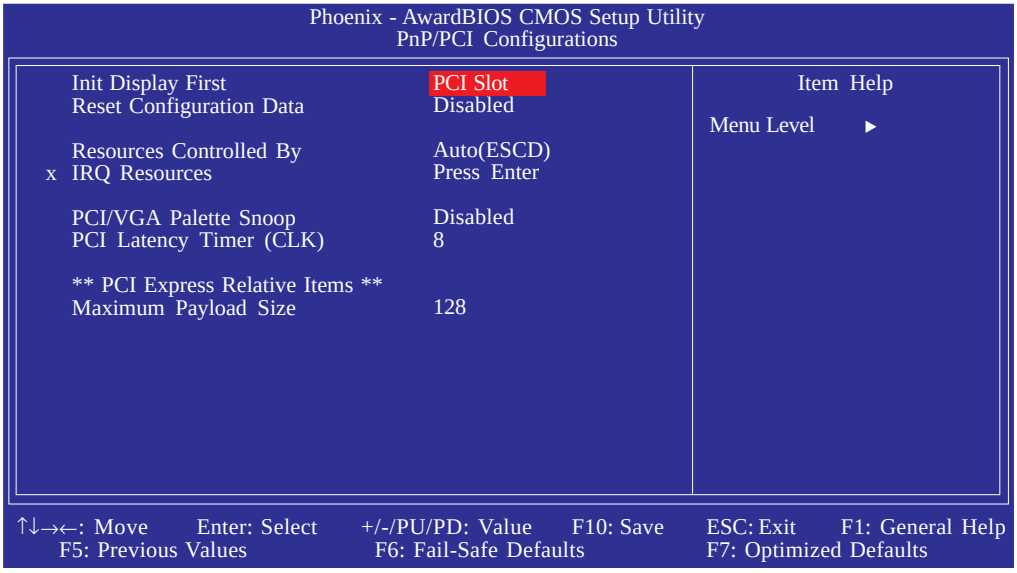
0	The system will power-on everyday according to the time set in the "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" field.
1-31	Select a date you would like the system to power-on. The system will power-on on the set date, and time set in the "Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm" field.

Time (hh:mm:ss) Alarm

This is used to set the time you would like the system to power-on. If you want the system to power-on everyday as set in the "Date (of Month) Alarm" field, the time set in this field must be later than the time of the RTC set in the Standard CMOS Features submenu.

PnP/PCI Configurations

This section shows how to configure the PCI bus system. It covers some very technical items and it is strongly recommended that only experienced users should make any changes to the default settings.



The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

Init Display First

Onboard When the system boots, it will first initialize the onboard VGA.

PCI Slot When the system boots, it will first initialize PCI.

Reset Configuration Data

Enabled The BIOS will reset the Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) once automatically. It will then recreate a new set of configuration data.

Disabled The BIOS will not reset the configuration data.

Resources Controlled By

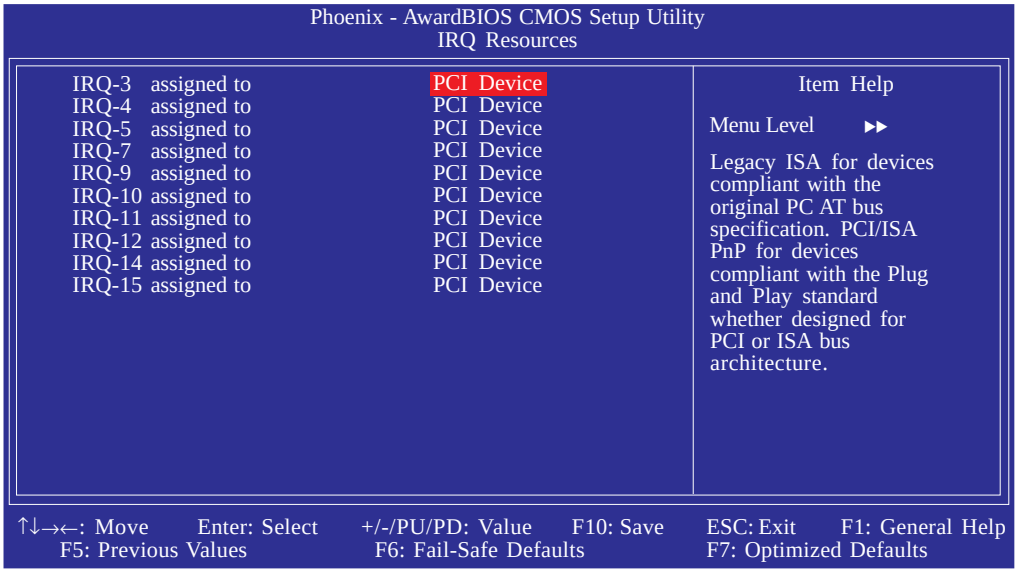
The Award Plug and Play BIOS has the capability to automatically configure all of the boot and Plug and Play compatible devices.

Auto(ESCD) The system will automatically detect the settings for you.

Manual Choose the specific IRQ resources in the "IRQ Resources" field.

IRQ Resources

Move the cursor to this field and press <Enter>. Set each system interrupt to either PCI Device or Reserved.


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
IRQ Resources
IRQ-3 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-4 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-5 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-7 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-9 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-10 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-11 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-12 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-14 assigned to PCI Device
IRQ-15 assigned to PCI Device
Item Help
Menu Level ▸▸
Legacy ISA for devices compliant with the original PC AT bus specification. PCI/ISA PnP for devices compliant with the Plug and Play standard whether designed for PCI or ISA bus architecture.
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

This field determines whether the MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards can work with PCI/VGA or not. The default value is Disabled.

Enabled MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards work with PCI/VGA.
Disabled MPEG ISA/VESA VGA cards does not work with PCI/VGA.

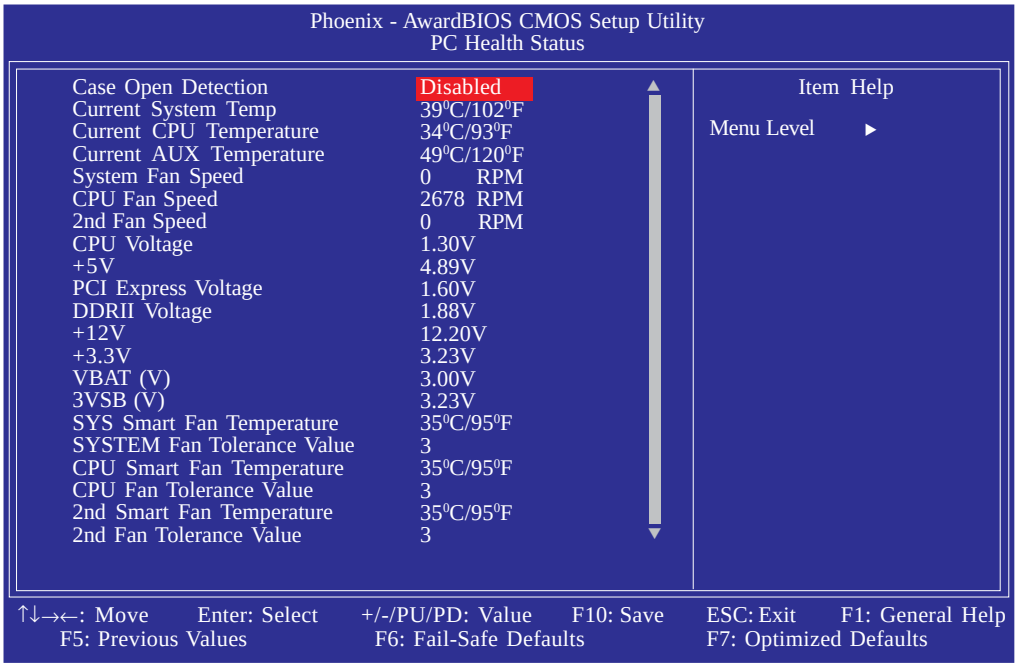
PCI Latency Timer (CLK)

This feature is used to select the length of time each PCI device will control the bus before another takes over. The larger the value, the longer the PCI device can retain control of the bus. Since each access to the bus comes with an initial delay before any transaction can be made, low values for the PCI Latency Timer will reduce the effectiveness of the PCI bandwidth while higher values will improve it.

Maximum Payload Size

This field is used to select the maximum TLP payload size of the PCI Express devices. The unit is byte.

PC Health Status


Phoenix - AwardBIOS CMOS Setup Utility
PC Health Status
Case Open Detection Disabled
Current System Temp 39°C/102°F
Current CPU Temperature 34°C/93°F
Current AUX Temperature 49°C/120°F
System Fan Speed 0 RPM
CPU Fan Speed 2678 RPM
2nd Fan Speed 0 RPM
CPU Voltage 1.30V
+5V 4.89V
PCI Express Voltage 1.60V
DDRII Voltage 1.88V
+12V 12.20V
+3.3V 3.23V
VBAT (V) 3.00V
3VSB (V) 3.23V
SYS Smart Fan Temperature 35°C/95°F
SYSTEM Fan Tolerance Value 3
CPU Smart Fan Temperature 35°C/95°F
CPU Fan Tolerance Value 3
2nd Smart Fan Temperature 35°C/95°F
2nd Fan Tolerance Value 3
Item Help
Menu Level ▸
↑↓→←: Move Enter: Select +/-/PU/PD: Value F10: Save ESC: Exit F1: General Help
F5: Previous Values F6: Fail-Safe Defaults F7: Optimized Defaults

The screen above list all the fields available in the PC Health Status submenu, for ease of reference in this manual. In the actual CMOS setup, you have to use the scroll bar to view the fields. The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

Case Open Detection

Set this field to Enabled to allow the system to alert you of a chassis intrusion event.

Current System Temp to 3VSB (V)

These fields will show the temperature, fan speed and output voltage of the monitored devices or components.

Note:

The onboard hardware monitor function is capable of detecting "system health" conditions but if you want a warning message to pop-up or a warning alarm to sound when an abnormal condition occurs, you must install the Hardware Monitor for Windows utility. This utility is included in the CD that came with the system board. Refer to the Hardware Monitor for Windows section in chapter 4 for more information.

SYS Smart Fan Temperature

This field is used to select the temperature at which the system fan runs at full speed. The temperature will vary within the range of the tolerance value selected in the field below.

System Fan Tolerance Value

This field is used to select the tolerance value of the system's temperature. The options are 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. If you selected 3, it allows the temperature to run 3 degrees higher or lower. The system fan will smartly adjust it's speed in accordance to the temperature.

CPU Smart Fan Temperature

This field is used to select the temperature at which the CPU fan runs at full speed. The temperature will vary within the range of the tolerance value selected in the field below.

CPU Fan Tolerance Value

This field is used to select the tolerance value of the CPU's temperature. The options are 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. If you selected 3, it allows the temperature to run 3 degrees higher or lower. The CPU fan will smartly adjust it's speed in accordance to the temperature.

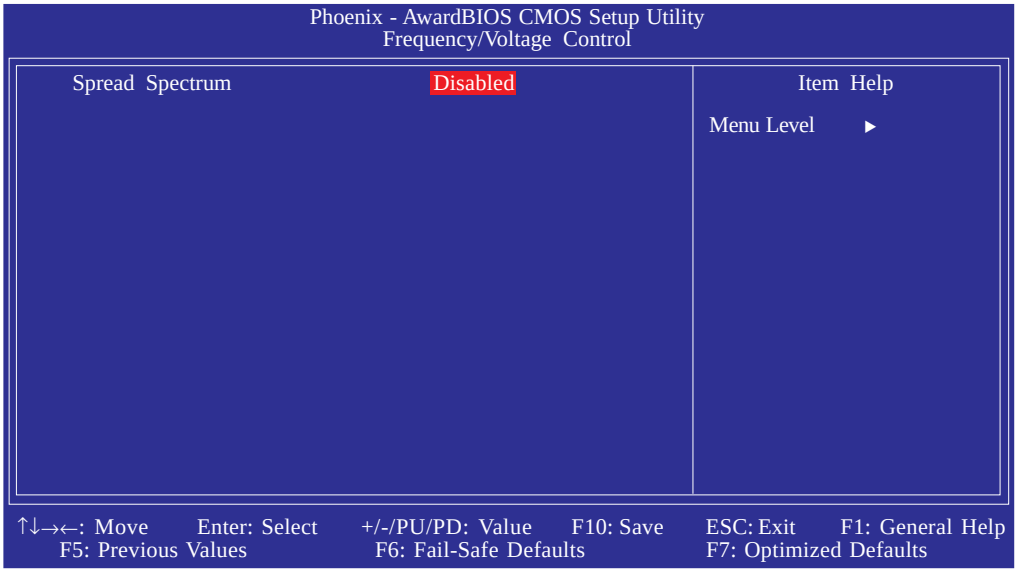
2nd Smart Fan Temperature

This field is used to select the temperature at which the 2nd fan runs at full speed. The temperature will vary within the range of the tolerance value selected in the field below.

2nd Fan Tolerance Value

This field is used to select the tolerance value of the 2nd fan's temperature. The options are 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5. If you selected 3, it allows the temperature to run 3 degrees higher or lower. The 2nd fan will smartly adjust it's speed in accordance to the temperature.

Frequency/Voltage Control



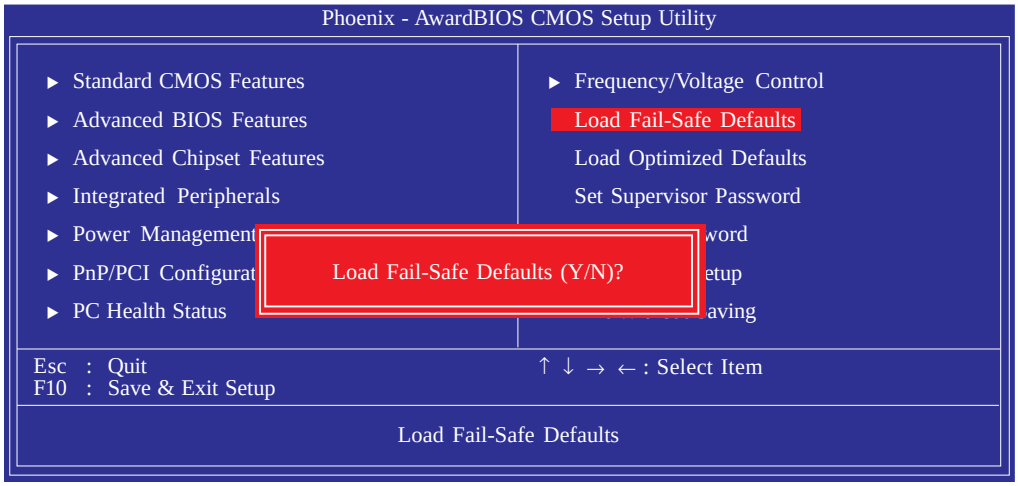
The settings on the screen are for reference only. Your version may not be identical to this one.

Spread Spectrum

Leave this field in its default setting. Do not alter this setting unless advised by an engineer or technician.

Load Fail-Safe Defaults

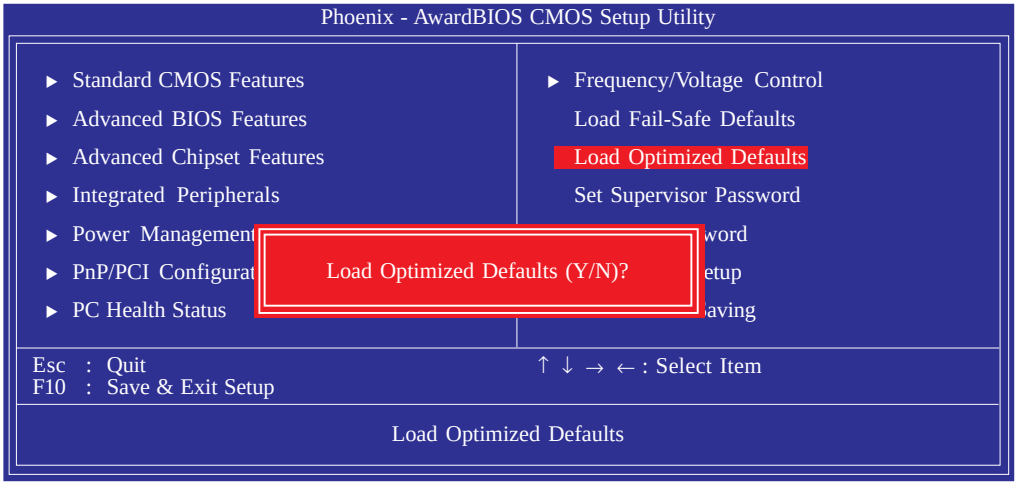
The "Load Fail-Safe Defaults" option loads the troubleshooting default values permanently stored in the ROM chips. These settings are not optimal and turn off all high performance features. You should use these values only if you have hardware problems. Highlight this option in the main menu and press <Enter>.



If you want to proceed, type <Y> and press <Enter>. The default settings will be loaded.

Load Optimized Defaults

The "Load Optimized Defaults" option loads optimized settings from the BIOS ROM. Use the default values as standard values for your system. Highlight this option in the main menu and press <Enter>.

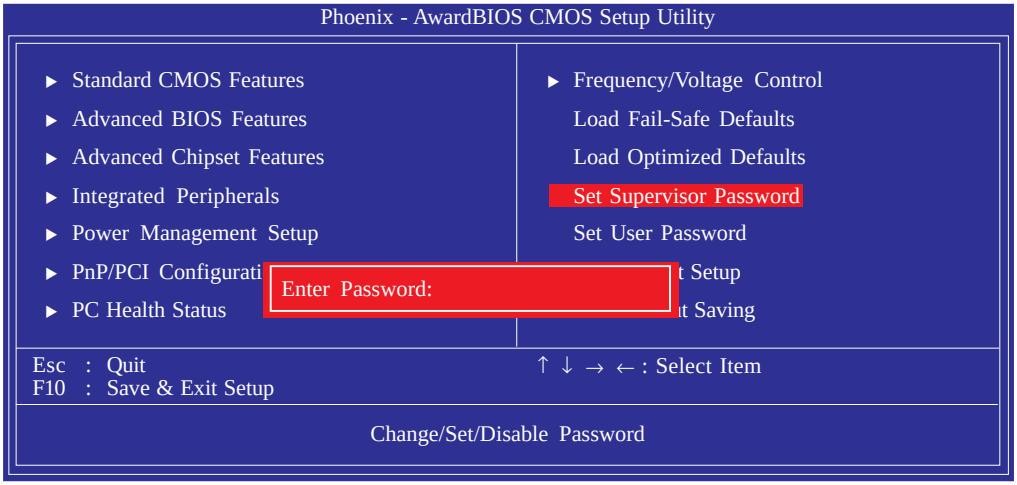


Type <Y> and press <Enter> to load the Setup default values.

Set Supervisor Password

If you want to protect your system and setup from unauthorized entry, set a supervisor's password with the "System" option selected in the Advanced BIOS Features. If you want to protect access to setup only, but not your system, set a supervisor's password with the "Setup" option selected in the Advanced BIOS Features. You will not be prompted for a password when you cold boot the system.

Use the arrow keys to highlight "Set Supervisor Password" and press <Enter>.



Type in the password. You are limited to eight characters. When done, the message below will appear:

Confirm Password:

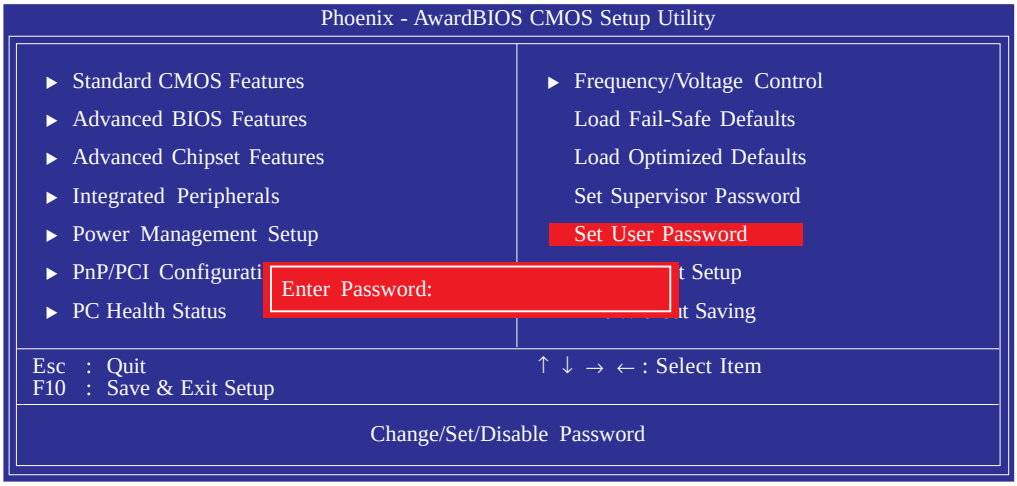
You are asked to verify the password. Type in exactly the same password. If you type in a wrong password, you will be prompted to enter the correct password again. To delete or disable the password function, highlight "Set Supervisor Password" and press <Enter>, instead of typing in a new password. Press the <Esc> key to return to the main menu.

Set User Password

If you want another user to have access only to your system but not to setup, set a user's password with the "System" option selected in the Advanced BIOS Features. If you want a user to enter a password when trying to access setup, set a user's password with the "Setup" option selected in the Advanced BIOS Features.

Using user's password to enter Setup allows a user to access only "Set User Password" that appears in the main menu screen. Access to all other options is denied.

Use the arrow keys to highlight "Set User Password" and press <Enter>.



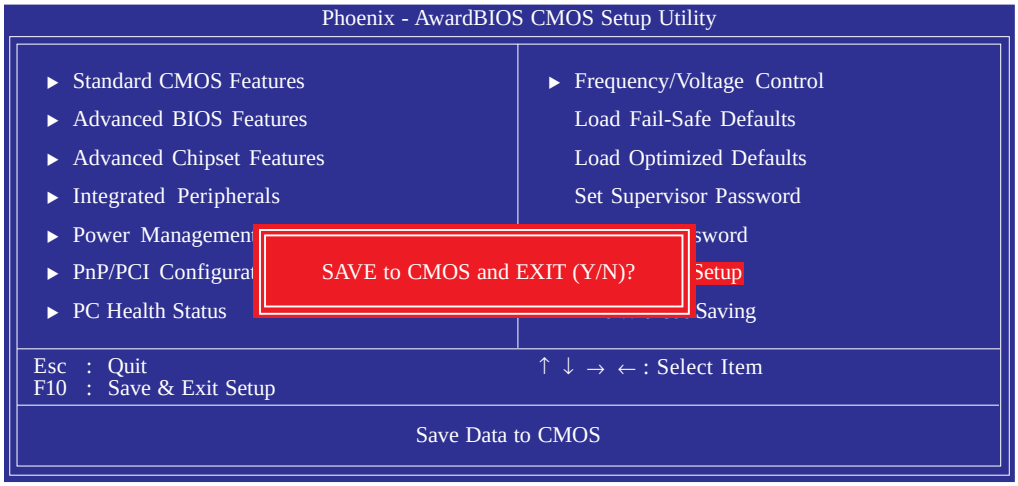
Type in the password. You are limited to eight characters. When done, the message below will appear:

Confirm Password:

You are asked to verify the password. Type in exactly the same password. If you type in a wrong password, you will be prompted to enter the correct password again. To delete or disable the password function, highlight "Set User Password" and press <Enter>, instead of typing in a new password. Press the <Esc> key to return to the main menu.

Save & Exit Setup

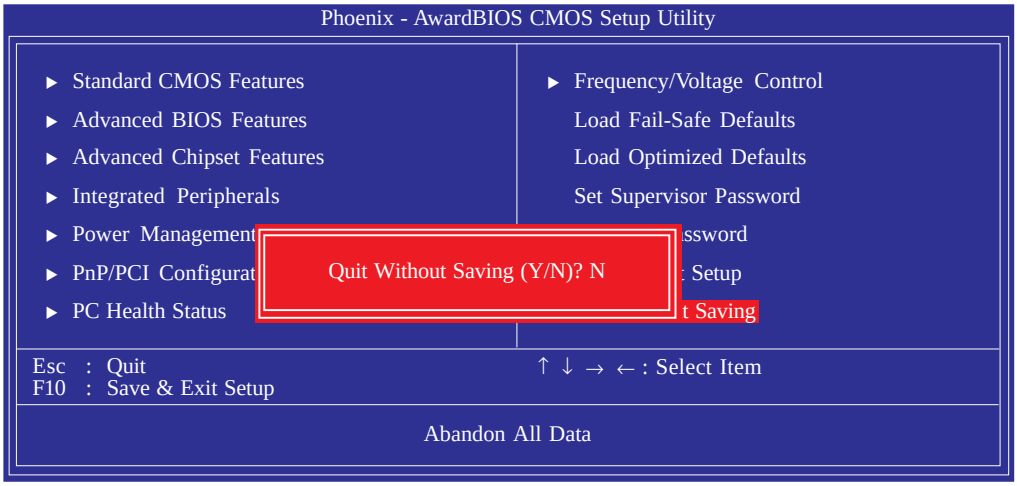
When all the changes have been made, highlight "Save & Exit Setup" and press <Enter>.



Type "Y" and press <Enter>. The modifications you have made will be written into the CMOS memory, and the system will reboot. You will once again see the initial diagnostics on the screen. If you wish to make additional changes to the setup, press <Ctrl> <Alt> <Del> simultaneously after memory testing is done.

Exit Without Saving

When you do not want to save the changes you have made, highlight "Exit Without Saving" and press <Enter>.

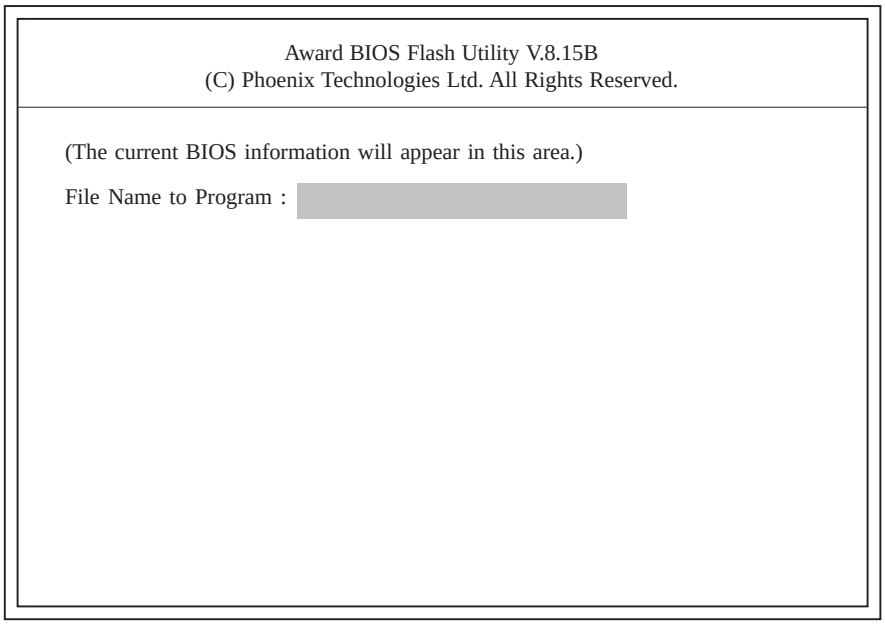


Type "Y" and press <Enter>. The system will reboot and you will once again see the initial diagnostics on the screen. If you wish to make any changes to the setup, press <Ctrl> <Alt> <Del> simultaneously after memory testing is done.

Updating the BIOS

To update the BIOS, you will need the new BIOS file and a flash utility, AWDFLASH.EXE. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the files.

1. Save the new BIOS file along with the flash utility AWDFLASH.EXE to a floppy disk.
2. Reboot the system and enter the Award BIOS Setup Utility to set the first boot drive to "Floppy".
3. Save the setting and reboot the system.
4. After the system booted from the floppy disk, execute the flash utility by typing AWDFLASH.EXE. The following screen will appear.


Award BIOS Flash Utility V.8.15B
(C) Phoenix Technologies Ltd. All Rights Reserved.
(The current BIOS information will appear in this area.)
File Name to Program :

5. Type the new BIOS file name onto the gray area that is next to "File Name to Program" then press <Enter>.

6. The following will appear:

   Do You Want to Save BIOS (Y/N)

   This question refers to the current existing BIOS in your system. We recommend that you save the current BIOS and its flash utility; just in case you need to reinstall the BIOS. To save the current BIOS, press <Y> then enter the file name of the current BIOS. Otherwise, press <N>.

7. The following will then appear:

   Press "Y" to Program or "N" to Exit

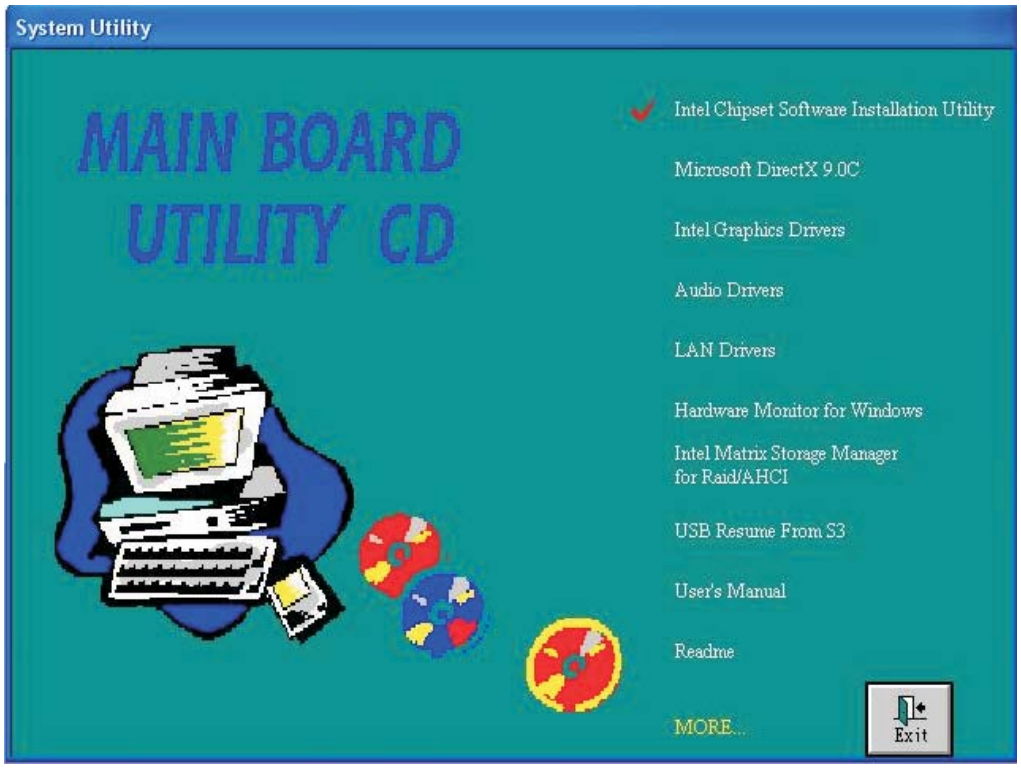
8. Press <Y> to flash the new BIOS.

Chapter 4 - Supported Software

Drivers, Utilities and Software Applications

The CD that came with the system board contains drivers, utilities and software applications required to enhance the performance of the system board.

Insert the CD into a CD-ROM drive. The autorun screen (Mainboard Utility CD) will appear. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Mainboard Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".



Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility

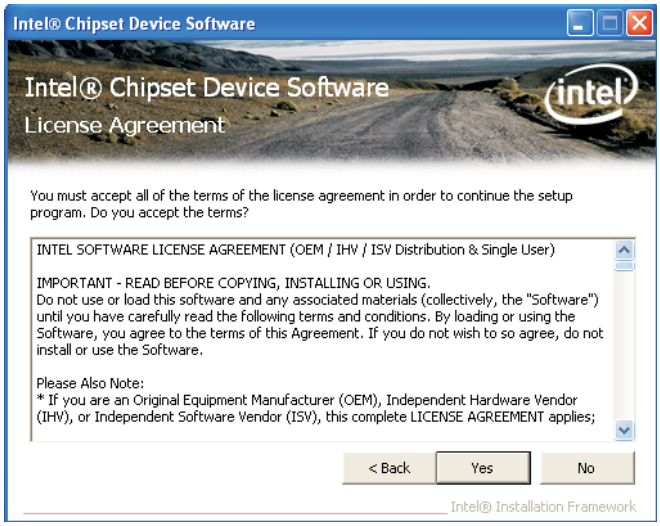
The Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility is used for updating Windows® INF files so that the Intel chipset can be recognized and configured properly in the system.

To install the utility, click "Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility" on the main menu.

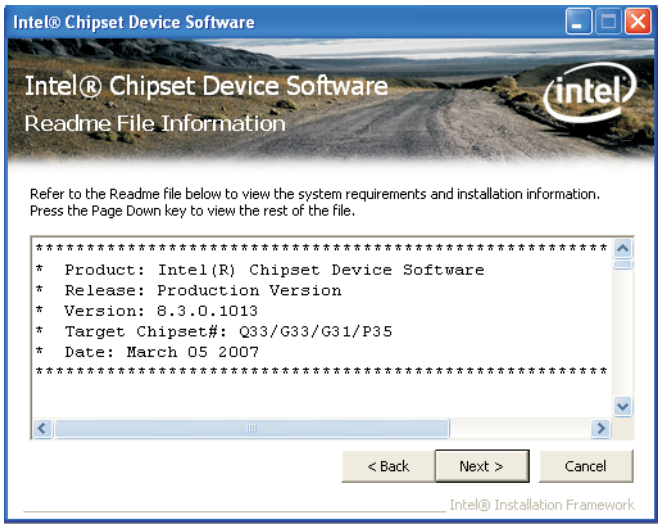
1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.

Intel® Chipset Device Software
Intel® Chipset Device Software
Welcome to the Setup Program
This setup program will install the Intel® Chipset Device Software onto this computer. It is strongly recommended that you exit all Windows* programs before continuing.
< Back
Next >
Cancel
Intel® Installation Framework

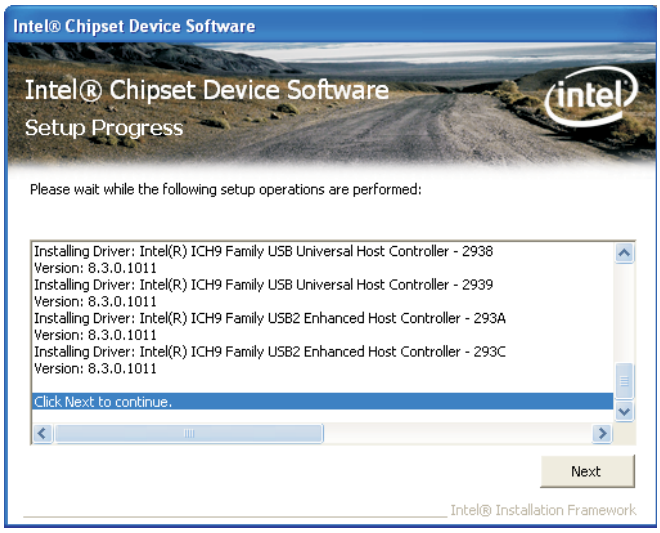
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.


Intel® Chipset Device Software
Intel® Chipset Device Software
License Agreement
You must accept all of the terms of the license agreement in order to continue the setup program. Do you accept the terms?
INTEL SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT (OEM / IHV / ISV Distribution & Single User)
IMPORTANT - READ BEFORE COPYING, INSTALLING OR USING.
Do not use or load this software and any associated materials (collectively, the "Software") until you have carefully read the following terms and conditions. By loading or using the Software, you agree to the terms of this Agreement. If you do not wish to so agree, do not install or use the Software.
Please Also Note:
* If you are an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM), Independent Hardware Vendor (IHV), or Independent Software Vendor (ISV), this complete LICENSE AGREEMENT applies;
< Back
Yes
No
Intel® Installation Framework

3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.


Intel® Chipset Device Software
Intel® Chipset Device Software
Readme File Information
Refer to the Readme file below to view the system requirements and installation information.
Press the Page Down key to view the rest of the file.
* Product: Intel(R) Chipset Device Software
* Release: Production Version
* Version: 8.3.0.1013
* Target Chipset#: Q33/G33/G31/P35
* Date: March 05 2007
< Back
Next >
Cancel
Intel® Installation Framework

4. After all setup operations are done, click Next.


Intel® Chipset Device Software
Intel® Chipset Device Software
Setup Progress
Please wait while the following setup operations are performed:
Installing Driver: Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2938
Version: 8.3.0.1011
Installing Driver: Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2939
Version: 8.3.0.1011
Installing Driver: Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 293A
Version: 8.3.0.1011
Installing Driver: Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 293C
Version: 8.3.0.1011
Click Next to continue.
Next
Intel® Installation Framework

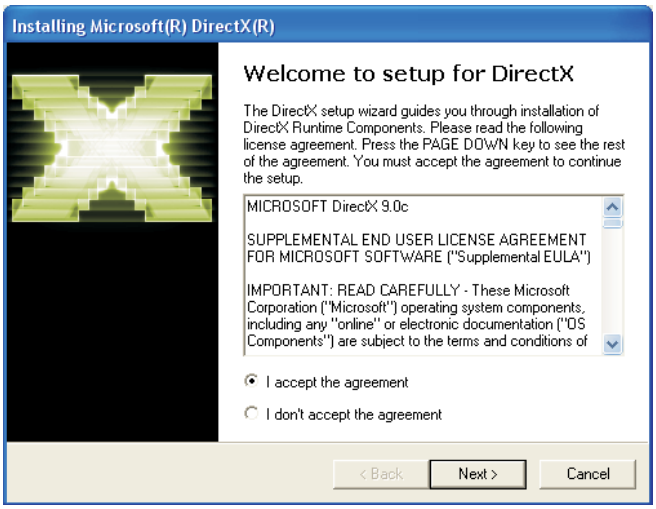
5. Click Finish to exit setup.

Intel® Chipset Device Software
Intel® Chipset Device Software
Setup Is Complete
The setup program successfully installed the Intel® Chipset Device Software onto this computer.
Click Finish to complete the setup process.
Finish
Intel® Installation Framework

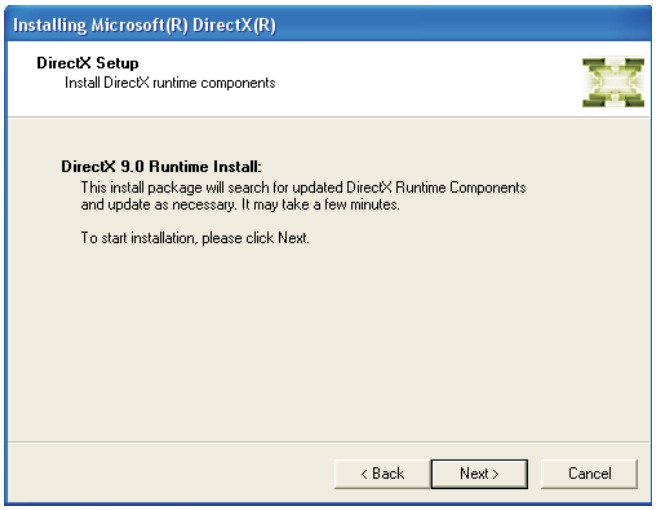
Microsoft DirectX 9.0C Driver

To install, click "Microsoft DirectX 9.0C Driver" on the main menu.

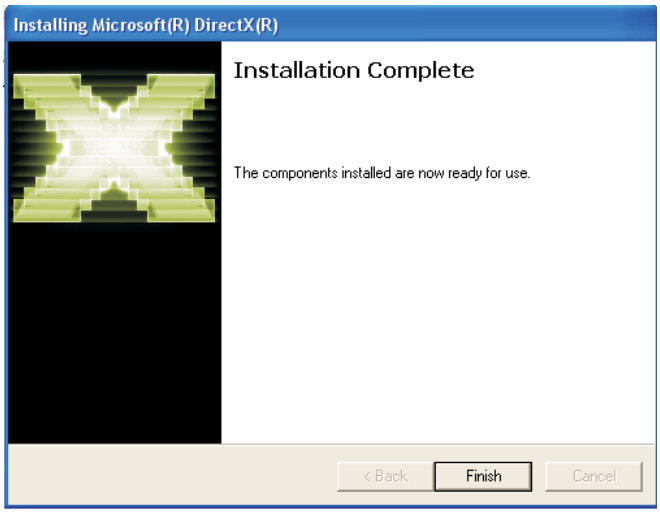
1. Click "I accept the agreement" then click Next.


Installing Microsoft(R) DirectX(R)
Welcome to setup for DirectX
The DirectX setup wizard guides you through installation of DirectX Runtime Components. Please read the following license agreement. Press the PAGE DOWN key to see the rest of the agreement. You must accept the agreement to continue the setup.
MICROSOFT DirectX 9.0c
SUPPLEMENTAL END USER LICENSE AGREEMENT FOR MICROSOFT SOFTWARE ("Supplemental EULA")
IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY - These Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft") operating system components, including any "online" or electronic documentation ("OS Components") are subject to the terms and conditions of
I accept the agreement
I don't accept the agreement
< Back
Next >
Cancel

2. You are now ready to install DirectX. Click Next.


Installing Microsoft(R) DirectX(R)
DirectX Setup
Install DirectX runtime components
DirectX 9.0 Runtime Install:
This install package will search for updated DirectX Runtime Components and update as necessary. It may take a few minutes.
To start installation, please click Next.
< Back
Next >
Cancel

3. Click Finish. Reboot the system for DirectX to take effect.

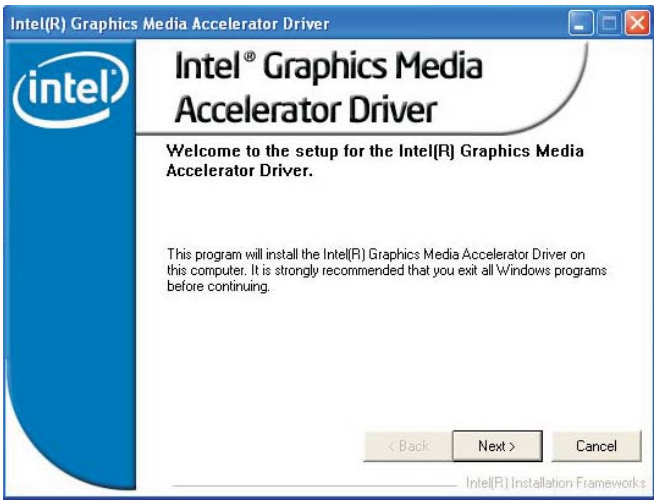


4 Supported Software

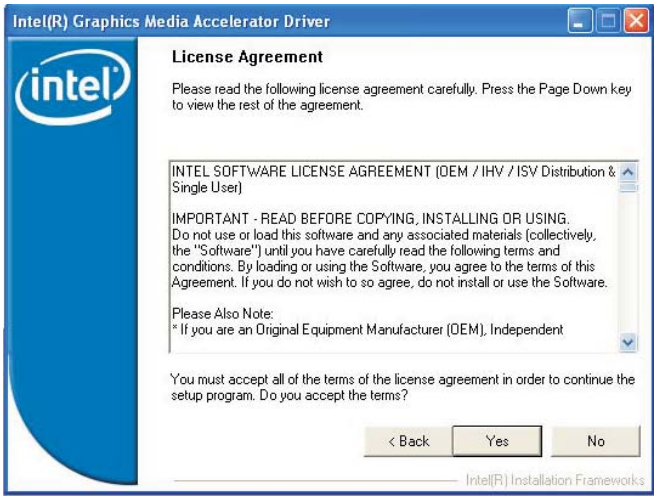
Intel Graphics Drivers

To install the driver, click "Intel Graphics Drivers" on the main menu.

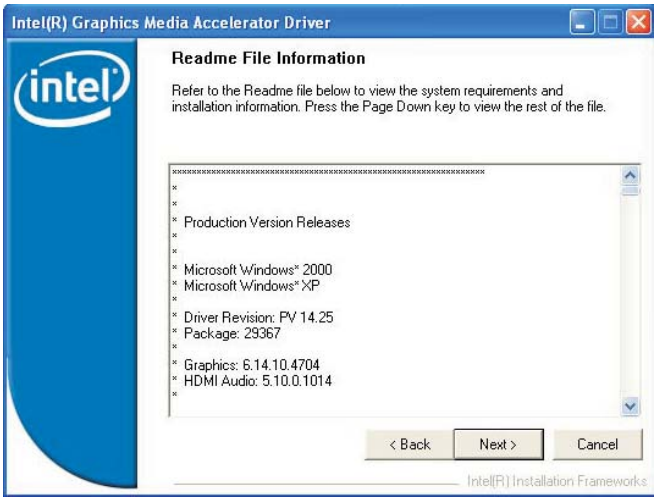
1. Setup is now ready to install the graphics driver. Click Next.


Intel(R) Graphics Media Accelerator Driver
Intel® Graphics Media Accelerator Driver
Welcome to the setup for the Intel(R) Graphics Media Accelerator Driver.
This program will install the Intel(R) Graphics Media Accelerator Driver on this computer. It is strongly recommended that you exit all Windows programs before continuing.
< Back
Next >
Cancel
Intel(R) Installation Frameworks

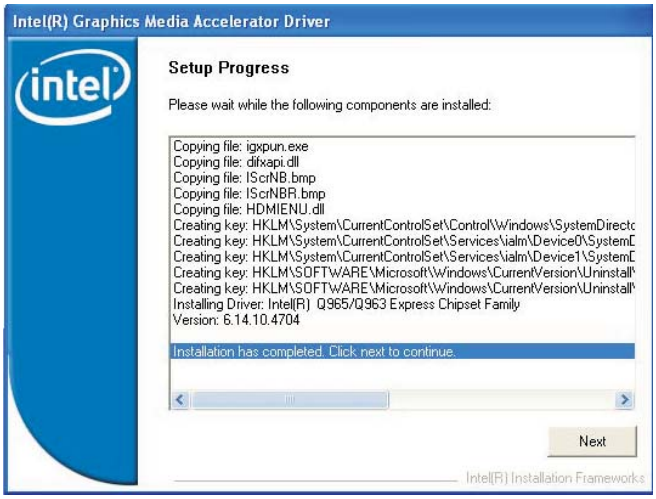
2. Read the license agreement then click Yes.


Intel(R) Graphics Media Accelerator Driver
License Agreement
Please read the following license agreement carefully. Press the Page Down key to view the rest of the agreement.
INTEL SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT (OEM / IHV / ISV Distribution & Single User)
IMPORTANT - READ BEFORE COPYING, INSTALLING OR USING.
Do not use or load this software and any associated materials (collectively, the "Software") until you have carefully read the following terms and conditions. By loading or using the Software, you agree to the terms of this Agreement. If you do not wish to so agree, do not install or use the Software.
Please Also Note:
* If you are an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM), Independent
You must accept all of the terms of the license agreement in order to continue the setup program. Do you accept the terms?
< Back
Yes
No
Intel(R) Installation Frameworks

3. Go through the readme document for more installation tips then click Next.

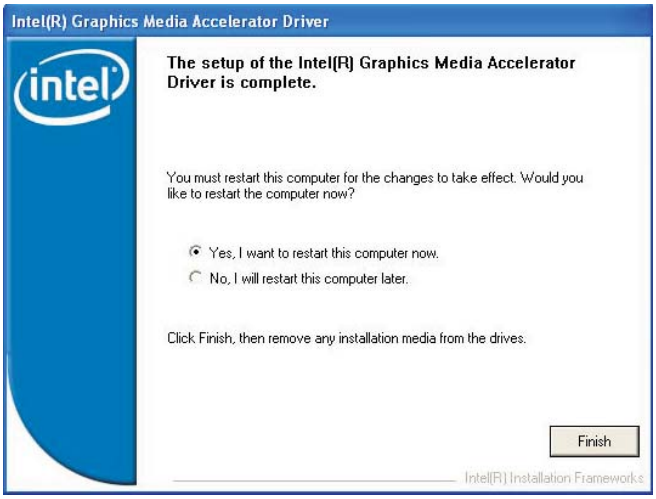

Intel(R) Graphics Media Accelerator Driver
Readme File Information
Refer to the Readme file below to view the system requirements and installation information. Press the Page Down key to view the rest of the file.
* Production Version Releases
* Microsoft Windows* 2000
* Microsoft Windows* XP
* Driver Revision: PV 14.25
* Package: 29367
* Graphics: 6.14.10.4704
* HDMI Audio: 5.10.0.1014
< Back
Next >
Cancel
Intel(R) Installation Frameworks

4. Setup is currently installing the driver. After installation has completed, click Next.



5. Click "Yes, I want to restart this computer now." then click Finish.

   Restarting the system will allow the new software installlation to take effect.

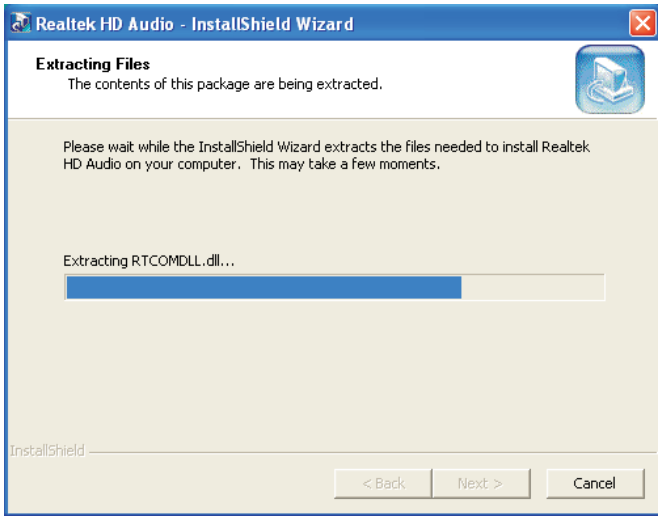

Intel(R) Graphics Media Accelerator Driver
The setup of the Intel(R) Graphics Media Accelerator Driver is complete.
You must restart this computer for the changes to take effect. Would you like to restart the computer now?
Yes, I want to restart this computer now.
No, I will restart this computer later.
Click Finish, then remove any installation media from the drives.
Finish
Intel(R) Installation Frameworks

4 Supported Software

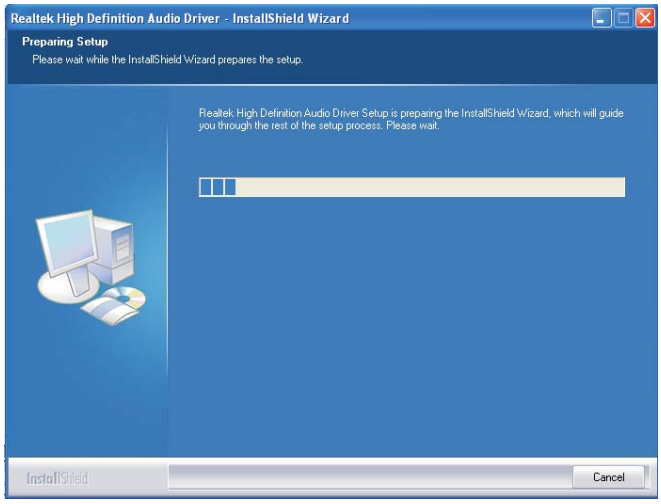
Audio Drivers

To install the driver, click "Audio Drivers" on the main menu.

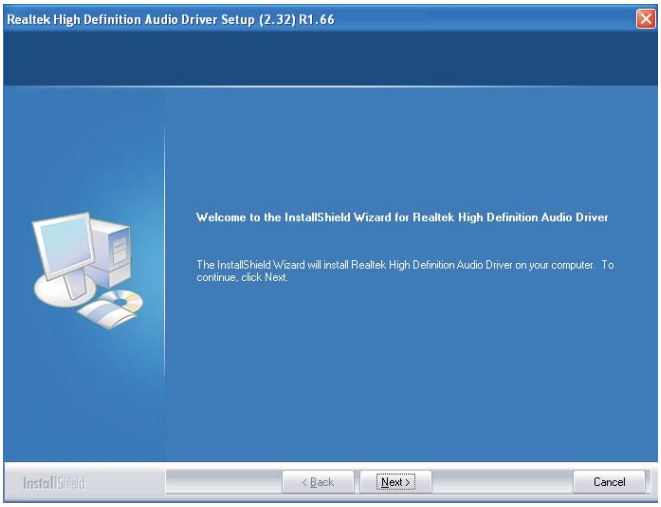
1. The installation wizard will extract the files needed to install HD audio. After all files have been extracted, click Next.


Realtek HD Audio - InstallShield Wizard
Extracting Files
The contents of this package are being extracted.
Please wait while the InstallShield Wizard extracts the files needed to install Realtek HD Audio on your computer. This may take a few moments.
Extracting RTCOMDLL.dll...
InstallShield
< Back
Next >
Cancel

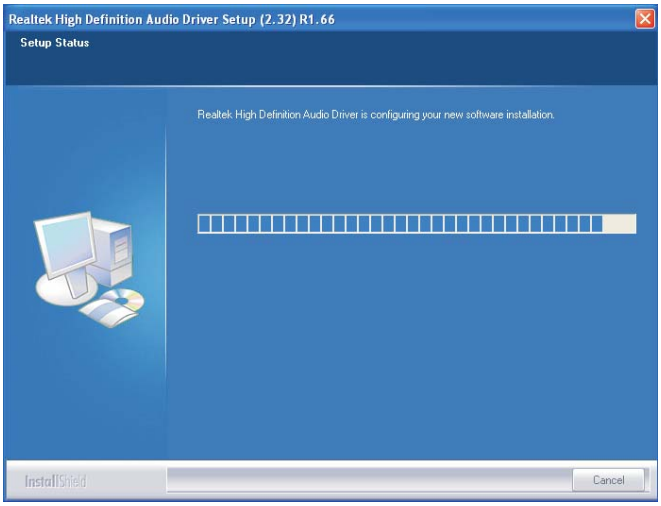
2. Setup is preparing to install the driver.


Realtek High Definition Audio Driver - InstallShield Wizard
Preparing Setup
Please wait while the InstallShield Wizard prepares the setup.
Realtek High Definition Audio Driver Setup is preparing the InstallShield Wizard, which will guide you through the rest of the setup process. Please wait.
InstallShield
Cancel

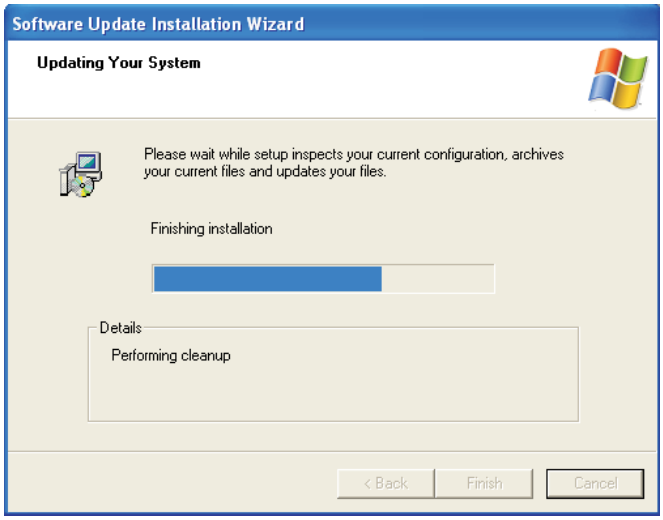
3. Setup is now ready to install the driver. Click Next.


Realtek High Definition Audio Driver Setup (2.32) R1.66
Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for Realtek High Definition Audio Driver
The InstallShield Wizard will install Realtek High Definition Audio Driver on your computer. To continue, click Next.
InstallShield
< Back
Next >
Cancel

4. Setup is configuring your new software installation.

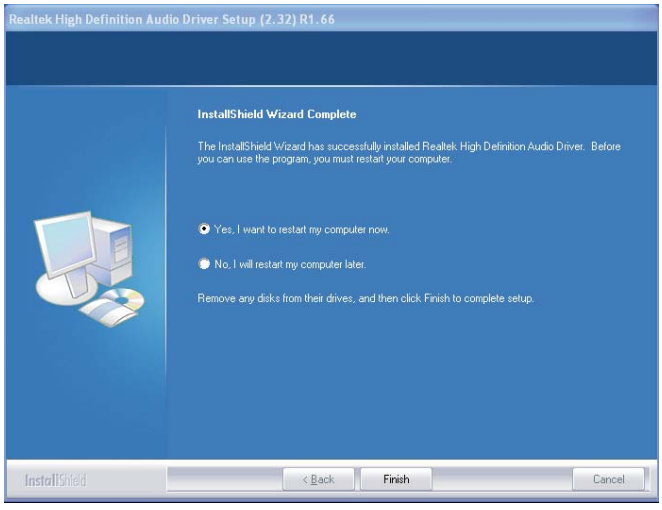

Realtek High Definition Audio Driver Setup (2.32) R1.66
Setup Status
Realtek High Definition Audio Driver is configuring your new software installation.
InstallShield
Cancel

5. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete installation.



6. Click "Yes, I want to restart my computer now" then click Finish.

   Restarting the system will allow the new software installation to take effect.

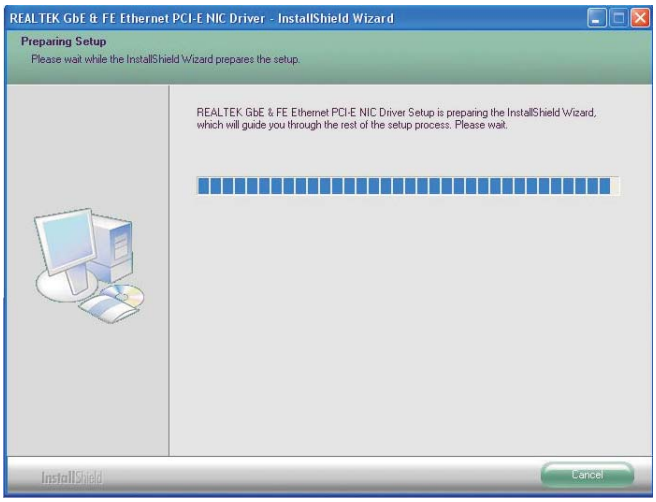

Realtek High Definition Audio Driver Setup (2.32) R1.66
InstallShield Wizard Complete
The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed Realtek High Definition Audio Driver. Before you can use the program, you must restart your computer.
Yes, I want to restart my computer now.
No, I will restart my computer later.
Remove any disks from their drives, and then click Finish to complete setup.
InstallShield
< Back
Finish
Cancel

4 Supported Software

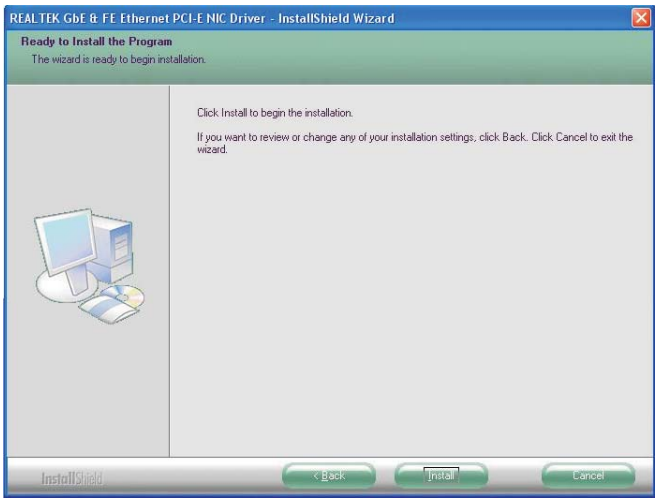
LAN Drivers

To install the driver, click "LAN Drivers" on the main menu.

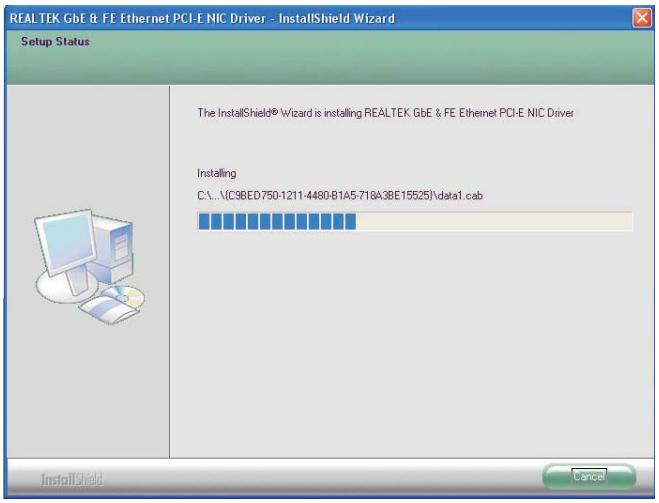
1. The installation wizard will extract the files needed to install the driver.


REALTEK GbE & FE Ethernet PCI-E NIC Driver - InstallShield Wizard
Preparing Setup
Please wait while the InstallShield Wizard prepares the setup.
REALTEK GbE & FE Ethernet PCI-E NIC Driver Setup is preparing the InstallShield Wizard, which will guide you through the rest of the setup process. Please wait.
InstallShield
Cancel

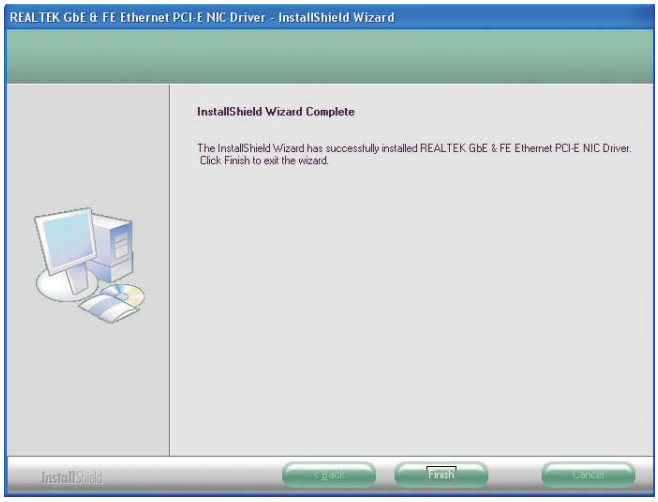
2. You are now ready to install the driver. Click Install.


REALTEK GbE & FE Ethernet PCI-E NIC Driver - InstallShield Wizard
Ready to Install the Program
The wizard is ready to begin installation.
Click Install to begin the installation.
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard.
InstallShield
< Back
Install
Cancel

3. Setup is currently installing the driver.


REALTEK GbE & FE Ethernet PCI-E NIC Driver - InstallShield Wizard
Setup Status
The InstallShield® Wizard is installing REALTEK GbE & FE Ethernet PCI-E NIC Driver
Installing
C:\...\{C9BED750-1211-4480-B1A5-718A3BE15525}\data1.cab
InstallShield
Cancel

4. After completing installation, click Finish to exit setup.


REALTEK GbE & FE Ethernet PCI-E NIC Driver - InstallShield Wizard
InstallShield Wizard Complete
The InstallShield Wizard has successfully installed REALTEK GbE & FE Ethernet PCI-E NIC Driver. Click Finish to exit the wizard.
InstallShield
< Back
Finish
Cancel

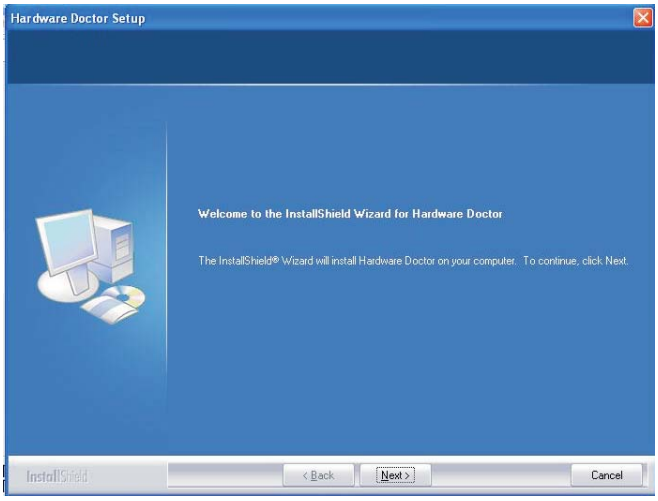
4 Supported Software

Hardware Doctor for Windows

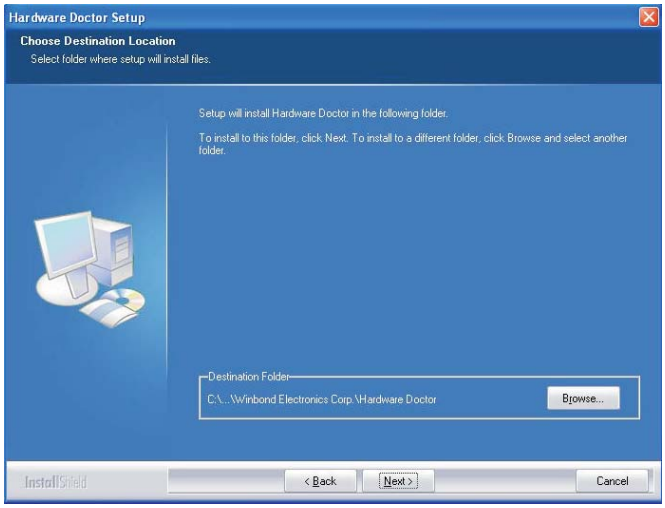
The system board comes with the Hardware Doctor for Windows utility. This utility is capable of monitoring the system's temperature, fan speed, voltage, etc. and allows you to manually set a range (Highest and Lowest Limit) to the items being monitored. If the settings/values are over or under the set range, a warning message will pop-up. The utility can also be configured so that a beeping alarm will sound whenever an error occurs. We recommend that you use the "Default Setting" which is the ideal setting that would keep the system in good working condition.

To install, click "Hardware Doctor for Windows" on the main menu.

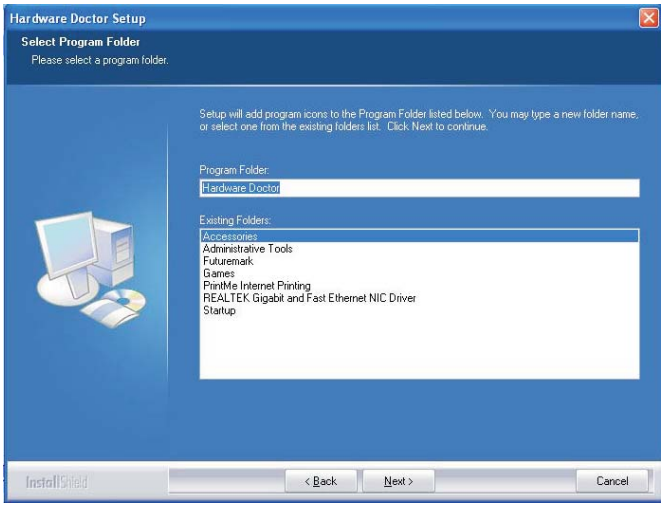
1. Setup is now ready to install the utility. Click Next.


Hardware Doctor Setup
Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for Hardware Doctor
The InstallShield® Wizard will install Hardware Doctor on your computer. To continue, click Next.
InstallShield
< Back
Next >
Cancel

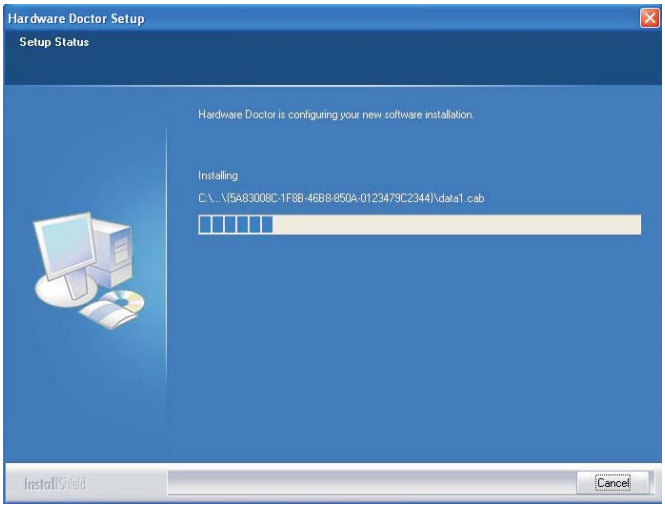
2. Click Next to install or click Browse to select another folder.


Hardware Doctor Setup
Choose Destination Location
Select folder where setup will install files.
Setup will install Hardware Doctor in the following folder.
To install to this folder, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Browse and select another folder.
Destination Folder
C:\...\Winbond Electronics Corp.\Hardware Doctor
Browse...
InstallShield
< Back
Next >
Cancel

3. Click Next to add the program icon to the Program Folder.

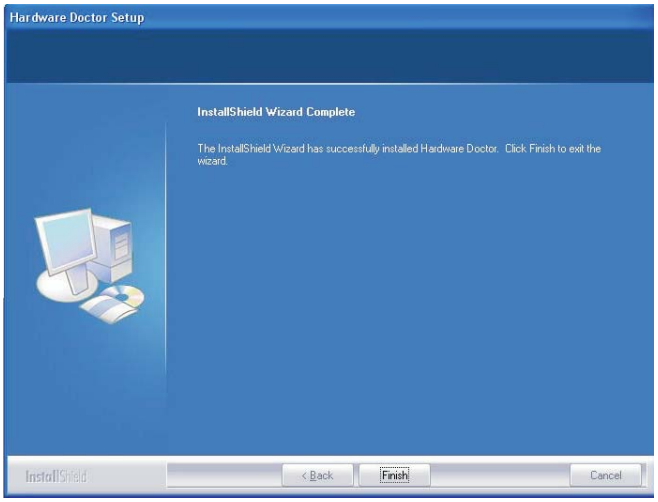

Hardware Doctor Setup
Select Program Folder
Please select a program folder.
Setup will add program icons to the Program Folder listed below. You may type a new folder name, or select one from the existing folders list. Click Next to continue.
Program Folder:
Hardware Doctor
Existing Folders:
Accessories
Administrative Tools
Futuremark
Games
PrintMe Internet Printing
REALTEK Gigabit and Fast Ethernet NIC Driver
Startup
InstallShield
< Back
Next >
Cancel

4. Hardware Doctor is configuring the new software installation.



5. Follow the prompts on the screen to complete the installation then click Finish.

   Restarting the system will allow the driver to take effect.



4 Supported Software

USB 2.0 Drivers

Windows® XP

If your Windows® XP CD already includes Service Pack 1, the USB 2.0 driver will automatically install when you install the operating system. If the CD does not include Service Pack 1, it is available for download at Microsoft's Windows Update website.

Windows® 2000

If your Windows® 2000 CD already includes Service Pack 4, the USB 2.0 driver will automatically install when you install the operating system. If the CD does not include Service Pack 4, it is available for download at Microsoft's Windows Update website.

Installation Notes

1. "Autorun" ONLY supports the Windows® 2000 and Windows® XP operating systems. If after inserting the CD, "Autorun" did not automatically start (which is, the Main Board Utility CD screen did not appear), please go directly to the root directory of the CD and double-click "Setup".

2. The drivers for Windows® XP Professional x64 Edition are also included in the CD however "Autorun" is not supported for this operating system. Therefore you must manually install the drivers from the respective folders of each driver.

3. All steps or procedures to install software drivers are subject to change without notice as the softwares are occassionally updated. Please contact technical support or your sales representative for the latest version of the drivers or software applications.

Appendix A - Watchdog Sample Code

```
;Software programming example:

;--------------------------------------------------------------
;(1) Enter Superio Configuration mode
;--------------------------------------------------------------
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,87H
OUT     DX,AL
OUT     DX,AL

;--------------------------------------------------------------------------
;(2) Configuration Logical Device 8, register CRF5/CRF6/CRF7
;    (WDT count mode / count value / control mode)
;--------------------------------------------------------------------------
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,07H      ;Ready to Program Logical Device
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,08H      ;Select Logical Device 8
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,F5H      ;Select CRF5
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
IN      AL,DX
OR      AL,08H      ;Set CRF5[Bit:3]=1, WDT count mode=Minute mode
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,F6H      ;Select CRF6
OUT     DX,AL
```

Watchdog Sample Code

```
MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,02H      ;Set CRF6 value=02 => Watch Dog Timer=2
                    (unit:Min)
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,F7H      ;Select CRF7
OUT     DX,AL

MOV     DX,4FH
MOV     AL,02H      ;Set CRF7[Bit:7,6]=11, WDT reset by mouse/key-
                    board interrupt
OUT     DX,AL

;----------------------------------------
;(3) Exit extended function mode
;----------------------------------------
MOV     DX,4EH
MOV     AL,AAH
OUT     DX,AL
```

Appendix B - System Error Message

When the BIOS encounters an error that requires the user to correct something, either a beep code will sound or a message will be displayed in a box in the middle of the screen and the message, PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC or DEL TO ENTER SETUP, will be shown in the information box at the bottom. Enter Setup to correct the error.

Error Messages

One or more of the following messages may be displayed if the BIOS detects an error during the POST. This list indicates the error messages for all Awards BIOSes:

CMOS BATTERY HAS FAILED

The CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.

Caution:

Danger of explosion if battery incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the battery manufacturer's instructions.

CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused by a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

DISPLAY SWITCH IS SET INCORRECTLY

The display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, either turn off the system and change the jumper or enter Setup and change the VIDEO selection.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (80)

Unable to reset floppy subsystem.

FLOPPY DISK(S) fail (40)

Floppy type mismatch.

Hard Disk(s) fail (80)
HDD reset failed.

Hard Disk(s) fail (40)
HDD controller diagnostics failed.

Hard Disk(s) fail (20)
HDD initialization error.

Hard Disk(s) fail (10)
Unable to recalibrate fixed disk.

Hard Disk(s) fail (08)
Sector Verify failed.

Keyboard is locked out - Unlock the key
The BIOS detects that the keyboard is locked. Keyboard controller is pulled low.

Keyboard error or no keyboard present
Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot.

Manufacturing POST loop
System will repeat POST procedure infinitely while the keyboard controller is pull low. This is also used for the M/B burn in test at the factory.

BIOS ROM checksum error - System halted
The checksum of ROM address F0000H-FFFFFH is bad.

Memory test fail
The BIOS reports memory test fail if the memory has error(s).

Appendix C - Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting Checklist

This chapter of the manual is designed to help you with problems that you may encounter with your personal computer. To efficiently troubleshoot your system, treat each problem individually. This is to ensure an accurate diagnosis of the problem in case a problem has multiple causes.

Some of the most common things to check when you encounter problems while using your system are listed below.

1. The power switch of each peripheral device is turned on.
2. All cables and power cords are tightly connected.
3. The electrical outlet to which your peripheral devices are connected is working. Test the outlet by plugging in a lamp or other electrical device.
4. The monitor is turned on.
5. The display's brightness and contrast controls are adjusted properly.
6. All add-in boards in the expansion slots are seated securely.
7. Any add-in board you have installed is designed for your system and is set up correctly.

Monitor/Display

If the display screen remains dark after the system is turned on:

1. Make sure that the monitor's power switch is on.
2. Check that one end of the monitor's power cord is properly attached to the monitor and the other end is plugged into a working AC outlet. If necessary, try another outlet.
3. Check that the video input cable is properly attached to the monitor and the system's display adapter.
4. Adjust the brightness of the display by turning the monitor's brightness control knob.

The picture seems to be constantly moving.

1. The monitor has lost its vertical sync. Adjust the monitor's vertical sync.
2. Move away any objects, such as another monitor or fan, that may be creating a magnetic field around the display.
3. Make sure your video card's output frequencies are supported by this monitor.

The screen seems to be constantly wavering.

1. If the monitor is close to another monitor, the adjacent monitor may need to be turned off. Fluorescent lights adjacent to the monitor may also cause screen wavering.

Power Supply

When the computer is turned on, nothing happens.

1. Check that one end of the AC power cord is plugged into a live outlet and the other end properly plugged into the back of the system.
2. Make sure that the voltage selection switch on the back panel is set for the correct type of voltage you are using.
3. The power cord may have a "short" or "open". Inspect the cord and install a new one if necessary.

Floppy Drive

The computer cannot access the floppy drive.

1. The floppy diskette may not be formatted. Format the diskette and try again.
2. The diskette may be write-protected. Use a diskette that is not write-protected.
3. You may be writing to the wrong drive. Check the path statement to make sure you are writing to the targeted drive.
4. There is not enough space left on the diskette. Use another diskette with adequate storage space.

Hard Drive

Hard disk failure.

1. Make sure the correct drive type for the hard disk drive has been entered in the BIOS.
2. If the system is configured with two hard drives, make sure the bootable (first) hard drive is configured as Master and the second hard drive is configured as Slave. The master hard drive must have an active/bootable partition.

Excessively long formatting period.

If your hard drive takes an excessively long period of time to format, it is likely a cable connection problem. However, if your hard drive has a large capacity, it will take a longer time to format.

Parallel Port

The parallel printer doesn't respond when you try to print.

1. Make sure that your printer is turned on and that the printer is on-line.
2. Make sure your software is configured for the right type of printer attached.
3. Verify that the onboard LPT port's I/O address and IRQ settings are configured correctly.
4. Verify that the attached device works by attaching it to a parallel port that is working and configured correctly. If it works, the printer can be assumed to be in good condition. If the printer remains inoperative, replace the printer cable and try again.

Serial Port

The serial device (modem, printer) doesn't output anything or is outputting garbled characters.

1. Make sure that the serial device's power is turned on and that the device is on-line.
2. Verify that the device is plugged into the correct serial port on the rear of the computer.

3. Verify that the attached serial device works by attaching it to a serial port that is working and configured correctly. If the serial device does not work, either the cable or the serial device has a problem. If the serial device works, the problem may be due to the onboard I/O or the address setting.
4. Make sure the COM settings and I/O address are configured correctly.

Keyboard

Nothing happens when a key on the keyboard was pressed.

1. Make sure the keyboard is properly connected.
2. Make sure there are no objects resting on the keyboard and that no keys are pressed during the booting process.

System Board

1. Make sure the add-in card is seated securely in the expansion slot. If the add-in card is loose, power off the system, re-install the card and power up the system.
2. Check the jumper settings to ensure that the jumpers are properly set.
3. Verify that all memory modules are seated securely into the memory sockets.
4. Make sure the memory modules are in the correct locations.
5. If the board fails to function, place the board on a flat surface and seat all socketed components. Gently press each component into the socket.
6. If you made changes to the BIOS settings, re-enter setup and load the BIOS defaults.